## (10.00 am)

## Monday, 21 November 2011

## Housekeeping

LORD JUSTICE LEVESON: Yes, Mr Jay.
MR JAY: There are two matters I'd wish to raise at the outset. First of all, the sequencing of witnesses for today. I think we will be hearing first from the Dowlers, then from Joan Smith, then from Graham Shear and then from Hugh Grant.
The second one is a housekeeping matter. It concerns the status of the exhibits which have been released to the core participants on the grounds of confidentiality. It's right, I believe, that you should make a restriction order under Section 19, subsection 2 of the Inquiries Act to protect the confidentiality of those documents so that they do not enter the public domain.
LORD JUSTICE LEVESON: These are documents that are relevant 18 to the investigation but fit into the category of those documents that I don't wish to have the impact of revictimising those about whom complaints have been made or make complaints.
MR JAY: Yes.
LORD JUSTICE LEVESON: Does anybody have any observat
about that application?
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Very good. Then I make those orders. Thank you. Yes, Mr Caplan?
MR CAPLAN: Sir, just before you begin to hear the evidence of those I think who have been termed the core participant victims, may I just say a few words? We do think it is important that those who are here and those who will watch the proceedings clearly understand the procedure which the Inquiry has laid down as being appropriate for this evidence under the Inquiries Act.

We, of course, as have the other core participants, have seen the witness statements of those who are going to be called this week and next week, and it is right to say that in some of them, there is varying degrees of criticism of sections of the press and, on occasions, of individual journalists, and of course that is why they are here to give evidence to you.

May I say I'm not including in this the Dowler family or the McCann family in any sense, but we do believe that where criticism is made, especially of individuals, and if it is our belief that that criticism is incorrect, or for whatever reason, false, that common fairness requires that we or any other core participant who are affected ought to be able to put questions to that witness in order to put the record straight or, at the very least, to put the other side.

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So that everybody understands, however, the procedure that the Inquiry is following, and so far as these witnesses are concerned -- and this is the procedure that the Inquiry has required -- we should put questions to Inquiry counsel, Mr Jay, who will then, at his discretion, put those questions, if he thinks they're appropriate, to the witness on our behalf. I have no doubt at all that Mr Jay will do a better job than I would.

But, sir, I do not want to hide what is an important concern, and that it is that reputational criticism can be made by these witnesses in what is a televised situation without any opportunity for the object of that criticism to respond directly to questions from the lawyers representing the core participants affected. Therefore, can I just say two things, please.

Firstly -- and I understand your reluctance to entertain such an application -- if it becomes necessary to correct a matter as a matter of fairness -- I'm sure Mr Jay will cover, I hope, all that we require, but if it becomes necessary, then I hope you would entertain an application under rule 10 , subparagraph 4 , provided we notify you of the questions that we would wish to put to a witness. I understand that that would be a position of last resort.

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Secondly, to make it clear, so far as possible, we will file, where necessary, to obviate the need for that evidence with the Inquiry to correct any matter which we perceive to be important and which needs to be corrected. Just as one illustration of that, we will, for example, file evidence -- and we'll hear this when Mr Grant gives evidence -- concerning the way in which Daily Mail journalists covered the announcement of the birth of his daughter. We will file evidence showing what we say the Daily Mail journalists did and explain exactly what happened. That's no disrespect to Mr Grant, who is here -- good morning. It is simply that we wish to assist the Inquiry in explaining what happened as an illustration and I hope it will be of assistance to you and possibly even to Mr Grant.
LORD JUSTICE LEVESON: Yes. Well, the position of the Inquiry is comparatively clear. It is abundantly clear, based upon the approach that Sir Michael Morland adopted in Northern Ireland, that it is unusual to permit cross-examination outside the Inquiry team and the challenge to that decision at common law failed in Northern Ireland, I think.
MR CAPLAN: In certain respect. But if I may just say, there is an overriding duty of fairness under section 17 of the Act and the rules, rule 10(4), do permit an

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application by a core participant.
LORD JUSTICE LEVESON: Absolutely, I understand that. The other important feature is to note that although you're at absolute liberty to file whatever evidence you feel is appropriate, and I will want to be balanced and fair, what is under investigation this morning, and indeed throughout the Inquiry, is the conduct and practice of the press, not the conduct and practice of any of the witnesses who are giving evidence.
MR CAPLAN: I understand that and I hope -- I'm sure we all
hope -- that the evidence will be limited so far as possible to deal with the general issues.
LORD JUSTICE LEVESON: Yes.
MR CAPLAN: It's simply to deal with any reputational criticism that may arise. That's all.
LORD JUSTICE LEVESON: I understand. This is called a right of reply, which is one of the topics about which some of those who criticise the press complain. That's unfair, Mr Caplan, at this stage of the morning. Let's just see if we can't find the right balance.

Thank you very much, I've understood the point. Right.
MR JAY: We're going to proceed, therefore, with our first witnesses, who are the Dowlers, please.

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MR BOB DOWLER AND MRS SALLY DOWLER (sworn) LORD JUSTICE LEVESON: Please sit down. If at any stage you need a break, don't hesitate to say so.
Before we start, can I thank you both for being prepared to come to the Inquiry. You've done so voluntarily and I'm very conscious that it's a strain. I can only sympathise to both of you for the appalling losses that you've suffered and the traumas that you've undergone over many years. So I'm very appreciative to both of you for being prepared to expose yourself further to assist me in the work that I have to do, so thank you very much.
MR DOWLER: Thank you.

> Questions from MR JAY

MR JAY: You are, respectively, Sally and Bob Dowler. I'm not going to ask you to provide your home address. You've provided a professional address.

Can I ask you though, please, to confirm the witness statement which has been signed on 3 November. There's a statement of truth at the end of that statement. Do you confirm the truth of that statement?
MRS DOWLER: Yes.
MR DOWLER: Yes.
MR JAY: Mr Sherborne has one or two questions for you and then I will ask some further questions.

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Questions from MR SHERBORNE
MR SHERBORNE: With your permission, may I ask a few introductory questions?

Good morning. I appreciate you may be nervous. I know your last experience was a difficult one. I'm not going to ask you detailed questions about your statement -- Mr Jay will do that in a minute -- but can I begin by asking you: we all know that it was the revelation publicly in July of this year that Milly's phone had been hacked into by people acting on behalf of the News of the World which led to the setting up of this Inquiry. Can I ask you how you feel about that?
MR DOWLER: I'll answer this one. I think the gravity of what had happened needs to be investigated. I think there's a much bigger picture, obviously, but I think that given that we learnt about those hacking revelations just before the trial for the murder of our daughter, it was extremely important that we understood and people understand exactly what went on in terms of these practices to uncover this information from the hacking situation.
Q. And prior to you discovering about Milly's phone, did you read stories about other people, including well-known people, whose phones had also been hacked into?

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MR DOWLER: Yes. We'd obviously been aware of the Sienna Miller situation and also Gordon Taylor. We certainly followed that in the media and were very much aware that, certainly from the celebrity awareness viewpoint, that was going to be an issue, but of course not realising until we were informed about hacking in our situation that it spread much wider than just celebrity.
Q. How did you feel about the fact that there were other people whose phones had also been hacked? What impact, if anything, did that have on your case?
MR DOWLER: Well, fundamentally, everybody's entitled to a degree of privacy in their private life, and it's a deep concern that our private life became public, but I think also that other people who are in the public eye, their private life become public as well.
Q. We know that in time you instructed Mark Lewis, the solicitor. Can you just explain how you came to instruct Mr Lewis?
MRS DOWLER: Well, it was during the trial. Just before the trial we'd found out about Milly's phone being hacked. When we were given that information, it was like terribly difficult to process it because what do you do with that information when it's in your mind? And I was worried about the sort of forthcoming trial, but also

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aware of what had happened with Sienna Miller and things, and thinking we ought to -- we ought to get some representation, but I was frightened of doing that because we didn't have any money for that, so I didn't quite know how we were going to do that.

Then I found Mark Lewis on the Internet and left a message on his phone and he phoned straight back and said, "Please come and see me."
Q. What was your aim, your objective, in going to see Mr Lewis?
MR DOWLER: I think very much just to be in a position to respond to what would possibly become quite a public -how would we deal with that? Because we'd been given that information but no advice as to what to do with it, but recognising, of course, that that -- I suppose to use the words quite powerful, quite dynamite information to suddenly be aware of and realising, as has come to pass, that when made public, suddenly everybody got very, very, very excited and very -- yes, motivated about the whole situation, so ...
Q. Can I ask you just a question about your legal representation? Did you have the money to pay for legal advice?
MRS DOWLER: No, we didn't.
Q. So how were you able to pursue a complaint against Page 9

News International?
MRS DOWLER: When we went to see Mark, which -- I have to say it was a really difficult thing to do because it was during the trial and it was like: "We've got to do this, Bob, because we need someone to represent us", and literally dragged ourselves along to that meeting, and he said, "You don't need to worry about the money, Sally. I will represent you come what may", and then actually with regard -- we were able to use a CFA agreement, otherwise we wouldn't have been able to proceed.
Q. Can I finally ask you this: we know that the

News of the World settled your claim in July of this year, and you heard my opening submissions and you heard the opening submissions of the other media representatives. What, if anything, would you like to say to News International now?
MR DOWLER: I think, given the gravity of what became public, the main knowledge about what had happened about our phone-hacking situation and the circumstances under which it took place, one would sincerely hope that News International and other media organisations would sincerely look very carefully at how they procure, how they obtain information about stories, because obviously the ramifications are far greater than just an obvious

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story in the press.
MRS DOWLER: And I think as our daughter Gemma said to Mr Murdoch when we met him: "Use this as an opportunity to put things right in future and to have some decent standards and adhere to them."
MR CAPLAN: Thank you very much. If you just wait there, Mr Jay will have some further questions.

## Questions from MR JAY

MR JAY: It's obviously fitting you should be the Inquiry's first witnesses. I'm going to ask you first of all to deal with paragraph 7 of your witness statement, please. This is the private walk which occurred in May 2002. Do you follow me?
MRS DOWLER: Yes.
Q. Can I ask you, please, to tell us about that in your own words. You say it wasn't a formally organised walk?
MRS DOWLER: No.
Q. What was its purpose, please?

MRS DOWLER: Well, it was seven weeks after Milly had gone missing, so a lot of the sort of initial media hype had died down a little bit, and it was a Thursday and that was the day that she'd gone missing and it was quite a sunny afternoon and she would have come home about 4 o'clock, and I remember calling Bob and thinking actually, he'd gone up to London on that day, into the Page 11
office, and I said to him: "Why don't you come back to Walton and then I'll meet you there and we'll do that walk back?" Because so many questions are just buzzing around in your head -- why didn't anyone see her, et cetera, et cetera -- and it was a very last-minute argument, so it was maybe an hour or two before that I phoned Bob and said, "Look, I want to do this. I'm going to meet you at the station and we'll walk back together."
Q. Yes.

MRS DOWLER: Previously, there had been a lot of press and things at the station but now it had calmed down a bit and when we actually got there, there was no one there. It was empty.
Q. Yes.

MRS DOWLER: So simply one of the police officers that I was working with, one of our fellows dropped me at the station. I met Bob and then we just basically quietly retraced her steps and no one was really around, so it was very much like the day she'd actually gone missing, and we put out missing leaflets with her photograph and a telephone number on, and that number had been changed, and I was checking the posters to see if the number -if the right poster was up, and as I walked along, I was sort of touching the posters.

And we walked back to our house, which is maybe three-quarters of a mile, something like that, and that was on the Thursday, and then on the Sunday, that photograph appeared in the News of the World and I can remember seeing it and I was really cross because we didn't see anyone. They'd obviously taken the picture with some sort of telephoto lens. How on earth did they know we were doing that walk on that day? And it just felt like such an intrusion into a really, really private grief moment, really.
Q. Yes. So it goes without saying you were completely unaware at the time that people were watching you, as it were?
MRS DOWLER: Yes, absolutely.
Q. We have the article. I'm not going to ask that it be put on the screen, but as you know it's exhibited to your witness statement. We can draw our own inferences as to where the photographer must have been. Some distance, of course, in front of you.
MRS DOWLER: Yes. I don't know where he would have been to 20 take those pictures. Maybe in a parked car down Rydens Road somewhere. I don't know.
MR DOWLER: But you see from the picture that we're basically just walking along, completely immersed in the moment, is the honest phrase, I suppose, I would use, Page 13
and just Sally suddenly saw the poster and decided to check it.
Q. Yes. We see on the second page that they do give the Surrey Police reward, top line, for what its worth.

MR DOWLER: Yes.
Q. Did you make any complaint about this beyond telephoning
the police family liaison officer, do you recall?
MRS DOWLER: No. No, I just phoned -- did phone our FLO on that day and had a little bit of a .rant.
Q. Yes.

MRS DOWLER: And asked, "How did they get this picture?" But in the scheme of things, at the time, more importantly was the fact that Milly was missing.
Q. Yes, of course

MRS DOWLER: And that was more mind-consuming.
Q. It wouldn't have entered your mind, presumably, to contact the Press Complaints Commission?

MRS DOWLER: Not at that time, no.
MR DOWLER: And we'd agreed that we would do all our press communications through the Surrey Police press office, for obvious reasons, anyway.
Q. In paragraph 10 of your statement -- it may be Mr Dowler
can better deal with this, but I'm in your hands -- you refer to situations when you were doorstepped by journalists and photographers. Can you tell us a little

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bit more about that, please?
MR DOWLER: Certainly. It became quite a regular event for people to knock on the door. We'd established that we wouldn't do any interviews, we'd actually only do everything through the Surrey Police press office, for the simple reason of not wanting to create any media war between a particular publication having an access which they might consider, let's say, exclusive, but certainly -- it was fine, it was polite, and I think at the end of the day our response was the same, it always has been the same: we won't do -- and even recently, we've been doorstepped in recent times as well.
But I think the thing that was probably quite difficult was that on our own property, I was out the front on our front drive, probably putting something in our recycling bin or something, and suddenly this person just hopped from behind the hedge and approached me. It was just at the moment -- I remember it specifically because it was the time that the head of the investigation of the Surrey Police team was changed, and he immediately said to me, "What do you think of the head of the investigation being changed?" And I mean, really, it was a sort of, well, what possibly am I going to say? Fortunately, I had the foresight to think: well, actually, I'm not going to say anything, just say Page 15

I have no comment, and I think -- I don't know -I think he might have introduced which media he was from, but I think something, you know, appeared in the paper probably the next day to say, you know, "Mr Dowler said, 'No comment', or something to that effect, but for the simple reason that obviously, you know, as we said, to try and avoid giving specifics, because once you engage in one question, then there's the next question, and then you're engaged in a discussion and that, I guess, de facto, becomes an interview, doesn't it?
Q. Yes.

MRS DOWLER: I think, in fact, every time we went out the front door, it's like you had to be on guard because someone might be there and they would come up to you when you're least expecting it, so as you're sort of lifting stuff in and out of the car or something, and then they'll fire a question at you without introducing themselves, and so you have to train yourself not to answer.
Q. Yes. Maybe you feel the pressure of staying from that sort of tactic altogether, doorstepping you. Is that what you feel?
MR DOWLER: I think it's quite concerning, because I think however polite people are, at the end of the day, you really are afeared to open your front door because

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MRS DOWLER: Yes.
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Q. Quite regularly, presumably?
MRS DOWLER: Yes.
Q. To see whether there was anything else there?
MRS DOWLER: Yes. Of course, all the time we were -- at
first, we were able to leave messages, and then her
voicemail became full and then you rang and then you
just got the recorded "We are unable to leave messages
at the moment".
Q. Right?
MRS DOWLER: This had gone -- so I was used to hearing that
and we'd gone up to the Bird's Eye building to look at
the CCTV and we were sitting downstairs in reception and
I rang her phone.
Q. Yes.
MRS DOWLER: And it clicked through onto her voicemail, so
I heard her voice, and it was just like -- I jumped --
"She's picked up her voicemails, Bob, she's alive", and
I just -- it was then, really. Look, when we were told
about the hacking, that is the first thing I thought.
Q. Yes. So your immediate reaction was to phone Gemma; is
that right?
MRS DOWLER: Gemma, yes, I spoke to Gemma, and then it sort 2
of died down afterwards because you're thinking: is that
Page 18
the only reason it could have happened or what have you, but it was the -- like I told my friends: "She's picked up her voicemail, she's picked up her voicemail."
Q. That is certainly a reasonable inference. Can you tell us anything about the police reaction when you shared that with them?
MRS DOWLER: Well, I remember telling -- all I can remember is that they told us they'd put some credit on her phone because she had a -- she was very low -- well, she had no credit on her phone, and -- yeah, I can only really remember them telling us they'd put some credit on her phone.
Q. Yes, and when you told them that you'd managed to get through to the voicemail message, did that excite any particular reaction from the police?
MRS DOWLER: I can't really remember that.
MR DOWLER: I think one of the FLOs was with us, I think, wasn't he, at the Bird's Eye building, but it's -unfortunately, I mean, that's nine years ago, for us to remember the details, so I'm sorry --
Q. Whether it had an impact on the police investigation is a matter of speculation?
MR DOWLER: It's something for them, isn't it? Because at the end of the day, it was their investigation.
Q. And then much later on -- this was shortly before the Page 19
criminal trial -- you learnt from the police that the voicemail had been hacked into by the News of the World?
MRS DOWLER: Yes.
Q. April of this year, I think?

MRS DOWLER: Yes.
MR DOWLER: Certainly by Mr Mulcaire or -- I think specifically that's what we were told.
Q. Yes. What was your immediate reaction to that piece of news?
MRS DOWLER: Well, we got a call from our FLO to say that the Met Police wanted to see us and to tell us vaguely what it was about. And as soon as I was told it was about phone hacking, literally I didn't sleep for about three nights because you replay everything in your mind and just thinking: "Oh, that makes sense now, that makes sense." And then we went along to the meeting and I said to them about this instance in the Bird's Eye reception and also about walking back from the station were the two things that, at the time, I'd thought: "This is odd. Something untoward is going on."
Q. Yes. So in your mind, you made an immediate connection with the dialling into the voicemail that you've told us about and also a possible connection with the private walk you told us about?
MRS DOWLER: Yes. Yeah.
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| MR DOWLER: I think the thing to remember, of course, is | 1 | brilliant. They really helped us. And Surrey Police |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| that the walk was nothing to do with Milly's phone, so | 2 | press office were co-ordinating things, so they took the |
| that could only have come from -- | 3 | majority of the burden off of us. |
| MRS DOWLER: Yeah, that was our home phones or our own | 4 | Q. Yes. |
| mobile phones. | 5 | MR DOWLER: And we chose that route, as well. That was |
| Q. Yes. Thank you for that, and we know for obvious | 6 | definitely the route we wanted to go. |
| reasons, namely the fact of the criminal trial, that | 7 | Q. I'm not going to ask you about the settlement of your |
| this was information you could not share more widely | 8 | civil claim, but could I just ask you about -- you |
| until the trial had concluded, and we also know that the | 9 | referred to a meeting with Mr Rupert Murdoch, which |
| date of the revelation in the press, I think, was 4 July | 10 | I think was probably about the 12th or 13 July. The |

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MRS DOWLER: I think we'll leave that up to you.
MR DOWLER: I'm sorry, we're not --
LORD JUSTICE LEVESON: How very generous of you. Thank you.
MR DOWLER: Well.
MR JAY: I have no further questions for you, but I'm
    extremely grateful for your evidence and the way in
    which you've kindly and frankly answered my questions.
    Thank you very much.
LORD JUSTICE LEVESON:Thank you very much.
        Mr Sherborne, I think you're entitled to make an
    application as you're acting for the Dowlers, but is
    there any other question that you want to ask?
MR SHERBORNE: I have no further questions.
LORD JUSTICE LEVESON:Thank you very much indeed. Thank
    you very much for coming.
MR JAY: May I break for five minutes before we call our
    next witness?
LORD JUSTICE LEVESON: Yes, certainly. Five minutes.
(10.38 am)
            (A short break)
(10.45 am)
LORD JUSTICE LEVESON: Right. Yes.
MRS PATRY HOSKINS: Good morning. I'm going to call the
    next witness, Ms Smith.
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## MS JOAN ALISON SMITH (affirmed)

LORD JUSTICE LEVESON: Ms Smith, I'll say to you as I've
said before. Thank you very much indeed for agreeing to
give evidence. This was a voluntary activity and I'm
conscious that it exposes personal matters that affect
you in the public domain, which is one of the things
you're concerned about, so I'm very grateful to you.
A. Thank you.
Questions from MRS PATRY HOSKINS
MRS PATRY HOSKINS: Good morning, Ms Smith.
A. Good morning.
Q. Could I ask you to state your full name?
A. Joan Alison Smith.
Q. Thank you. You provided a witness statement to this
Inquiry and we can see that, I think, on the big screen.
Before I ask you any detailed questions about your
statement, please, can I ask you to confirm that the
contents of your witness statement are true to the best
of your knowledge and brief?
A. Yes.
Q. On that basis, can we start with who you are. Those who
have the witness statement in front of them are meant to
be looking at paragraphs 4 to 7 , but for those who don't
have the statement, could you tell us a little about who
you are and some brief details of your career history,
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please?
A. I've been a journalist for more than 30 years.

I started my career in national newspapers on the Sunday Times. I worked for the Sunday Times insight team doing investigative journalism, doing stories like the Iranian embassy siege, the Yorkshire Ripper murders and so on.

After that, I decided to go freelance and I've written for a lot of national newspapers: the Guardian, both the Independents, mainly as a columnist, the Evening Standard too, and I also write books. I'm the author of six novels -- published novels and I also write feminist books and my most famous book is about women-hating, called "Mysogynies", and I also wrote for Penguin a book about secular morality. And then I do my human rights work. For -- from 2000 to 2004, I chaired the English PEN Writers In Prison Committee, which was set up to promote freedom of expression around the world and to look after imprisoned writers and their families. So at any one time, we were looking after about 50 writers, academics, poets and so on in places like Syria, China, trying to make representations on their behalf. Latterly, we started sending people to observe their trials if they were in court.

I -- in 2005, I went and observed the trial of Orhan Page 27

Pamuk in Istanbul when he was on trying for insulting Turkish identity and then latterly, in 2008, I got involved in a literacy project in Sierra Leone, collecting books in this country. I did that with the Times. They gave me the space to launch an appeal for children's books when I came back from Freetown, and we were able to collect about a quarter of a million/300,000 children's books, which we shipped out to Sierra Leone to set up school libraries in -- between 1,500 and 2,500 books in different schools. So I do both those things.
Q. Thank you very much. Can I ask you about one specific part of your career history, please, the one that you deal with, for everyone who has the statement, at the end of paragraph 11 of your statement. It's 23461 on the screen.

This is work that you do or you did with the human rights policy department of the Foreign Office, campaigning for freedom of expression for journalists around the world. Can you tell us very briefly about that work?
A. Robin Cook was a friend of mine and in 2001, just before the election, he asked me if I would share his last big speech as foreign secretary -- well, we didn't know it was his last big speech, obviously. And afterwards, at

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a -- he wanted to talk about how he had put into action the ethical dimension of his foreign policy, which had been a very famous statement that he'd made after he became foreign secretary in 1997, and at a lunch afterwards, I met both his special adviser, Michael Williams, and the head of the human rights policy department, and they said to me: "We want more involvement with NGOs", and PEN obviously has NGO status, and they suggested that if I was thinking of sending someone to observe a trial in somewhere like Belarus, which is actually quite a frightening thing to do, to go to court somewhere like that, that we could liaise with the Foreign Office and they would put us in touch with ambassadors and high commissioners. And we set up quite an effective system, so that if somebody was -- I remember there was a trial in Belarus in particular. I asked someone from the PEN committee to go and observe the trial and they got a lot of help from the British ambassador in Minsk, which was very fortunate because actually there was a very unpleasant scene and the court was cleared by the local version of the KGB.

We also did things like -- there are bipartite talks every year on the future of Turkey's application to June the EU and we did a lot of monitoring of human rights in Page 29

Turkey and we would take part in those talks at the foreign office each year and give lists of things like all the books that had been banned in Turkey in the last year and whether it was going up or down and whether journalists were still being imprisoned and so on.
Q. Obviously a lot of interesting work here on freedom of expression issues. Tell us briefly, how important do you consider freedom of expression for journalists to be?
A. Oh, I think it's absolutely essential. I mean the reason I got involved in this work, this voluntary work, is that it seems to me that a free press is absolutely a cornerstone, sine qua non, of civil society. If you don't have a free press which is able to call politicians and big companies and corporations, multinational corporations, all sorts of people to account, then I think you have real problems. So I've always felt that I was very lucky to be able to pursue a journalistic career in a country where we did have a free press because I'm very aware of what happens to journalists in countries where there isn't one.
Q. You've told us bit about the interesting work you do but can I ask you this: do you consider yourself to be a celebrity?
A. Not in the least. I'm a very minor public figure, in

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1 the sense that I write books and increasingly people who write books are expected to turn up at literary festivals and talk about where we get our ideas from and things like that, but I'm a writer. I can speak in public and I have, but I don't think that I'm somebody whose private life would be of much interest to the reading public. I mean, I'm sure that apart from the papers I write for and people who maybe like my novels, most newspaper readers would be quite baffled to know who I was.
Q. Moving on then to a brief question about your personal life -- I don't really want to ask about any aspect of your personal life save one. You say at paragraph 8 of your statement that for a number of years you were in a relationship with Dennis MacShane, who's the MP for Rotherham and Foreign Minister for Europe. Is that correct?
A. Yes.
Q. Can I ask you this -- it's probably an indelicate question, but was there anything illegitimate or secretive about that relationship?
A. Dennis and I were -- he was my partner from 2003 to 2010, and I was always quite open about it. I mean, just before this -- I first appear in Mr Mulcaire's notes, we had been to a conference in Venice that Dennis Page 31
was speaking at in early 2004 and I remember that we had dinner with the former Prime Ministers of Italy and Sweden. That doesn't seem to me a very secretive way to conduct a relationship.
Q. Before I move off your personal life, I just want to ask you this: you say at paragraph 27 of your witness statement that you rarely mention your private life when you write your columns and so on. Can you tell me whether you ever have discussed your personal and private life in your columns, and if so, what sort of thing would you typically say?
A. Very rarely. I mean, I remember once Dennis rang me and said that he and three friends had just got to the summit of Mont Blanc that morning and he was excited about it, and I was writing, as it happened, a column for the Independent that day, and I was talking about changes -- the way in which ageing has changed and how people of my generation do things at ages that my parents would never have dreamed of and I just mentioned that. But it was just a sort of, you know, half sentence about my partner rang to say he'd climbed Mont Blanc with three friends who were all in their late 50s. That was all.
Q. You mentioned a moment ago that you had appeared in the now famous Mulcaire notebooks, so let me ask you

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a little bit about your experience of phone hacking, if I can. When did you first become aware that your voicemails might have been accessed in that way?
A. In April this year when I got an email from a detective at Operation Weeting.
Q. Can you tell us a bit about what happened and what you did?
A. I arranged to -- I got in touch with the detective and wrote back to his email and said, "I gather you're trying to get in touch with me and here are all my details", including my home address and my home telephone number and my mobile phone, and he emailed straight back and said, "Oh right, those are all the details that we have in Mr Mulcaire's notebook." So he invited me to a meeting and I went to my lawyer, Beinman(?), Tamsin Alin(?) organised a meeting and two detectives came, and I sat next to one of them and Tamsin sat across the table with another detective, and there's a kind of ceremonial unveiling of the notes and you're asked -- I'm sure lots of other people have gone through this now. You're asked, "We're going to show you some pages photocopied from Mr Mulcaire's notebook. Can you tell us if you -- if you recognise anything?" And of course, the very first page is my name, address, all my phone numbers and so on, and as the pages go by,

Mr Mulcaire made a note of the fact that I was writing for both the Independent and the Times, and what seemed significant to me and what I found profoundly shocking was that he seems to have been a very obsessive note-taker and as well as writing the name in the corner of the person at the News of the World he was dealing, he also made a note of dates, and my name and address and details appear in Mr Mulcaire's notes for the first time on 5 May 2004, and that's approximately six weeks after Dennis' eldest daughter was killed in a skydiving accident in Australia, which had attracted a huge amount of publicity, and I was incredibly shocked that in that period when Dennis was bereaved -- and, as you can imagine, it's not an easy time for anybody when a 24-year-old girl has just died in such circumstances -- that the News of the World had been interested enough in both of us to ask Mr Mulcaire to listen to our voicemails.
Q. Can you tell us what your reaction was when you saw this notebook and you found out in all likelihood you had had your voicemails accessed at this time?
A. I'm amazed by how shocked I was because in my journalistic life, I've had one or two bad experiences, you know. I was caught in a riot in Sierra Leone last year which was pretty unpleasant and I do now recognise
the impact of shock, and on that occasion I didn't because I was just in a daze. I saw all these notes and Mr Mulcaire had obviously found out that -- he made a note that we were going to Spain. I was going to a PEN conference to meet other people, other writers who worked for freedom of expression. I was going to Barcelona and Dennis was actually coming out the following weekend and he was going to make a speech in Spain and we were arranging to meet up, and I was amazed by the detail of notes that Mr Mulcaire had made about flight times and a note saying "her to him", so it appeared that he'd been getting information from my voicemail.
And the police -- the police said to me: "Is there any way that Mr Mulcaire could have got this information legitimately?" And given that it was about two months after the Atocha bombings in Madrid when there was a very high level of security around government ministers, it did seem unlikely that he -- so anyway, to answer your question, I remember leaving that meeting and I had to go to a meeting in the City and I -- my mind was just buzzing. And again, as the Dowlers were saying, you suddenly start thinking: "Oh, did that happen? Does this is explain something?" And I arrived at my meeting and I was slightly early and went up to Page 35
the boardroom and the managing director's secretary came in and said, "Are you all right? You look completely white", and got me a cup of tea and I realised afterwards it was just shock, complete shock. I had no idea that was happening.
Q. Can I ask something else about that period? You said that you were writing columns during that period. What sorts of things were you writing about?
A. I was writing a lot for the Times and I was writing columns for the Times and they would ask me to do additional things like Vivien Westwood was having a huge retrospective of her work at the V\&A and they asked me to go and do a cover feature. So I interviewed Vivien Westwood and my name was on the cover of T2. I was also writing columns and I think it was on 8 April 2004 --
Q. I think we have that document. It was handed out this morning to everyone.
A. Yes. I wrote a column -- this column headed
"Celebrities or pagan deities". I think there had been a huge amount of interest in the marriage of the Beckhams at that point and they had been doing what celebrities often do, which is try to kind of negotiate their way through a personal crisis while also not alienating the media, and so I wrote a column saying -and I suppose what was in the back of my mind was

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|  | De |  | Lord Justice Leveson's seminars, that it seems to me |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 2 | daughter a month before. I wrote a column saying that | 2 | ure is so remorseless, its app |
| 3 | ink that people make unwise decision, they think | 3 | to be filled, that the people involved |
| 4 | that -- celebrities think that they can kind of control | 4 | lost any sense that they're dealing with human beings. |
| 5 | the media, you know, that they can keep them friendly, | 5 | When I was doing investigative journalism, I quite |
| 6 | and actually the appetite for stories and personal life | 6 | ften had to go and knock on the door of somebody who |
| 7 | is so remorseless that they lose control of the story. | 7 | bereaved, but it wasn't because I wanted to know how |
| 8 | So I was saying in this piece that I found it very | 8 | as because I was writing |
| 9 | , | 9 | - |
| 10 | you know, the idea of privacy used to be a shield for | 10 | of the women who had been attacked by him and survived. |
| 11 | hypocrisy, so people used to do terrible things in their | 11 | There was always a sort of purpose which I could explain |
| 12 | private lives and pretend that they were upstanding, | 12 | and say, "You may not want to talk to me. If you don't |
| 13 | fine Christian gentlemen and so on. We've moved fror | 13 | want to talk to me, I'll go away." Actually, nobody did |
|  | , wich was not a | 14 |  |
| 15 | people have almost no privacy at all and I was saying | 15 | But I think this is very different. This is just |
| 16 | this column in the Times that I found it incredibly | 16 | everything has become a story. We're all caricatures. |
| 17 | shocking that no matter what happens to people, whether | 17 | I've said this in my writing. We're all -- I think to |
| 18 | it's a bereavement or a marital problem, you're | 18 | the tabloid press, we are just two dimensional. We're |
| 19 | apparently expected to deal with this completely | 19 | just fodder for stori |
|  | public eye and be open with the media. And I wrote this | 20 | Can I ask you to turn to paragraph 25 of your statem |
| 21 | es | 2 | ds, where you dealing with press conduct more |
| 22 | News of the World as | 22 | rally. You explain that a number of articles have |
|  | Q. What's the link in your mind? | 23 | n written about you over the years, including |
| 24 | A. Um | 24 | cently as December last year. These articles tended |
| 25 | Q. If any. | 25 | , we've seen from them, about your relationship |
|  | Page 37 |  | $\text { Page } 39$ |
| 1 | A. I'm not sure there is one. I think | 1 | h Mr MacShane. You say that as recently as December |
| 2 | at I've been able | 2 | 0 , they wrote an article about that relationship, |
| 3 | Mulcaire's activities and the number of names in his | 3 | espite the fact that it had ended some months earlier, |
| 4 | tebooks, I think it was -- it has been said that the | 4 | I understand |
| 5 | spying was on an industrial scale and I think almost | 5 | Are such articles appropriate? |
| 6 | anybody -- this could happen to almost anybody. That's | 6 | I think it -- it depends entirely on the context and it |
| 7 | the astonishing thing, that you don't have to be an | 7 | seems to me that there is a difference between somebody |
| 8 | credibly famous actor or actress. You don't even -- | 8 | ho is in the public eye, like a politician, say, who |
| 9 | you just have be tangentially, you know, come into the | 9 | makes, you know, what I would call traditional family |
| 10 | orbit of somebody who is well-known, and I think | 10 | lues a part of his or her political platform. If |
| 11 | probably that there is such a gap between the cultures | 11 | somebody is saying the sanctity of marriage is very |
| 12 | the two parts of the press, the kind of what I think | 12 | portant and people shouldn't have cohabitational |
| 13 | as the sort of serious press that I write for and the | 13 | lationships or anything like that and they then kind |
| 14 | lues of the tabloid press, insofar as they have any, | 14 | of pose with their family in their election literature |
| 15 | at it wouldn't even occur to them to look at what | 15 | and so on, then I think maybe that's a different |
| 16 | I was writing and actually think about the arguments. | 16 | situation. But the point is that neither Dennis nor |
| 17 | Q. You've now had a few months to digest the information | 17 | I ever kind of courted the press and invited them into |
|  | that you may have had your voicemails illegally accessed | 18 | our lives. Quite the opposite. |
| 19 | in this way. How do you feel about that now? You've | 19 | On each of the occasions -- and this has gone on |
| 20 | d us a bit about how you felt about having your phone | 20 | ow level for about 20 years. I've had phonecalls and |
| 21 | accessed at the time when Mr MacShane lost his daughter. | 21 | been approached by journalists and they always come in |
| 22 | Have you had time to reflect? How do you feel about it | 22 | this chummy kind of way and say, "Oh, can you tell us |
| 23 | now? | 23 | about your relationship with so-and-so?" And I always |
|  | A. I do think there is a sort of wider lesson to be drawn |  | y to them: "I'm a journalist. If I wanted to put my |
| 25 | from it, which -- I think I mentioned this at one of Page 38 |  | private life in the public domain, I could do it myself <br> Page 40 |

and I'd get the facts right. So why would I need you as an intermediary?" Because I always try to be fairly polite but -- and I also think -- you know, in December when I got this call, it was only a few months after I had left Dennis and I -- I don't think that the journalists who contact you realise that -- or care that you're in quite a vulnerable state, you know, that you're still processing all the feelings of a long relationship ending and it's actually not very nice.

I was in my gym. I actually had just been running and I'd just removed all my clothes and my phone rang and I got this person from the Mail saying, you know: "Oh, Joan, we gather you and Dennis are no longer an item", and I actually thought: what a wonderful metaphor this is. You know, I'm naked before the tabloid press, and why should I be?
Q. Can I ask you this? Some people might say that the press are entitled to write about the personal relationships of public figures, such as MPs or ministers, regardless of whether they make statements about the virtues of family life and so on and so forth. What would you say to that?
A. I think it's the confusion of -- the old confusion of not understanding the difference between what interests the public and what's in the public interest. I think Page 41
that private life has become a commodity and there are lots and lots of -- I mean, I wrote a whole book about secular ethics and morality and I think there are -adults lead their lives in lots of different ways now.

For example, I think that the legalisation of civil partnerships for gay and lesbian people is a great advance, and I also think that marriage should be available to them, so I think adults lead their lives in quite a sophisticated way now and they don't use one model, and yet the tabloid press seems to sort of live in a kind of 1950s world where everyone's supposed to get married, stay married, and if anything happens outside that, then it's a story.
Q. Can I ask you about two articles you referred to in your statement. The first is an article from the Mail on Sunday on 19 June 2005. This is an article which you should have in your exhibits. The headline is "Blair's secretly divorced Mr Europe and the feminist who believes marriage is redundant".

Let's just deal, first of all, with that one.
That's obviously the one that was written confirming that your relationship was happening. "Blair's secretly divorced Mr Europe" -- was Mr MacShane secretly divorced?
A. I didn't know you could be secretly divorced. I thought

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you had to go to court and that it was listed and so on. I think there is a quite interesting confusion there between secret and private. I think Dennis probably -I don't want to speak for him, but I think he probably regarded his divorce as a private matter and didn't go around button-holing journalists and saying, "Oh, did you know, I just got divorced", but I can't see how it was secret.
Q. The other article is the article you just mentioned, the one where you were contacted whilst you were in the gym and asked about your relationship, which had by then ended. Can I ask you this question: did you complain about either of those articles at the time?
A. No, it never even crossed my mind.
Q. Why did it not cross your mind?
A. Oh, because I -- I've seen too many versions of press regulation in this country, the Press Council and then the current PCC, and I don't think that they are adequate bodies to deal with this kind of problem, and by the time -- by the time you complain to them, the article's out there anyway and all your friends have read it, so you're not going to get much in the way of redress.
Q. I have been asked to put one other question to you, and it's about an article you wrote in the Evening Standard
on 5 December 2001. I hope there's a copy in front of you and I think it's been handed out this morning to those who are present here.
A. Yes.
Q. This appears to be -- I'll paraphrase it -- an article that you wrote in 2001 about Elizabeth Hurley and her relationship with a gentleman called Steve Bing. I'm not going to paraphrase the entire thing but you obviously discuss the issue that was occurring between the two parties at that time and set out at the end some views.
I've been asked to ask you this: you wrote about Elizabeth Hurley and Steve Bing. You wrote about their private life. If, as you say, the tabloids have become overzealous about reporting on people's private lives, why do you yourself write articles about celebrities' private lives?
A. Because I've been writing, since the 1990s, about the mistake I think that celebrities make of putting too much of their private life in the public domain. And of course, I didn't doorstep them, I didn't ring them up, I didn't ask them about their private life. They had put that in the public domain. If you read the article, what I'm saying in it is this is a dangerous thing to do. I mean, I've said the same thing about the late

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Princess Diana. It goes back to something I was saying earlier, that people think they can put their private life in the public domain and still control what's said about them.

What worries me is that given the underlying misogyny of the tabloids that somebody like -- at the time, Elizabeth Hurley was pregnant and I thought that she was in a very vulnerable state and there's such a kind of underlying misogyny in the media that I thought it was actually quite a dangerous track she was on. If you look, you will see that I talk about the kind of underlying unease that there is in our culture of women who are beautiful and who base their careers on their appearance, and the danger that they lose their reputation, to use an old-fashioned word, and so I'm always incredibly happy when I get a chance to smuggle feminist ideas into the popular press.
Q. Thank you very much indeed. A few final questions. You've explained in your statement that you have considerable experience fighting for press freedom across the world. You've told us about that. In light of your experience, can I ask you this: you don't deal with it in your statement but I want to know whether you have any views on the current system of regulation. Does it work and do you have any views on what you would Page 45
like to propose?
A. No, I don't think it does work. I'm very opposed to any idea of state regulation and I'm completely opposed to the idea of licensing of journalists. I think broadly there are two things that need to happen. One is about regulation, the other is about culture. In terms of regulation, I think that there needs to be a kind of successor body to the PCC which isn't dominated by editors, which has more representation from outside.

I think that there ought to be things like -I think it ought to be if -- if newspapers don't take part in it, then I think they should lose their VAT exemption. So there should be a sort of carrot and a stick for them taking part in it.

I think that there ought to be a much faster right of reply. I think it should also take in mediation in other situations like, you know, where libel might be involved and so on. I think it needs to be a much more complex and capable body.

But on top of that, I think what needs to happen is a change in culture, and I think that we do have a tabloid culture which I think is almost infantile in its attitude to sex and private life. My impression is that tabloid hacks go around like children who have just discovered the astonishing information that their

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1 parents had sex and they can't resist peeking around the door and hope that they might see it, and the rest of us actually get on and live our lives, and I think that obsession with sex and private life has become remorseless and pitiless in terms of what it does to not just celebrities and crime victims, but just ordinary people.
Q. Thank you very much. Is there anything that you would like to add? I don't have any more questions.
A. I don't think so.

Questions from LORD JUSTICE LEVESON
LORD JUSTICE LEVESON: I have a couple.
You've identified on a number of occasions the ethics of what you've called the tabloid press, but is there or should there be any difference to the ethical considerations which are put into the work of reporters by section of the media?
A. No. I don't think there should, and I think that's a real problem. When I first started out as a journalist, I wasn't particularly aware of any codes of ethics, but I knew why I'd become a journalist. I mean, you know, in a kind of young, idealistic way, I wanted to change the world, and I thought that at times it might be necessary to break the law. I mean, during the Yorkshire Ripper investigation, I was Page 47
threatened with an Official Secrets Act prosecution, which didn't actually happen, but I think the two things have diverged much too far, and it should be possible to have, you know, a vibrant tabloid press which does the kind of things that, say, the Daily Mirror did a few decades ago when the tabloids saw themselves as crusading papers, but I think that's not something they see themselves as doing particularly any more, so there is a separation which I think is very damaging.

A lot of the time people like me who write for what I was talking about earlier as the serious or the broadsheet press, I feel like a different breed from the ethics -- the people who work on tabloid papers.
LORD JUSTICE LEVESON: The second question is this: you've seen the material the police assembled from the Mulcaire notebooks. Do you have any sense of whether you were being targeted because of you or because you were adjunct to Mr MacShane?
A. I think the latter. My kind of guess is that his daughter's death made his profile much, much higher and so they got interested in him, and once they got interested in him, they got interested in me, so I suppose I was kind of collateral damage.
LORD JUSTICE LEVESON: Okay. Thank you. Thank you very much.

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MRS PATRY HOSKINS:Thank you very much indeed.
        Sir, I don't know if we need a short break before
    the next witness just to allow this witness --
LORD JUSTICE LEVESON: Yes, I think that's sensible. I'm
    perfectly content just to let people have a break as and
    when, and I'll say the same to witnesses who are coming.
    This is not always an entirely pleasant ordeal. Thank
    you.
(11.16 am)
    (A short break)
(11.22 am)
MR JAY:The next witness is Mr Graham Shear, please.
    MR GRAHAM JULIAN SHEAR (sworn)
        Questions from MR JAY
MR JAY: Mr Shear, your full name, please.
A. Graham Julian Shear.
Q.Thank you very much. You too have provided a witness
    statement which the Inquiry has seen. It is dated
    8 November 2011. There's a statement of truth at the
    end of that statement. Do you confirm the truth of that
    statement?
A. I do.
Q.Thank you very much. First of all, I'm going to ask you
    please to tell us a little about yourself, Mr Shear.
A. I'm a solicitor and partner at Berwin Leighton Paisner,
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which is an international law firm based in the City of London. I qualified in 1989. I practised initially commercial law and then became a commercial litigator and I am still today a commercial litigator. I have a very broad and wide-ranging commercial litigation practice with an area of specialism in both sports and media work.
The first major case that I handled that brought me into, I suppose, close contact with the media was when I acted for Robbie Williams in the break-up of Take That 10 in 1995. During the latter part of the 1990s and into or to the present day, I have acted for a broad spectrum of the actors and actresses from the high profile acting world, for sportsmen, sportswomen, especially Premier League footballers, for celebrities, for politicians, for a very broad range of those who could become or be of interest to the media.
Q. And I think it's right that you are a claimant in the voicemail interception litigation which is in the Chancery Division to be heard by Mr Justice Vos in January of next year?
A. That's correct.
Q. So you will understand that we cannot fairly discuss the merits of your individual case --
A. Understood.
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Q. -- as opposed to the fact of your individual case. Your statement covers matters of opinion and hearsay evidence on the one hand, but also direct evidence on the other, and I'm going to deal first with the direct evidence, which probably starts at paragraph 28, please.

You refer to the one incident when you arranged to meet a client, who of course you are not going to name, in the middle of a high profile crisis at a secret location in Oxfordshire, and you were followed by a reporter or photographer.
A. Yes. Over the years, I've acted on some extremely high-profile cases, and it is a fact that I've become quite well-known by those members of the press who are interested in those cases, and that they would often camp outside my office. Therefore if I wanted to have or the client needed to have a private meeting, we would often arrange to do it somewhere other than at my office.
Q. Yes?
A. On this particular occasion, the subject matter was extremely high profile and the whereabouts of the person concerned were of interest to the media generally.
Q. Yes.
A. Often because -- and in this case I'm sure it was the case -- because the picture was the thing that they Page 51
wanted to publish. They wanted the current picture.
Q. Yes.
A. I spoke with the client, who was quite a long way away from his normal residence, and we arranged for a meeting place in the Oxfordshire countryside at a hotel. I have absolutely no idea who followed me. The likelihood is it was probably a member of the paparazzi or somebody who was given the task by one of the newspapers or general media concerned, but I was followed on that trip. Unfortunately for the person who was following me, I think they got lost somewhere behind me on the journey so, as I say, I have no idea who the actual person given the task was.
Q. Then you say in paragraph 29 -- this is before the phone hacking scandal broke, as it were -- that clients often said to you that they felt that the press were monitoring their electronic communications. How often did this happen, these fears being expressed?
A. I would say very regularly. Certainly in the period from about, I suppose, 2004, 2005 onwards, clients began to believe that coincidences were being replaced by more likely interception of some form or another. I recall quite clearly clients becoming irritated or frustrated and suspicious that private information was finding its way into the popular media, and they identifies this

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with -- you know, stray facts that they knew were only privy to one or two people were being published. It caused them to ask questions not only of their family and friends but even of me. I recall it quite clearly.

Then it became so sort of continuous that I suppose the suspicion that was directed at those that could have leaked it began to become more focused in their own minds about whether or not this information was being obtained by surveillance and, you know, for a variety of reasons, those that I acted for, some more than others, became more used to changing their mobile telephone numbers, would change them two or three times a year, and that was a common way for people to, I suppose, give 13 themselves some confidence that perhaps there was a way 14 that they -- although they had no actual evidence or basis other than their own suspicion, but could prevent easy access to information about them.
Q. Yes. You refer to a specific incident in early 2008. Can you tell us a little bit more about that, please? This is paragraph 30 of your statement.
A. Yes. As I say, I've acted on a variety of high-profile cases, and once again, this was an extremely high profile matter where there were two participant -- or clients involved and the press had different but equally intensive interest in both of them. There was obviously Page 53

## a connection between them.

The increase in interest had got to a point of almost fevered activity, and their house had been surrounded by the press for several days. It was because of events then occurring and concern over events that could occur that they needed to seek advice from me, both as a lawyer and also some common sense advice, hopefully as well.
LORD JUSTICE LEVESON: Is there a difference?
A. Sorry? Occasionally -- occasionally, the clients need to be told the realities of what can occur as well as the legal advice of the circumstances in which they find themselves. Hopefully, I provide a blend of both. And they wanted to come and see me and we knew that if I went to them, then that would automatically -I suppose not just accelerate but heighten interest, and if they came to my office, once again that would become an obvious point of focus for the media and a media scrum would develop.

The idea was -- and it only arose literally an hour or so before the meeting -- was I suggested to them that if they could get out of their house, that they should come to my house, because the media didn't know where I lived, and they thought that was a pretty good idea and they lived out in the country and they felt that if Page 54
there was anybody who was following them, that they could probably lose them in traffic or find some way to make it to my home.

I recall very clearly the client saying, "Right, we've left. Send me a text" -- in fact, I think he said, "Send me a text", and I'd already left a voicemail message for him of my home address and details of how to get there, because he obviously needed to put it into his Satnav and also I wanted to explain to him as to which way was probably best for him coming from where he lived or where they lived.

I remember very clearly being sort of at my front door and sort of looking out because I wanted to be there for when they arrived and I had space in my drive for them to park their car, and -- I mean, I was quite flabbergasted when about, I suppose, several minutes before they arrived, two cars turned up with four or five people in each car, that preceded them, and sort of parked sort of at one end of my street and one a little further down, to then have, a few minutes later, as I say, the clients come up.

So it was absolutely clear to me that the paps or media concerned were well aware of where they were going to, and yet only I was privy to that information because I'd left the message and sent the text to the clients Page 55
and only they were privy to it. So it was quite an extraordinary event, which was followed by, obviously, quite intensive interest in what was happening inside my house for the rest of that day and a media scrum outside for many hours.
Q. Yes. Of course, everything that was happening within your house was protected by legal professional privilege, it goes without saying.
A. Yes, it was. It was a -- it was -- it was a private time not only for the clients so far as circumstances that related to them, but it was also a matter for them to seek and obtain legal advice, which is obviously professionally privileged, legal professional privilege.
Q. Of course. You were so concerned that you tell us in paragraph 32 you wrote specifically to the Information Commissioner's office and to the Metropolitan Police, and you give the dates -- 2008, 2009 -- listing your clients, and indeed your own name was on the list, with a general enquiry in relation to phone hacking. You say at the end of paragraph 32 the response from the police and the Information Commissioner was negative. Are you saying by that that they didn't reply to your letter or are you saying that by that they did reply and say that you and your clients were not the subject of phone hacking?

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A. Well, I became interested in the development of the
information that came out of the various criminal trials
that had taken place, but I asked the clients, I suppose
in around about 2007, would they like to take matters
forward. By 2008, a number of them had indicated that
they did. Some didn't, actually. Some preferred or
felt that they could suffer recrimination or further
interest by the media by pursuing an action and decided
that they actively didn't want to pursue it.
So as you say, or as I have said, in around about
2008, 2009, I sent a long list of clients' names, at
their request, to both the police and to the
Information Commissioner. I included my name on it as
just a -- it was actually a suggestion of one of my
partners that I may be collaterally interested in -- to
them and could have been subject.
So when I received the response -- and I did receive Page 57
or they hadn't finished the review, and the third option was that actually not all of that evidence which related to misconduct by the News of the World had actually been retained and considered.

But I reported back to the clients and some of them were -- I suppose felt that it was unlikely that they had not been the subject of some form of unlawful surveillance, and others were actually very pleased that their names didn't appear.

It was with some surprise that in the early part of this year -- it was about the end of January, February -- that I was contacted by officers from Operation Weeting who asked to come see me to talk to me about a number of my clients who -- whose names did appear in the evidence that had been reconsidered or reviewed by Operation Weeting, and they came to see me and started to go through the process.
Q. Yes, and were you shown relevant pages from the Mulcaire note book which related to you?
A. I was. Actually, it's become almost a regular event. A specific officer was assigned -- Michelle Roycroft(?) was assigned to me and to my clients, and I was shown the information that related to my name and the detail of that, and it jumped out of the page at me, actually, although it wasn't quite as specific as I now know in

Page 58
relation to other clients, but I immediately recognised the contents of voicemail messages that had been left for me and conversations that had followed those messages.

They were slightly cryptic but the detail was very clear and it related to information and advice that I'd given to a client and to others who were advising him in relation to a case where I was acting for that client on a regulatory matter.
Q. I think News International will want me to say, although I'm not going to contradict anything you've just said, that what you've just said is or may be an issue in the civil proceedings.
A. I understand that, and obviously I've spoken to -- or I'm aware that those that left the messages for me also recall what was said at that time as well, but I appreciate that it's in contest.
LORD JUSTICE LEVESON: Let me just understand that. In relation to the advice that you had given, are you saying that was left on a voicemail message?
A. No. I was actually in the hearing at the time, and I -the way in which it worked was that I would leave messages for those who were representing my client and they left messages for me, and they also received contact from third parties -- in this case, it was Page 59 please, Mr Shear, and this is -- you're dealing with your opinions. You express a general opinion about tabloid conduct under the rubric which mentions paragraph 4 and the commercial pressures. In your own words, please, what are those pressures operating at the moment?
A. I believe it's a business model that's become almost dependent and infatuated with sensationalist and titillating stories, to the point where the facility that -- and this is just my opinion, as I say -- that phone hacking or unlawful surveillance provided allowed those that were utilising it and reviewing the information to not only build their stories but to pad them out with detail, and this coincided with the financial benefit that a newspaper could have from

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providing a diet of easily digestible, sensationalist sort of fodder on a regular basis.

It's been a progression of sort of fairly sort of, I suppose, privacy-invading but interesting to a section of the public intrusion into the private lives of the rich and famous, powerful or others that has kind of created this sort of self-generating process where people want to see or hear of the next event.
Q. Yes.
A. So that's -- that's what I've seen, that's how I've seen it develop.

It certainly was not quite as prevalent in the same sort of guise in the mid-1990s. I think it became more organised and more orchestrated as we sort of turned into the early part of 2000. Certainly the News of the World was out in front as the most effective story-gatherer, and certainly quite a bit of daylight appeared between News of the World and the other papers with whom they competed.

I think that the types of surveillance that were being undertaken are unlikely to have been isolated to one newspaper, purely because of the movement of journalists between the different newspapers. I mean, there aren't that many newspapers as employers out there who would be available for the journalists to work for, Page 61
and it's -- I was certainly aware of significant movement in the early part -- early/mid part of the 2000s, I suppose from 2003 to 2005, of journalists from some newspaper groups specifically to the News of the World.
Q. One theme that the Inquiry has received, it came through the seminars but also in evidence which has come in from the press, is that the model you're giving us is entirely incorrect, that whereas it might have been true to some extent in the 1980s and early 1990s, the effect of the PCC is to improve press behaviour and therefore you're giving us a stereotypical view, no doubt bona fide, they would say, but it's completely wrong. Do you want to comment on that?
A. I don't accept that at all, actually. I think that the press are extremely adept at identifying and calculating opportunities and then exploiting them, whether it be from chequebook journalism and the persuasion of young girls to sell their stories on a sort of regular basis, all the way through to identifying which stories to alert the target of that relates to private information pre-publication and which stories to leave to the potential risk of post-publication damages.

In that sense, the PCC is certainly no match for that kind of organised and focused financial

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calculation. I think the PCC as a body, although there are areas -- and I'll come back to them -- there are areas where I think they're effective, generally speaking, the PCC, as I perceive them, their role is one of mediator. They're not a regulator, they have no power to investigate and I think that without being empowered and having the teeth to appropriately investigate and to regulate the members of the media, they're an ineffective body.

It doesn't just come down to investigation and regulation. I think there's also an issue here of training, and where one has a sort of a systemic loss or dilution of ethics to the extent that we've seen at the News of the World -- and as I say, I don't believe that's really isolated to just that paper -- I think one has to question the extent to which the journalists have been trained about the requirements upon them and the obligations upon them and their employers to act ethically. I think that an element that should also be introduced into any body that replaces the PCC or any enhancement to the PCC's powers is a requirement for appropriate training or ongoing training for the journalist to enhance the ethical conduct.

So far as the one area where I do think the PCC have been effective is that they have provided an

Page 63
anti-harassment phone line and I think that is quite an effective facility, and I myself have actually, on occasion, recommended that clients that were concerned about doorstepping utilise that helpline, and I know they've done a good job with that. But I'm afraid so far as broader regulation or investigation is concerned, the PCC, today and yesterday, is certainly no match for the larger and effective media organisations to whom they are meant to mediate for.
Q. In terms of the kiss and tell stories you mentioned in paragraph 8 of your statement, do you have personal knowledge of the amount of sums of money which pass hands between newspapers and these women for the purchase of these stories?
A. I have had accounts from several young women concerned. I think there was a tariff that almost evolved over time, some of it on a competitive basis between the different newspapers, because obviously if the story was particularly high profile, the target person was of particular interest or the young lady had an effective agent -- and some of them did have very good agents who would increase the temperature and amount for an auction for that kiss and tell story. That tariff, as I say here probably went for something like 10,000 for the most innocuous up to half a million. The upper end of Page 64
that, or the number I give at the upper end of that, is slightly anecdotal. I have heard accounts of people who have been involved in the most high-profile cases -- for example Rebecca Loos and others -- who have been paid very large sums for their stories. But the young ladies concerned became aware that there was a tariff, and as I mentioned in my statement, there's certainly a group of repeat performers, if I can put it that way, who became fairly regular kiss-and-tell girls, who obviously took advantage of that and I do believe that -- well, I know on certainly more than one occasion, clients of mine have been faced not only with the prospect of being alerted that the newspapers had a kiss-and-tell girl, but also that that young lady would, if she were paid more money, not sell her story, and that in itself often, certainly on more than one occasion, appeared to be an orchestrated attempt to persuade our clients to actually pay off the young ladies, which in itself could become an enhanced story, almost in a form of orchestrated blackmail.

So, you know, the supplement to the standard kiss-and-tell story I think occurred around 2006, 2007, where there was an appetite to kind of move it away from the standard to something a little more interesting, and, you know, even the readers of our regular Sunday Page 65
and daily tabloid papers needed some variety and I think that's partially what occurred.
Q. You go so far as to say in paragraph 12 that in your view, the tabloids consciously calculate the financial risk of publishing a story. I suppose that would include, in relation to a kiss-and-tell story: "It would cost us X to buy the story, that will yield us additional circulation of Y and therefore there is a financial benefit", but have you any evidence for that apart from speculation?
A. Well, I think it's about the progression of behaviour.

I had very good working relationships with most of the national newspapers. I was probably, and still am, one of their principal adversaries, and you know, it's not just a question of whether or not you're an adversary on a weekly or daily basis but you have to behave adversarially all the time. We did have good relationships, and during the early part of this century, 2000 up until 2008 and 2009, even -- I suppose even now occasionally, the papers were -- would occasionally alert us to a story that they were going to publish, and that was certainly more prevalent the further one goes back than it is currently. So we would be contacted, perhaps on a Thursday or Friday, in relation to a story that was being developed for

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1 publication on a Sunday. It ordinary involved either
material that was potentially defamatory and the newspaper was looking to balance out their risk by putting the story to the target's lawyers, or alternatively it concerned material that was of a private nature and they were trying to assess what, if any, resistance they would receive.

In order to enhance and regularise their approach to me, I would send out a list of all of my clients with a notice basically saying that if you have any material which you intend to publish, please put it to us first because it gives us the right of response, and certainly up until, I suppose, the last few years, the journalists and the legal departments would put that material to us. But over time, what's actually happened is two things. Firstly, the amount of damages that were awarded in relation to defamation, to libel generally, has reduced. So I suppose when one goes back in time to the Elton John cases, they were the last of the very high damages awards. So it's been on a sliding scale coming downwards, and the maximum amounts that have been provided by way of damages in relation to breach of privacy have been relatively modest. If a newspaper or a media organisation can calculate the financial consequences post-publication, they can also calculate Page 67
whether or not the benefits of publishing the story without actually approaching the target or their lawyers first outweigh the risk or financial consequences of awards against them, and even costs post-publication.

So what I have seen is a reluctance by the media generally to put stories pre-publication and to stand back and await the fallout, if you like, after publication.

That has two effects. Firstly, some people view it as once the stable door is open and the private information is in the public domain, what's the point in litigating after the event? It only reinforces and reminds the reader, and those who perhaps didn't even read the information, about the private information, so there's a natural deterrent post-publication, in some people's minds, to commence proceedings.

Secondly, so far as defamatory material is concerned, I suppose there is an easier outcome for the defendants in any action post-publication, and that is to make an offer in order to satisfy the claim.

So certainly so far as private information is concerned, I've detected and seen a reluctance over the last few years by the media to actually put stories pre-publication.
Q. Yes. That's helpful, Mr Shear. It appears to us the Page 68
distinction between stories which are private and true, where there's a pure privacy issue, and stories which are private and untrue, where there's a privacy issue and a defamation issue.
A. Yes, there is a technical distinction between the two.
Q. Yes.
A. David Sherborne, who I've instructed, as I have Hugh Tomlinson, and I have debated over the last ten years as to the effect or the potential to bring privacy actions where there is the notion of false privacy, where in order to contest the information, the private information, you have to reveal some private information, and therefore whatever one does, by contesting it, one is opening one's private life to inspection by others in circumstances where you would not ordinarily wish to do so.

And you're right that that overlaps with the potential for defamation proceedings as well, because obviously the consequence of false privacy or false information is a claim in defamation after publication.
Q. Yes. Can I deal with the perhaps the pure privacy point and the genie out of the bottle issue, and that locks in with the issue of pre-notification. Of course, if the target is given the chance to apply for an injunction, that which is in the bottle has the chance of remaining Page 69
there. From your own personal experience, are you able to say how often this opportunity is now being given to clients of yours?
A. Increasingly rarely. I think it's proportionate to the size and nature and possible impact of the story. The bigger the story, the less likely the opportunity is given. I've run probably as many, if not more than any other -- I've run more pre-publication anonymity injunctions or -- than possibly any other lawyer in the area, or have started to commence them and have newspapers back down. I would say at one point we were looking at or in confrontation with the larger newspaper groups almost every weekend -- and it is more at weekends than during the week because the Sunday tabloids have more of an opportunity to build up a story and ordinarily a larger budget to do so.

Over the last few years, that's receded dramatically, and it's not just the coincidence of this Inquiry and the prominence of the phone hacking scenarios; it's more about a change in behaviour and a reluctance to be, if you like, knocked off a story by the media generally.
Q. Yes. It might also depend on how High Court judges are responding to these applications, and of course we don't get much of a sense of that because of the very nature

Page 70

1 of the application. We see the judgments in the contested damages cases, of which there are quite a few. But is the position this: that the High Court judge will wish to see demonstrated a clear public interest in the breach of privacy?
A. Certainly. Let me be absolutely clear about this. Seeking and obtaining an anonymity order is no easy thing. They are extremely hard fought. Those on the opposite side, our adversaries at the media, do not take them lightly, and the judges who hear the application want to be assured that the individual's rights have been fully engaged, firstly. That's the most obvious point, whether or not there is an inherent right to privacy in the information which the section of the media is seeking to publish.

The second point is whether or not the balancing act in relation to public interest has been outweighed by the press' desire for freedom of expression, and appropriate freedom of expression, or alternatively the individual's rights. Don't get me wrong with this. I echo the last witness's sentiment that for us to live in a democracy of the type that we all desire to live in, we need a strong and effective and free press, and I believe that that balancing act in relation to public interest is an absolutely vital part of the process, and Page 71
it is, as I say, hard fought, but almost invariably, certainly with respect to the sensationalist and titillating stories which we've spoken about, it's very, very hard, if not occasionally impossible, to detect a public interest rather than a sort of faint interest by the public in being titillated and inserting themselves into the private lives of celebrities.

I'm afraid that that's the sort of background as to how those injunctions occur. If one can demonstrate those two ingredients, then one has a fighting chance of persuading a High Court judge that an anonymity order is appropriate.
Q. Thank you. In paragraph 14 and following of your statement, you deal with a specific matter which arose in 2003.
A. Yes.
Q. An alleged rape incident. Is there anything you wish to add to that or highlight, Mr Shear?
A. I suppose it's an example of how a newspaper might seek to bring into the public domain information about which, if they brought into the public domain themselves, they would suffer either risk of defamation actions or risk of privacy actions, and I suppose in that particular instance, the individual involved was -- I used the expression there "vilified", because he was unwilling to Page 72
participate in or to condone intrusion into his private life and therefore whilst he was a high profile footballer, at the same time he wanted to retain a private life, and the newspapers didn't appreciate that he would contest that -- their intrusion, and in this particular instance or circumstance -- I can give you some details because there's quite a lot in the public domain already.
Q. Yes, there is.
A. There were a group of footballers who were staying at the Grosvenor House Hotel. They were the subject of a complaint by a young lady that she had been sexually assaulted and raped. I acted for the footballers concerned. Unfortunately for one of my clients, he was also staying in the hotel and was probably of more interest and had a higher profile than the other footballers and was the vilified footballer who I mentioned a few moments ago. There was a -- I think a clear focus by the newspapers to identify him as being the likely potential accused, if you like, and to bring his name into the public domain, by inference and suggestion, by the placing of stories and pictures in close proximity to the articles as they were published.

I mean, this was as very high profile event that was front-page news for several weeks. There didn't seem to 25 Page 73
be much interest in actually identifying whether or not he was -- it was appropriate for him to be brought or his name to be brought out in this fashion, and we let it be known that he was not actually present at any event about which he could be -- should be of any concern to him or interest to them, but they went ahead and inferred his involvement and we subsequently sued and -- we subsequently sued and the matter was --
Q. Was resolved.
A. -- was resolved.
Q. Yes. So in the end it was the law of defamation which provided the resolution?
A. Yes. I think that there was a point where so many people were -- there was so much in the way of suggestion and inference that his name was being bandied about as the likely instigator or perpetrator, and it was being traded on the Internet, and so he felt that he had to come out and actually clear his name voluntarily. And you know, not only is it embarrassing in that circumstance; people actually remember the wrong part of the story as well as the right part of the story, for his activity and for his willingness to come out and say, firstly, "I was not involved and they've tried to involve me", and secondly also for his -- I suppose his willingness to pursue the media after the event, he for

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many years after the case was resolved became the subject of unwarranted attention as well, almost on a vindictive basis by many sections of those newspapers that were the subject of our proceedings.
Q. You refer to the issue of what you call revenge-fuelled attacks in paragraph 23, and you mention a specific case which, for obvious reasons, you can't delve into the detail of. This is paragraph 24 . You do refer to a three-year campaign by the press, which presumably followed the libel settlement. This is paragraph 25.
A. Mm.
Q. I know it's going to be difficult to give examples without revealing perhaps the identity of your client, but is there anything more that you can say about that on a sort of anonymous basis?
A. I think that this particular instance was particularly disgraceful, actually. I think that the notion that they had any belief in the integrity of the story was completely set aside by what we learnt later on. This appeared to be an opportunity by newspapers generally to buy a video which contained supposedly explicit material. The newspaper concerned decided not to buy the video but publish an unsubstantiated story which did not seek to identify but only create speculation about our client.

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We -- the way in which they did it was intended to either identify him for the benefit of those who were able to reconstruct a pixelated image by cross-referencing it on -- it was pixelated with a silhouette -- by cross-referencing against photographs that were published in other media and therefore, if you like, bring in his name.
What they didn't appreciate is that jigsaw identification is actionable. We contested it and the consequences of that is that not only was he, I suppose, a general target of interest because of his ability and talent as a professional sportsman, but also in other areas, but there was definitely an element of a revenge-fuelled fervour, because there seemed to be a desire to, if you like, dish out retribution and they were determined to prove something that was damaging to his reputation or to his private life as part of the, if you like, the quid pro quo of having the temerity to take on the national media in those circumstances.
And, you know, if any person is put under a microscope, an intensive microscope, and if there are large amounts that are being bandied about for the provision of information, the old style chequebook journalism, together with, if you like, the focus and intensity of targeting a personal, together with the --

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what appears to be a systemic approach to surveillance with phone hacking and other facilities, provides some results, and those results were certainly exploited beyond what was, I feel, appropriate or even vaguely in any form of public interest scenario. So it's excessive.
Q. You have assisted the Inquiry with analysis, from your perspective, of the business model of newspapers and the risks they take, you say, with the calculation, conscious or otherwise, that in the end circulation figures were be increased and that will cover any damages in defamation or privacy they might have to pay. May I ask you, though, about the business model of solicitors' firms such as yours, because this is a point which I'm sure the press would wish me to make of you. Is it right that in many of these cases you work on conditional fee arrangements with your clients?
A. On some, yes, I do. I've only done so for the last, I suppose, four or five years maximum. It's -- I did it for -- I started to do it for two or three reasons, and it's not only in the area of media or privacy-related or defamation-related work. I do it in other areas.

It's to, if you like, balance out the power quotient between the parties who are adversaries. It's also to utilise the potential of risk and also, if you like, to Page 77
create a dialogue between the solicitor who's acting for my adversary and that adversary, so that whether it's in a commercial case or whether it's in a media or defamation case, that dialogue about the consequences of pursuing a defence in an action are often brought home very clearly when there's a discussion about finances that are involved, and I've noticed that those cases where there is the -- a CFA, conditional fee agreement in place are often more likely to settle, not because the opposing party is concerned about whether or not they're actually going to win or lose the case, but it's more about actually accelerating and bringing earlier in the action that consideration of whether or not it's worthwhile elongating the case and continuing the defence because if they lose they're going to -- the costs will increase.
Q. If I put the point of view of the opposing party. Imagine this scenario. You've told us that damages in privacy cases are not particularly large. The largest that's been awarded is $£ 60,000$.
A. Mm-hm.
Q. Imagine a case where the opponent, the claimant, is on a 100 per cent CFA. A commercial firm such as yours, obviously you will employ appropriate counsel to represent the client. The legal costs are going to get

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out of hand, to use the vernacular, very soon, and therefore the newspaper calculates, even with potentially defensible cases, that they are almost compelled to settle those rather than fight them because the risks are now disproportionately high. Isn't that right?
A. No. I don't accept that for a moment.

Let's look at a case -- for example, you mentioned the highest case at $£ 60,000$. That's no more than sort of a very gentle parking fine in proportion to the turnover and the financial returns on publishing very high-profile stories. If one puts it into some form of a context, the highest damages award at 60,000 does not really compare to the premium being paid to the kiss-and-tell girls at the end of the story provision equation. If the newspapers feel, as they should do on quite a high proportion of the cases, that they are at risk of losing on a case, then they clearly have the opportunity to settle that case by making a sensible and appropriate and proportionate offer in settlement.

Now, if they do that early, then the consequences of CFA do not actually bite upon them as to the adverse costs or the escalation of the adverse costs. Let's also be clear about this: the maximum consequences to a newspaper are double, so it's 100 per cent uplift if Page 79

1 all of those on the other side, including the solicitors 2 and the barristers, are all on 100 per cent uplift, and 3 the case is found to warrant 100 per cent uplift. But 4 I can tell you I've done cases that are CFA-based and 5 I've taken them to assessment as well as they ordinarily 6 go to assessment, and actually, as in most litigation, 7 the courts only award something in the region of 65 to $8 \quad 75$ per cent of the costs on assessment to the winning 9 party, and therefore there is a heavy dilution to the, 10 if you like, 100 per cent uplift in any event.

Really, the risk to the newspapers of a CFA biting are only restricted to those cases where they actually lose them. I do not believe there is a real deterrent factor there where they have a significant prospect of losing. Really, any litigant, where they have a case where they believe that they have a less than 50 per cent chance of winning that case, should really be settling out in any event.
Q. Okay, Mr Shear. Approximately how many cases over the last few years in this area have you done on a CFA? Approximately?
A. Excluding the phone hacking cases that we're conducting at the moment, no more than a handful. Maybe six or seven.
Q. Have you lost any of those?

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#### Abstract

A. No. Q. Can you give us some idea of the -- A. Sorry, can I just interject? You will appreciate that when one assesses whether a CFA is appropriate to enter into as a solicitor, we weigh up the merits of the case very carefully, because we're taking a significant risk in investing our time -- Q. Of course. A. -- into that case. So I wouldn't take a case which I didn't believe was likely to have good or very good prospects of success, and so therefore one would only choose an appropriate case to enter into a CFA on. Q. That's very sensible. Unless there's no doubt about it, the risk assessment is carried out the solicitor and, if appropriate, counsel before any significant work is done, but enough work for you to evaluate whether it's a good, bad or indifferent case. That's right, isn't it? A. Yes. Q. And your policy, probably quite prudently, is only to take cases which have a better than 50 per cent chance; is that correct? A. Correct. Q. From the newspapers' perspective, if you imagine the uncertainties of litigation, we can all see cases which


 Page 81are stone cold winners, stone called losers, but many cases fall in the middle, the 40 to 60 per cent chance of success bracket. The existence of a CFA agreement will cause a prudent newspaper to be more cautious in relation to litigation and at least possibly to adopt a more defensive approach and settle it earlier. Wouldn't you agree with that?
A. Not necessarily. I believe that there has, over the last few years, I suppose, since the evolution and development of privacy law in this country and the passing of the Human Rights Act, been a slightly strange attitude and an opaque view about what is and what is not in the public interest, and this sort of devotion to promoting a right to publish because of role models and hypocrisy became a sort of a ready mantra, and I think it's pervaded through the decision-making process. So even where there is a clear case where private information has been utilised and disseminated and that actually it looks like -- it looks pretty clear that there was no proper public interest ground upon which the media went on to publish it, because they haven't been able to identify evidence or submit that evidence, they've still gone ahead and contested the cases.

I think it's partially because they see it as not just one battle but an ongoing war, and that they feel

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the necessity to maintain arms at every single battle, even though they may look like cases that shouldn't be contested, and I think that's also pervaded through to the way in which they've then, if you like, published either the story or recrimination in relation to the consequences of their publication, whether it be defamation findings against them or privacy findings against them by either seeking to vilify the High Court judges who have heard those cases, or the participants in the action in further targeting them later on.

So it kind of blends through it. I don't think there's necessarily a totally rational view with which some of these cases are -- in which the media have continued to contest them is maintained.
Q. Yes. It's right to say, though, in relation to CFAs, two things. First of all, they're under close scrutiny following Lord Justice Jackson's report, which we know about.
A. Mm-hm.
Q. And secondly, as I mentioned this time last being, there is jurisprudence in the European Court of Human Rights, Miller v MGN, I think, which specifically say on the facts of that case -- it was Naomi Campbell's case -that there was a breach of article 10 of the Convention in relation to CFAs. So these are all matters which Page 83
will need to be considered.
May I touch on, though, one aspect of the public interest and suggest that in the cases which fall in the middle of the spectrum, there are quite difficult judgmental issues.

We can quite see cases on one end of the spectrum where -- I'm giving you a hypothetical case -a politician -- and this has been mentioned -- takes a particular stance in relation to family life, that stance is made explicit, and then, unfortunately, the politician lapses from that in his or her private life. There may be not much dispute about that sort of case, but the identification of a public interest in exposing the mismatch, to put it in those terms, may be quite clear. Is that acceptable?
A. Yes, I accept that.
Q. Then on the other end -- and maybe we'll be seeing evidence bearing on this a bit later in the week -- we have successful people who have bent over backwards to protect their privacy, in particular the privacy of their children, where maybe it's very difficult to see a proper public interest in delving at all into their private life. Those quite straightforward cases.

What about cases in the middle and perhaps some of the role model cases? Aren't those cases so inevitably

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|  | bound up with public expectations about how people |
| :---: | :---: |
| 2 | hould behave -- maybe footballers in a certain position |
| 3 | a national team or whatever, just to give you one |
|  | possible example -- that it's very difficult to be |
| 5 | dogmatic as to where the public interest lies. In |
| 6 | end, it's a matter of opinion, isn't it? |
| 7 | A. I agree to a degre |
| 8 | Q. Okay |
| 9 | A. I think that there are distinctions betw |
| 10 | different classes or groups of th |
| 11 | Like you, if I -- if one of our elected officials was |
| 12 | transgressing in a way that diminished the standing |
| 13 | which we should hold them in, then I would want to k |
| 14 | about it. If there was some event that was occurring |
| 15 | that related to the wellbeing of society, I would want |
| 16 | to know about it and I'm sure everyone else would want |
| 17 | to know about it, and therefore their rights to privacy |
| 18 | in those circumstances are clearly diminished. But you |
| 19 | can normally separate what is private information from |
| 20 | what is information that should be disseminated in the |
| 21 | public inter |
| 22 | When you speak |
| 23 | who play football, you know, ther |
| 24 | categories there as well. There are those who have to |
| 25 | make their living from promoting their onscreen persona Page 85 |
| 1 | and therefore have to sup |
| 2 | arketing activities such as actors or actresses wh |
| 3 | appear in high -- large motion pictures. They have to |
| 4 | go through a process, but do we actually know the |
| 5 | person? No. We know their on-screen persona. We know |
| 6 | the persona which has evolved through our perception of |
| 7 | what they're about. |
| 8 | I believe that they are still entitled to a private |
| 9 | life, and the same goes for professional footballers. |
| 10 | It's hard to understand how the suggestion that all |
| 11 | professional footballers, or even those that play for |
| 12 | the national team, should be automatically considered to |
| 13 | be a role model to all who read the newspapers or all |
| 14 | who watch them play. The main reason why they've |
| 15 | achieved that success is because of their on-pitch or |
| 16 | on-field ability and excellence, largely as a result of |
| 17 | having decided from a very early age that they wanted to |
| 18 | be a professional sportsman. They haven't actually |
| 19 | decided that what they really want to be is |
| 20 | a professional sportsman who also appears in the |
| 21 | newspaper or in the media, because the vast majority of |
| 22 | our professional footballers earn very, very, very |
| 23 | little money from off-pitch activities. It's only a |
| 24 | absolute handful who have earned any significant sums, |
| 25 | and only one or two of them who could fall into the |

bound up with public expectations about how people should behave -- maybe footballers in a certain position in a national team or whatever, just to give you one possible example -- that it's very difficult to be dogmatic as to where the public interest lies. In the end, it's a matter of opinion, isn't it?
A. I agree to a degree.
Q. Okay.
A. I think that there are distinctions between the different classes or groups of those to whom you refer.
Like you, if I -- if one of our elected officials was transgressing in a way that diminished the standing which we should hold them in, then I would want to know about it. If there was some event that was occurring that related to the wellbeing of society, I would want to know about it and I'm sure everyone else would want to know about it, and therefore their rights to privacy in those circumstances are clearly diminished. But you can normally separate what is private information from what is information that should be disseminated in the public interest.

When you speak of role models, or when you speak of those who play football, you know, there are different categories there as well. There are those who have to make their living from promoting their onscreen persona Page 85
and therefore have to support that persona with marketing activities such as actors or actresses who appear in high -- large motion pictures. They have to go through a process, but do we actually know the the persona which has evolved through our perception of what they're about.
I believe that they are still entitled to a private I's professional footballers, or even those that play for the national team, should be automatically considered to be a role model to all who read the newspapers or all who watch them play. The main reason why they've achieved that success is because of their on-pitch or on-field ability and excellence, largely as a result of having decided from a very early age that they wanted to be a professional sportsman. They haven't actually decided that what they really want to be is a professional sportsman who also appears in the newspaper or in the media, because the vast majority of our professional footballers earn very, very, very little money from off-pitch activities. It's only an and only one or two of them who could fall into the

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category of being a crossover between professional sports and general media profile.

So I don't accept it so far as the professional footballers are concerned, unless one has a case, and there are cases, that do stand out as obvious cases where there may be public interest reasons why that information should be disseminated, but the overwhelming majority are private.
There's one further point I would like to put on that. This mantra of journalists and lawyers who have worked for the News of the World and other newspapers constantly saying, "Oh, your client's a role model, they're a role model, look, they have acted as a hypocrite", and to hear of that from the senior journalists who I knew extremely well at the News of the World and the editors and the editors of the various -- whether it be from news or features or sports or whatever, and hearing this over and over again about how my clients have been hypocrites because they'd had, I don't know, an additional relationship or whatever, to then learn of the activities of the News of the World, whilst they had supposedly been seeking to identify the hypocrisy of others, and yet they themselves, throughout this period, were acting unlawfully, is the ultimate in hypocrisy, in my view.

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Q. One can see the weakness of the tit-for-tat argument, but that be said, the present England manager has supported the view of the journalists in relation to the England captain a couple of years ago. It took him, I think, six minutes to sack the captain for failing to be the role model he was supposed to be, so the journalistic view is not necessarily out on a limb, is it?
A. I'm never quite sure to the extent of which the decision-making of an England manager is detached from the marketing and $\operatorname{PR}$ people who operate it, but you're absolutely right. There may be positions within public life, such as the captain of a national team, where standards of their private life are expected by those who place them into those positions to be higher than others. But fine, what are we talking about there? We're talking about a relatively few people. Most people can actually separate their public engagements, actions and, if you like, activities, from those which are private.

I mean, I have no -- other than my activities as being a lawyer acting for people perhaps in the media or for large companies, I have no public persona. I can separate out my private life from what I do and act on behalf of clients in relation to, and most people in

Page 88
public life have been adept at actually separating out those circumstances, especially when it comes to their family circumstances and children and elderly parents, et cetera.
Q. Well, Mr Shear, thank you for bearing with me. I've given you a bit of a platform. You have taken up the opportunity very eloquently, if I may say so. So it's absolutely clear, others who will be in a position to express a contrary view, will be given exactly the same courtesy, but I am grateful to you for coming and I have no further questions for you.
A. Thank you.

Questions from LORD JUSTICE LEVESON
LORD JUSTICE LEVESON: I have three topics which move it back a little bit, and each arise from something you said.

You spoke about the concern of your clients following 2004 about the question of interception and then finding about the Mulcaire notebook, and the intrusiveness that you were experiencing through your clients.

What I'd like to know is whether that has stayed the same, got better or worse in the years since 2006, 2007, 2008, as we've learnt more and more about what's going on. In other words, what I'm trying to pick up on is Page 89
the question: "We've understood it", say the press, "we've got the picture, and it's now very different".
A. You give a number of time periods there.

LORD JUSTICE LEVESON: Yes, and you can talk all the way through them.
A. Sure. I actually think that the biggest separator has occurred perhaps in the period from the summer of this year onwards, and then before then from about the mid-part of 2010. So I'm dealing with the time period where there has been the greatest sensitivity and probably the fewest stories and the least intrusion has occurred whilst, I suppose, the microscope of this Inquiry and the prospect of phone hacking claims are most apparent and clear.

When one goes backwards in time, and I recall that the periods from about 2003, 2004, and that goes back to several cases where I was acting, to 2005 in relation to some high-profile matters that I was involved in, I think that there was an atmosphere not just of complacency but also that they were almost untouchable and therefore their activities became incredibly intrusive and that there was a fever pitch of trying to produce more and more and more detailed stories during that period with a far lower recognition for either consequences or private -- or personal private rights.

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So I think it accelerated and increased during the period from about 2003 to about 2008 and 2009, and has receded. Whether it's temporary because of the focus of this Inquiry, only time will tell.
LORD JUSTICE LEVESON: So there's something potentially positive come out of it anyway.
A. Out of your Inquiry? I'm sure that -- if I can morph that into perhaps a further question, I think if all that comes out of this is a more effective way to facilitate a body that investigates and regulates and trains our media so that it is an effective, if you like, counterbalance to ensure an appropriate democratic process, then, you know, if that's all that comes out of it, that will be a very good thing, an extremely good thing, because I think that some of the proportionality and balance had not just eroded but become almost ignored. I think that people lost their ethical compass here, and it became systemic so that there was a real weight and an incentive for people to push the boundaries further and further, and that's why this sort of feeling. I almost detected it as a kind of -- as I mentioned before, this view that they were untouchable and could do almost anything.
LORD JUSTICE LEVESON: All right. The second question is to some extent linked. You were talking about the question Page 91
of prior notification and you told Mr Jay that there was a time when you were in touch with newspapers almost every week when there was prior notification of potential stories, but that had decreased dramatically, and you explained it because of the damages and the balancing risk that you perceived the newspapers were taking.

What I want to know is: have there been in this period fewer stories? In other words, if the line of stories had remained the same, then you would expect increased involvement of you post-publication, whereas previously you'd been able to dampen down the risk of publication of stories. If, of course, there aren't more stories, then that itself might reveal greater responsibility or a greater decision-making being taken by the press not to pursue particular lines.

Do you see the question?
A. I think I do. I think recently there have been fewer stories which transgress. I think historically what occurred was that, you know, the law of privacy evolved gradually so that originally the reason why the press were putting stories to us was to evaluate the risk of defamation damages or damages arising from defamation that occurred post-publication and they would assess that risk pre-publication, and also to assess whether or

Page 92
not they would effective have some resistance or no resistance from publishing a story or to acquire additional information.

What actually occurred was that as they put those stories to us and the law or, if you like, the scope and the way in which privacy arguments could be deployed increased, there was a crossover, so that as they put particular stories to us, we could identify whether or not they were appropriate stories to contest publication at all on the grounds that they stepped on the personal or individual's rights to privacy.

But what also occurred at the same time was that there was an increase in volume of stories being generated or investigated, so that perhaps from, I don't know, the late 1990s to the early part of 2000, there would be maybe one sensationalist, titillating Sunday story that was really a kiss-and-tell perhaps once every three or four weeks. It accelerated and increased dramatically during the sort of 2003, 2004 and onward era.

So there's lots of different dynamics to what was happening in the number of stories and the reasons why they did or did not become published.
LORD JUSTICE LEVESON: There's a knock-on to that, of
course, that you may be acting for the celebrities and Page 93
the famous who have the wherewithal firstly to instruct you, or even to know about you, and second, to do something about it if they want to. Do you have any observations upon the risks to those who do not have the wherewithal or the money or the knowledge to engage with the press at this sort of level? published about them where they feel that to contest those stories and to commence proceedings is either continuing the pain and therefore become deterred from doing so, or don't have the financial capability to even consider commencing proceedings.

I think that's a combination of, if you like, the emotional consequences of having your private life or defamatory statements published about you, coinciding with your financial capabilities, and there are those clients who do have the financial capability but become deterred because they feel that they are confronting organisations which are enormous and which have extremely deep pockets.

As somebody once said to me, you know, why take on a newspaper when actually they just order up another barrel of ink and you're at risk in the future? And that is something that I've heard regularly over the

Page 94
years that deters people from taking on proceedings -or taking on the media organisations, because they feel that they will -- it will be a war they will never win, and that at some point that they will just have to give up the process.

Some people are extremely focused about it and will fight to protect their rights and fight to protect the rights of their families and are very protective of their family situation and will not stand for it, and they're normally the ones that actually have continued and pursued proceedings which have resulted in substantial damages.
LORD JUSTICE LEVESON: Okay. The third and final area tha I wanted to ask you concerns an area which we're certainly going to have to look at, but which nobody has yet mentioned, which is the Internet. You made the point that I think your footballer was concerned about the jigsaw identification using material from the Internet. Have you had to engage with those that are responsible for putting material out on the Internet? And if so, with what effect? Because that is, in part, the elephant in the room.
A. I've had three cases which have involved the dissemination of information via the Internet, either as a result of, if you like, viral rumours or other means. Page 95

They've all had different consequences and different dynamics to them.

It's an extremely difficult problem to confront. I remember the first case that I was involved in that related to that is the Grosvenor House case that I referred to a few moments ago. That case was the subject of huge speculation and a lot of it was undertaken by emails between people who were either emailing websites or blogs or amongst people within businesses, and there is -- it is extremely difficult to prevent, if you like, identification or, I suppose, focus by dissemination of information on the Internet.

On that case, we made it very clear to employers of large organisations that they should not condone what were defamatory emails by being passed within their organisations and we did actually manage to prevent some of the fall-outs by using that sort of technique.

Interestingly, in another case that I had, where it was regarding the false identification -- or the identification of the client, it's the pixelated or silhouette image matter that I referred to, one of the issues that the newspaper concerned raised was that, irrespective of the fact that it had been identified on the Internet who the person was in the image that was silhouetted, that relatively few people became aware of Page 96 of the Internet service providers?
A. Yes, we have. Certainly with respect to Google and Twitter, but that's more as a -- in situations where they have been custodians of the information, the same thing with, perhaps, Wikipedia as well, where information has been brought into these media forums and that we've engaged them and identified the assertions or information generally that's being passed between people and asked them to moderate it or remove it.
There's a variety of responses that one receives. Often it's very slow. I think they're concerned to become too involved or too much of a participant. So far as Google is concerned, it's a difficult situation to confront because they don't have any of their servers in the UK, and therefore one is placed in a position where one is seeking to persuade them of what is appropriate as opposed to inappropriate conduct or communication. They've become more responsive.
I think Twitter is a difficult social media forum to control or to moderate. People close their Twitter accounts. I've had a number of clients whose names have been utilised by others to open Twitter accounts and then utilised to then disseminate defamatory or other

Page 98
material, quite wrongly, and it's quite difficult to get that dealt with.
LORD JUSTICE LEVESON: Thank you. Thank you very much indeed.

There's no applications you make under section 10,
Mr Sherborne?
MER SHERBORNE: Sir, no, there isn't. Thank you very much, though.
LORD JUSTICE LEVESON: I think that's probably enough for
the morning, and we'll adjourn now and resume at
2 o'clock, if that's all right. Thank you.
( 12.44 pm )
(The luncheon adjournment)
( 2.00 pm )
MR JAY: Sir, the next witness is Mr Hugh Grant, please.
MR HUGH JOHN MUNGO GRANT (affirmed)
Questions from by MR JAY
MR JAY: Mr Grant, your full name, please?
A. Hugh John Mungo Grant.
Q. Mr Grant, we've prepared a bundle for you and you'll find, please, under tab 1, your first witness statement, which is dated and signed by you with a statement of truth on 3 November of this year. I invite you to take that to hand, please, and confirm that that is your first statement.

## Page 99

A. It is.
Q. Then you gave a second statement, a supplementary witness statement, on 11 November, and again made a statement of truth.
A. Yes.
Q. What I'm going to do, Mr Grant --

LORD JUSTICE LEVESON: Before you do anything -MR JAY: Yes.
LORD JUSTICE LEVESON: Mr Grant, as with some of the other witnesses, I'm very grateful to you for coming. I am extremely conscious that you are speaking about matters which you would prefer were not deployed in the press, and that that is a difficult decision and a difficult experience for you. I'm conscious of it and I'm grateful to you for assisting the Inquiry with your evidence.

During the course of the afternoon, we're likely to have a break, but if at any stage you feel that you want just a few minutes off, you don't have to say "cut", it's sufficient if you indicate it and I'll be pleased --
A. Thank you.

LORD JUSTICE LEVESON: -- to accord you that time.
A. Thank you very much.

MR JAY: We're not time limited, Mr Grant. We have the
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whole afternoon.
A. I'm sorry to hear that.
Q. Your evidence subdivides, if I may say so, into evidence of fact and evidence of opinion. I'd like to start, please, with the evidence of fact, do you follow me, before we move on to the opinions.
A. Yes.
Q. In relation to your career, everybody, of course, probably knows all about your career, but you made it big, if I can so describe it, with a film in 1994, "Four Weddings and a Funeral", but although you don't say so yourself, you did rather well, I think, with another film which some of us enjoyed in 1987 called "Maurice", so it wasn't as if it's a one-off. You career then took off thereafter.

You say in your statement that following the success of "Four Weddings and a Funeral" in 1994, initially the press comment was favourable and then it plummeted. Can
you tell us a bit about the favourable part, the good
part, if we can so describe it, in your own words, please?
A. Well, it was fairly brief, but of course on the back of that success of "Four Weddings and a Funeral", yes, there was a spirit of goodwill. I think the nation liked having a film that was making -- that was popular Page 101
and funny and doing very well all over the world. You know, we enjoy the few British cinema successes we get and I got a little blip of positive press on the back of that, yes.
Q. At that stage, was there any interest in your private life, do you think?
A. There was a great deal of interest suddenly in my private life.
Q. Yes?
A. Particularly beginning at the premiere of that film, when the press became very interested in me and my girlfriend.
Q. Yes. Okay, I think we probably remember that premiere.
A. Yes.
Q. Can I move on to perhaps the darker side. This is paragraph 7 of your witness statement.
A. Yes.
Q. I'm not going to cover the events of July 1995. We're not interested in that.
A. I wish you would, in a way, simply because -- am I allowed to break in on you?
Q. Of course, yes.
A. Just because I think it's an important point that I make in this statement, that all the questioning and campaigning I've done recently about what I see as the Page 102
abuses of some sections of the British press is emphatically not motivated by the treatment I got when I was arrested in 1995. I say in my statement here I was arrested, it was on public record, I totally expected there to be tons of press, a press storm. That happened, and I have no quarrel with it, none whatsoever. I just thought it's important to make that point.
Q. Fair enough.

There was an incident involving a break-in to your London flat on the fourth floor?
A. Yes.
Q. The front door was forced off its hinges. It sounds as if it was professionally done. There was no damage inside the flat; is that correct?
A. No damage and nothing was stolen.
Q. Yes.
A. This came at the zenith of the sort of press storm around that arrest in Los Angeles. I was now back in London, holed up in my flat, and I'd managed to get out for the day, or the night -- I can't remember. Anyway, when I came back, this flat had been broken into. The front door had been basically just shoved off its hinges. As I say, nothing was stolen, which was weird, and the police nevertheless came around the next day to Page 103
talk about it, and the day after that a detailed account of what the interior of my flat looked like appeared in one of the British tabloid papers. I can't remember which one at the moment, but it was definitely there, and I remember thinking: who told them that? Was that the burglar or was that the police? And when I told this story to Tom Watson recently, the MP who was writing a book about this kind of thing, he nodded knowingly, saying, "Oh yes, that particular method of break-in I've come across with several other people who are victims of a lot of -- in the crosshairs of a lot of the press attention, and it doesn't seem to have been a singular occasion."

And you know, it seemed doubly sinister to me because that flat, as you said, is -- you have to walk up a hell of a lot of stairs to get there. I think it was a very bad choice for a normal burglar, and nothing was stolen, and I've had it for 25 years and it's never been broken into before or since.
Q. In terms of the logical possibilities, I suppose it's either, in no particular order, a leak from the police or it might be the burglar was acting on the instructions of the press to gain sight of the inside of your flat. We don't know which hypothesis is the correct one.

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A. Well, or both.
Q. Or both.
A. I think the most likely scenario is both.

LORD JUSTICE LEVESON: Or, alternatively, a burglar who has
found whose flat he's burgled and decided there's some way he can make some money. Whatever. I'm not --
A. Fine. Fine. But they were very -- you know, this was at a time when there was a lot of press outside all the time, desperate to get in. It was the middle of the summer and I know they were listening. You know, it was right up, four floors up and they could actually hear one or two of the rows I was having at the time, so I know they were desperate to get some kind of access.
MR JAY: At paragraph 8 and following you deal with various libel actions, all of which were successful. Can you assist us, please, with a general idea of how many libel claims we're talking about?
A. I don't know. It's been 16, 17 years since "Four Weddings", since I became of any kind of interest to the tabloid press, and I would imagine that in those 17 years that, I don't know, half a dozen, maybe more, maybe 10. I've got -- my lawyer's over there. You could ask him. He'd know.
Q. Yes.
A. I just mention two here out of those because it would be Page 105
very boring to go through them all, and in themselves they're not significant, but these two particular examples I think are significant.
Q. Yes. The example you give in paragraph 11, February 2007 --
A. Yeah.
Q. -- the plummy-voiced woman issue.
A. Mm .
Q. Are you suggesting there that the story must have come from phone hacking?
A. Well, what I say in this paragraph is that the Mail on Sunday ran an article in February 2007 saying that my relationship with my then girlfriend, Jemima Khan, was on the rocks because of my persistent late-night flirtatious phonecalls with a plummy-voiced studio executive from Warner Brothers, and it was a bizarre story, completely untrue, that I sued for libel over and won and damages were awarded, a statement was made in 18 open court.

But thinking about how they could possibly come up with such a bizarre left-field story, I realised that although there was no plummy-voiced studio executive from Warner Brothers with whom I'd had any kind of relationship, flirtatious or otherwise, there was a great friend of mine in Los Angeles who runs

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a production company which is associated with Warner Brothers and whose assistant is a charming married middle-aged lady, English, who, as happens in Hollywood, is the person who rings you. The executive never rings you. It's always their assistant: "Hi, we have Jack Bealy(?) on the phone for you." And this is what she used to do. She used to call and she used to leave messages and because she was a nice English girl in LA, sometimes when we spoke, we'd have a chat about English stuff, Marmite or whatever.

So she would leave charming, jokey messages saying, "Please call this studio executive back", and she has a voice that could only be described as plummy. So I cannot for the life of me think of any conceivable source for this story in the Mail on Sunday except those voice messages on my mobile telephone.
Q. You haven't alleged that before, have you, in the public domain?
A. No, but when I was preparing this statement and going through all my old trials and tribulations with the press, I looked at that one again and thought that is weird, and then the penny dropped.
Q. I think the highest it can be put is, frankly, it's a piece of speculation on your part, isn't it, in relation to this?

## Page 107

A. Yes, you could -- yes, speculation, okay, but I would love to know -- I mean, I think Mr Caplan, who represents Associated, was saying earlier today that he'd like to put in a supplementary statement and -- you know, referring to the things I say today. Well, I'd love to hear what the Daily Mail's or the Sunday Mail's explanation for that article is, what that source was, if it wasn't phone hacking.
Q. Okay. I may come back to that, but I'll leave that for the time being.

The next article you refer to is in paragraph 12 of your statement, which is one in the Sunday Express. The point about this article -- and we have it in HG1 on the internal numbering at page 3 but on the numbering at the bottom right-hand side, a number ending 1921 -- is that this article was entirely untrue.
A. Yes, it's an article that purported to be written by me and which I hadn't written. Nor had I done that thing that, you know, happens a lot in papers, where it's someone talking to someone. I had not even spoken to a journalist. It was completely, as far as I could see, either made up or patched and pasted from previous quotations I might have given in interview.
Q. Right.
A. That is why, as I recall, the Express lost their case

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and had to apologise.
Q. This statement in open court makes precisely that point, that you did not contribute to the article in any way and the Express admitted that.
A. Mm.
Q. Those are the two examples of defamation claims. You also provide examples of privacy claims.
A. Mm.
Q. The first one of these over which there was litigation was paragraph 13 of your witness statement, a visit to Charing Cross Hospital.
A. Yes.
Q. Details of which it's probably unnecessary to go into, but it did culminate in a claim against the Mirror for breach of confidence and you got judgment from Mr Justice Wright; that's correct, isn't it?
A. Yes.
Q. You also complained to the PCC and that claim was upheld, was it not?
A. Yes, finally, after a lot of effort. I mean, it took months and months. They were very reluctant to do anything. Finally, I got a tiny recognition that my complaint had been upheld deep in the newspaper.
Q. Right.
A. Without referring to what the complaint was about. Page 109
Q. Could I take that in stages? The PCC adjudication you will have in the bundle we have prepared for you, under tab 4.
A. Yes. This will take me hours.
Q. It won't.
A. Tab 4. Okay, I see, all right. Yes.
Q. They upheld the privacy complaint but they noted, you'll see in the second paragraph:
"The complainant also raised a number of issues arising from the complaint, involving confidentiality and sources of information which were outside the Commission's remit."

And then at the bottom:
"The Commission regretted the delay."
That was to do with resolving issues of jurisdiction. So rightly or wrongly -- I don't think it's going to be possible for us to go into this -there were questions raised as to whether your complaint fell within the remit of the PCC and it took them time to resolve those questions. Once they resolved the questions, they upheld that part of the complaint which they felt they could deal with. Do you understand that?
A. I understand that that's what they wrote.
Q. Yes.
A. But I fail entirely to understand how an individual's

Page 110
medical records being appropriated and printed for commercial profit could not come under the remit of the PCC. If that doesn't come under the remit of the PCC, what the hell is the PCC for?
Q. I think they were saying it did.
A. Yes, but why did it take them so long?
Q. It was other matters they were saying -- they don't
identify what those matters were -- that may be outside
of the remit, but your essential complaint -- you can
see that in the first paragraph of the adjudication,
confidential medical information about you was
published -- that's the complaint they eventually
focused on and they upheld it. Do you follow?
LORD JUSTICE LEVESON: We don't know from this document th date of this adjudication. Everybody agrees -- well, you've said, but we can't agree it, that it took a long time but do you know the date? Do you remember approximately how long it took? The date isn't on it.
A. My recollection is that it's about three months, but --

LORD JUSTICE LEVESON: Doubtless somebody will be able to tell us at some stage.
A. Yes.

LORD JUSTICE LEVESON: Don't worry about it.
MR JAY: There's another similar complaint, or rather issue, and you touched on this in paragraph 15 of your Page 111
statement. It's much more recent. It involves a visit to the Chelsea and Westminster Hospital in March of this year.
A. Yes.
Q. First of all, Mr Grant, are you happy that we talk about that?
A. Yes, otherwise I wouldn't have put it in the statement.
Q. Fair enough. The article itself is under HG1. The internal numbering is page 14. It's a longer number at the bottom right-hand side of the page. It's the number ending 1932. HG1 is tab 2, Mr Grant.
A. Thank you. 1932.
Q. Yes.

LORD JUSTICE LEVESON: There's a 14 just above it.
A. Okay. Yes, I have it.

MR JAY: I'm going to ask you to comment about this. The details probably don't matter. You ended up in the Accident \& Emergency department of this hospital. What the article is saying, or may be trying to say, is that here was a famous man, he didn't pull rank, he waited his turn in the queue. We all know from these A\&E departments that you sometimes have to wait a long time, particularly if it's not serious. You made no complaint. This all reflects rather well on you. Do you follow that? That's what they were trying to get

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## at.

A. Yes, but that's not my interpretation of the story.
Q. Okay.
A. The classic tabloid technique to cover a really egregious breach of someone's privacy is to wrap it up in a nice story. So if they photograph someone's baby, they'll say, "Oh, what a pretty baby" to try and stop the parents suing them for breach of privacy.

This is exactly the same. This is an article which says not only that I went to hospital for but what I went for. It's my medical record. It's the exact complaint, that I was dizzy and short of breath, which to me is a gross intrusion in my privacy and they have deliberately dressed that up as a flattering article about how undiva-ish I was to try and get away with that.
Q. I'll come back to further comment on it, but it ended up with The Sun either paying damages or paying to a charity; is that right?
A. Yeah. It wasn't just the Sun who ran that piece. The Express ran a piece similar, as I recall, and as I say in my statement, by that stage of my life -- this was only this year, wasn't it? I think it was this year. I was weary and, to a certain degree, wary of endless lawsuits against tabloids. They take a long time, Page 113
there's a lot of stress. So I tried to shortcircuit it by offering them: "Look, there'll be no lawsuit if you just each pay $£ 5,000$ to a charity which I support called Healthtalkonline", and seeing as they had both talked about my health online, I thought that was elegant. The Express flatly refused to pay a penny, and after much protesting, the Sun gave the charity $£ 1,500$.
Q. Is this your point, Mr Grant, that it doesn't matter whether the underlying story is true; the point is it's an invasion of your privacy and there is not a public interest in people putting out articles about your health? Is that your point in a nutshell?
A. I think no one would expect -- no British citizen would expect their medical records to be made public or to be appropriated by newspapers for commercial profit. I think that's fundamental to our British sense of decency.
Q. No. To be fair to the Sun, we don't know the source of the story from the article itself.
A. No, maybe it was just a lucky guess.

LORD JUSTICE LEVESON: I don't think they're probably suggesting that, but it could be a number of different cases.
A. What would they be, sir?

MR JAY: There could well be evidence about this later, but Page 114
the story apparently came from a picture agency who had been tipped off by a non-medical employee at the hospital. Could that be true?
A. Well, there was no picture, so that bit's a little weird.
Q. Right.
A. But for them to know my medical -- the details of why I went there, it must have been someone with access to the computer where you register. I hope and I'm sure it was none of the medical staff, who I have to say were fantastic in that hospital, as they always are, but I suspect that it was the age-old system of someone at the hospital being on a retainer from either a tabloid newspaper or perhaps a picture agency. You know: "If anyone famous comes in, tell us and here's 50 quid or 500 quid", or whatever it is I am quite sure -- well, my opinion is that that was the source, as it had been back in June 1996, and as it was again recently in the case of my baby.
Q. In paragraphs 16 and 17 of your statement, you deal with other intrusions on your privacy, which I think we'll just, if you don't mind, take as read. I would like to move on to paragraph 18 and the section about paparazzi.

You give one example at the bottom of paragraph 18 about being chased at high speed. Your girlfriend was. Page 115

Could you tell us a little bit more about that?
A. That was a relatively common occurrence with two of the girlfriends I've had. They both have children and in both cases -- actually, that's not quite fair. The first girlfriend, when she was with me, we didn't have children, so that doesn't apply, but the second girlfriend -- although that first girlfriend has subsequently had children and been very badly chased and abused, but the second girlfriend, she did have children and she was frequently, especially in the early days of our romance, followed and chased, even when she had her children in the car and even when the children were not enjoying it, crying. They pulled up for petrol, they'd ask the paparazzi who pulled in and started taking pictures: "Please go away, there's children in this car and they're frightened", and these paparazzi would continue to take pictures and then they'd be bought by one of the national newspapers.
Q. The paparazzi presumably were working freelance?
A. Yes. As I explain in this statement, there are two kinds of press photographers. There are either ones who are on staff for the papers. They just occasionally show a modicum of decency, although they didn't in the case of, recently, my baby. They staked out a new mother for three days. She couldn't really leave her

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home.
And then there are the much worse freelance paparazzi who are increasingly -- well, the police tell me they are increasingly recruited from criminal classes and very often they have criminal records, they have been in different fields of crime previous to being paparazzi and who will really stop the nothing, who show no mercy, no ethics, because the bounty on some of these pictures is very high, and I suspect that the ones who, for instance, were chasing my girlfriend and her children, were those freelance types. I suspect they were the ones who try to -- who always try to take pictures up girls' skirts and then digitally remove their underwear because they can sell the picture for a little more if they do that. I suspect they are the ones who were following Princess Diana when she died and whom the tabloid papers, particularly the Daily Mail, promised they would never buy pictures from again but which they subsequently did, about three months later.
LORD JUSTICE LEVESON: Not now, but I'd like to come back to the mechanisms whereby any of that can be controlled, just for your view on it. Not now. Mr Jay will come to it.
A. Sure.

MR JAY: If we move on to the issue of hacking, Mr Grant, Page 117
which you cover in some detail.
To set the scene, you tell us in paragraph 24 that warnings started to come through from media lawyers about how to protect privacy, and amongst the advice they gave was that phone numbers should be changed frequently and voicemails set on PINs other than defaults. Can you remember when those warnings started to emanate?
A. I can't exactly, but I mean I'm guessing it was early 2000s, you know? Sort of 2000 to 2005, that kind of time.
Q. Right. Were you the direct recipient of such warnings?
A. I had circular emails that were sent from Schillings, the media lawyers, to lots of clients and to ex-clients. I think I might have been an ex-client of Schillings by then -- I can't remember -- and I remember looking at this list. It was just a warning, saying, "These are some of the things they're up to. Be careful of Bluetooth, be careful of your PIN numbers, be careful of your phones", and so on. "Get your car swept."
Q. Then, paragraph 25 , you say it was about 2004 when someone came from the Information Commissioner's office? A. Yes, out of the blue.
Q. Can you remember whether it was a policeman who came or was it an official from the Information Commissioner?

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A. To be honest with you, I've always been confused about that. He was not wearing a uniform, but for some reason I've always told the story as a policeman, and maybe he had a rank or something. I wish I could tell you accurately and I can't find -- I've looked everywhere for the details of the meeting. I mean, it definitely happened. I didn't make it up. He came to my house, he sat in my kitchen and he told me that they had arrested a private detective, a private investigator, who -whose notebook contained intimate personal details on a number of people and I was one of them. And that it contained my address, the address of my -- some close friends, relations. I remember him saying phone numbers, although I know you're about to contest that, but I can't imagine they'd come to tell me they had my address because everyone had my address. I said, "Who's this person working for?" And he said, "Well, it looks from his notebook like he's working for most of the British press."
Q. Yes, which might suggest it was the Information Commissioner's office rather than Mr Mulcaire, but --
A. I'm sure it was. I'm sure it wasn't Mulcaire --

LORD JUSTICE LEVESON: I think you'll find the Information Commissioner employs ex-police officers. Page 119

## MR JAY: Yes.

A. Yes, we know that because there was the story recently in the Independent about one of those police officers who was shocked that at the end of this particular inquiry, they weren't allowed to interview any of the journalists who had hired the private detective in the first place.
MR JAY: You're in danger of foreshadowing evidence we'll be hearing next week from the relevant person, but what I need to put to you, Mr Grant, is that it's clearly the Information Commissioner's office's position that they never discovered any evidence relating to phone hacking. So if that's right, it would suggest that your recollection must be incorrect and you must be confusing this with the Mulcaire notebooks and not the Wittamore notebooks.
A. I know that this wasn't the Mulcaire case that came to me. As I said to you before, I cannot understand why they would come and tell me that a man had my address, because everyone had my address. The paps were out there, you know, all the time.
Q. Yes.
A. So if he didn't also have my phone numbers at the very least -- and I think he said PIN numbers as well -- then I don't understand why he'd come to see me.

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| Q. Can I just break that down? Having your address, | 1 |
| :--- | :--- |
| although it may not be that difficult a piece of data to | 2 |
| obtain, could be attained in breach of the Data | 3 |
| Protection Act. Do you follow me? | 4 |
| A. Yeah, yeah. | 5 |
| Q. And it may be that you are associating what could have | 6 |
| been a reasonably limited if not unremarkable discussion | 7 |
| which was limited to breaches of the Data Protection Act | 8 |
| and then extrapolating from that and bringing in more | 9 |
| sinister details about PIN numbers and possible evidence | 10 |
| of voicemail hacking. Do you see that? | 11 |
| A. We're obviously not going to agree on this so we'll have | 12 |
| to leave it. We'll have to park that issue. Certainly | 13 |
| they were telling me about blagging and that kind of | 14 |
| thing, certainly. | 15 |
| Q. Was that the phrase they used? |  |
| A. I can't remember. It was 2004. But it was -- | 16 |
| LORD JUSTICE LEVESON: I don't think you ought to assume | 18 |
| that Mr Jay is agreeing or disagreeing. The fact it | 19 |
| that as I'm sure you appreciate, it's very important | 20 |
| that those others who are going to give evidence -- some | 21 |
| of them have seen parts of what you've said in order to | 22 |
| comment. | 23 |
| A. Yes. |  |
| LORD JUSTICE LEVESON: And part of the system is that you | 25 | Page 121

are asked about their concerns so they can respond.
A. Yes.

LORD JUSTICE LEVESON: But you will shouldn't assume that because Mr Jay is asking the question, he necessarily is agreeing with or disagreeing with the proposition he's putting to you.
A. I understand.

MR JAY: Was Mr Wittamore's name mentioned by the gentleman, ex-policeman or otherwise, from the Information Commissioner's office?
A. I don't think so. But seeing as that whole Inquiry was about the Wittamore arrest, it's difficult to imagine that it was about anyone else.
Q. Yes, you learned that subsequently, didn't you?
A. Yes.
Q. The next event was a chance encounter with a Mr Paul

McMullan, Mr Grant, and you deal with that in paragraph 26 of your witness statement.
A. Yes.
Q. Tell us about the chance encounter. We've read about
it, but you ended up in the same car as him, didn't you?
A. Yes. I broke down --
Q. Yes.
A. -- in my car in Kent, in the remotest countryside just
before Christmas last year, and thought: "What am
Page 122

I going to do? I'm late for my appointment." And there was no taxis around, it was Christmassy, it was icy, and then amazingly a car -- van pulled up in the other carriageway of this dual carriageway, and I thought: "Good, some nice Kent-ish person has come to help", and instead out stepped a man with a great long lens. I thought: "I can't believe in the middle of Kent, in the middle of winter, there's a pap." And he came over and he took lots of pictures. I wasn't entirely polite to him. Then to my horror I realised there was no other way of getting to this appointment. He kept saying, "Do you want a lift?" and I thought: "I know this is in your interests that I take the lift", so I kept saying no. Finally I did, so then I was suddenly in the car with this man with my friend, and that is when he revealed that he was an ex-News of the World features editor who is now retired and running a pub down in Dover and he kept his camera in his glove box of his car just in case of some happy accident, which he'd just encountered.

Then he went on to tell me all these fascinating things -- boasting, really -- about how extensive phone hacking had been at the News of the World, how Andy Coulson had known about it for sure, how they had enjoyed the competitive sycophancy of five successive governments, of the way they paid off the police for Page 123
years, and I was thinking: "This is all amazing stuff. I wish I had a tape recorder."

Then he dropped --
Q. So to cut a long story short, the next time you saw him, you did have a tape recorder. That's right, isn't it?
A. Yes, that is right, yes.
Q. And indeed, there was a piece about it in the

New Statesman, which again is in our bundle, HG1. On the internal numbering it's page 15 , but on the longer number it ends 1933.
A. Yeah.
Q. Quite a zippy title.
A. Thank you.
Q. Is this, Mr Grant, a verbatim transcript of the tape recording?
A. Yes. There are boring bits left out. I put in just all the juicy bits.
Q. We've all read it and I'm not going to go over all of it, you understand, but I have been asked to go over in particular -- and I was in any event intending to do so -- the very bottom of the first page.
A. Yes.
Q. You're chipping in. It reads at the moment:
"And ... it wasn't just the News of the World; it was ..."

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And then it continues. First of all, can you remember what goes in the "..."?
A. No. That would be one of the boring bits. But I mean, it's nothing sinister. Or it could be that the jukebox was too loud at that point. The tape recording is quite hard to hear, and I was only able to transcribe it, you know, having just had the meeting.
Q. Yes. I suppose if necessary, we're not going to do it now, but we could listen to it, if you agreed?
A. Well --
Q. Do you have a problem with that?
A. I do have a problem with that. I feel like I did my revenge number on Paul McMullen, and I -- for me, that's the issue closed with him, and when I've had now two separate police inquiries, the one into police corruption and the other one into phone hacking, they have come to me and they have asked for the tape and I've refused because that seems to me too harsh. I don't want to be sending Paul McMullen to prison. In addition to which, he has to be given some credit for having been a whistleblower on all this stuff.
Q. Okay. We note that answer, but I have to continue with your question.
A. Yes.
Q. "... it wasn't just the News of the World; it was, you Page 125
know, the -- the Mail?"
It was very much a leading question, Mr Grant, wasn't it?
A. Yes.
Q. There was no evidence --
A. But I'm not a lawyer. I'm allowed to ask leading questions.
Q. Fair enough. But there's no evidence that you have to your personal knowledge that the Mail was involved in this at all, is there?
A. Um ...
Q. I'm asking you to be very careful when you answer the question. Don't share a speculation with us. Don't share an opinion. We're looking for evidence. There isn't any evidence, is there?
A. The evidence for the Daily Mail being involved in phone hacking for me would be the article we spoke about earlier, the plummy-voiced woman, and it would be Paul McMullen's answer to this question.
Q. Okay. Let's look at the answer then:
"Oh, absolutely, yeah. When I went freelance in 2004, the biggest payers -- you'd have thought it would be the News of the World, but actually it was at Daily Mail. If I take a good picture, the first person I go to is, such as in your case, the Mail on Sunday.

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Did you see that story? The picture of you breaking down. I ought to thank you for that. I got $£ 3000$."

He's talking there about selling a photograph of you, isn't he?
A. Well, he segues into that, but I didn't leave anything out and, you know, if it helps, you can come around to my house and listen to the tape. I left nothing out between "... it wasn't just News of the World; it was you know, the Mail" and him answering:
"Oh, absolutely, yeah. When I went freelance in 2004, the biggest payers -- you'd have thought it was the News of the World but actually, it was the Daily Mail."

That is the sequence of the conversation. There's nothing left out.
Q. So what you're asking us to do then is to read carefully what he says and interpret his answer, and certainly one highly reasonable interpretation of his answer is that he's limiting his comment, his evidence, if you like, to the selling of photographs, isn't he?
A. As I said before, he segues in that answer straight on to photographs. He goes:
"If I take a good picture, the first person I go to is ..."

So I agree that it's strange syntax, it's a segue, Page 127
but I have no reason to believe that his answer, "Oh, absolutely, yeah", referred to the Daily Mail being involved in phone hacking.
Q. Okay, Mr Grant. I have to ask this blunt question. We'll hear from Mr McMullen and have his version. Had he been drinking?
A. Had I been drinking?
Q. No, had Mr McMullen been drinking?
A. He didn't seem drunk at all.
Q. He didn't?
A. No.
Q. And then you say:
"But would they, the Mail, buy a phone-hacked story?"

Isn't that a bit of an odd question, given that he hadn't referred to a phone-hacked story?
A. It's not an odd question at all, given that he'd just done this strange segue. So there's me trying to get him back on the interesting bits. It's not interesting that they bought photographs of me broken down; it's very interesting whether they were involved in phone hacking or not. So what I do is I immediately -- and there's no dot dot dots here -- I say, "but would they, the Mail, buy a phone-hacked story?" To which he answers:

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A. No, I wouldn't.

MR JAY: It is right to say, in case I sound too coy, that this has been published in the New Statesman, it's in the public domain.
A. Yeah.
Q. Anybody can Google it.
A. Yes.
Q. And frankly, we'll leave it at that, if you don't mind.

Are you saying, for clarity, Mr Grant, that if the Inquiry wanted to listen just to the bits of the tape which we have been discussing specifically, it's something which you would be comfortable with or uncomfortable with?
A. Those bits, yes, because I don't think they send McMullen to prison, so it's fine.
LORD JUSTICE LEVESON: I ought to make clear I'm not being too coy about the investigation. I've made some rulings about how we're going to go and we're going to do it, but I don't want to add unnecessary material into the public domain beyond that which it's necessary for me to go to identify the culture, practice and ethics of the press.
A. I get that.

MR JAY: To be absolutely clear, we are hearing from Mr McMullen as well.

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A. Good luck.
Q. The position will be fully explored with him.
A. Yes.
Q. That's a helpful vignette into the case, the McMullen incident, but you also tell us about -- and I'm back to paragraph 27 of your witness statement. Earlier this year, officers from Operation Weeting came to see you -and we've heard two other witnesses today speak about the same sort of situation -- and they told you that your phone had been hacked. Could you just tell us a little bit about that, that meeting, please?
A. Yes. They rang my lawyer -- the police rang my lawyer, wanted to show me some evidence. They came around and, as was one of the previous witnesses today explained, it's quite a formal thing. They get out these pages and they formally announce them, then they say, "Would you have a look at this page. Is there anything you recognise?" And I looked at it and saw various phone numbers of mine from the middle of the 2000 up to about 2005, something like that, together with some PIN numbers, together with some access numbers. You know, you used to get a separate phone number to ring your messages remotely from another phone. And then there were other names I recognised on there. People around me, girlfriends, people I knew, numbers, words that all Page 131
sort of made sense.
In one particular case, it triggered a memory of a couple of stories that had been in the Daily Mirror and in the Daily Mail and I found that interesting. But when you see these pieces of paper in the police inquiry, they redact certain bits, including the famous top left-hand corner, which is where Mulcaire kept the initials of the particular journalist who had commissioned the phone hacking, and so subsequent to that interview with the police, I was very interested to know who had commissioned that particular page of hacking, seeing as it hadn't -- this particular story had not appeared in the News of the World but had appeared in the Daily Mail and the Daily Mirror.
Q. Again, you mention the Daily Mail. You mentioned it for the first time because it's not in your witness statement.
A. Yes, it is.

LORD LEVESON: 28.
MR JAY: Yes, my apologies, you have.
LORD JUSTICE LEVESON: Just for the avoidance of doubt, the top corner, which of course we're cyphering again for the reasons I've explained, that was in fact somebody who you linked to News of the World?
A. To get access to the redacted top left-hand corner,

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Q. It's under tab 2. If you go through the first six or seven pages, you'll reach the end of your witness statement and then you should find the start of an exhibit, HG2, and the first three pages of the exhibit are the article we are referring to. Are you with me on that?
A. Obviously, I'm being stupid. I'm on the second tab --
Q. Third tab.
A. It's the third tab?

MR SHERBORNE: Can Mr Grant be handed a clean copy?
LORD JUSTICE LEVESON: He can have my copy if there's any 11 problem with it.
A. Thank you very much.

MR JAY: Thank you, sir.
LORD JUSTICE LEVESON: Is it vertical(?) one underneath the statement?
MR JAY: Yes.
LORD JUSTICE LEVESON: So do you have it now?
MR JAY: We're not concerned with the headline and we're not concerned with the detail, unless you want to discuss it. The real point is this is a telephoto lens, clearly, and you were unaware that these photographs were being taken?
A. Correct.
Q. And you also say in your statement that you weren't

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asked to comment before the piece was published, along with the photographs?
A. Correct.
Q. Had you been asked to comment, what might you have said?
A. I would have said nothing. There would have been no -I wouldn't have returned the calls. No one would have returned the calls.
Q. Might you have taken proactive steps to protect your privacy, for example by taking legal proceedings?
A. If I'd done that, it would have drawn attention to the whole story. My overwhelming motive throughout this whole episode was to protect the mother of my child from a press storm, so anything like what you've just suggested would have been one way of alerting the media. It would have been a matter of public record, and they would have thought: "Oh, here's a good story", and her life would have been made hell, as it subsequently was.
Q. Turning that on its head, by doing nothing, your life and her life was made hell anyway, wasn't it?
A. Well, we held them off for a surprisingly long time. After this article, they followed her around. She was a single pregnant woman, she was being tailed by paparazzi, one in particular who frightened her a lot, over the months of her pregnancy, but they didn't have anything to print that could link her to me until Page 135

I visited the hospital after the birth when, again, there seems to have been a leak from the hospital. At that point, the dam was breached and we were bombarded with calls saying, "We know that this happened, that Tinglan had a baby in the hospital and Hugh visited", and they even knew the fake name she checked into the hospital under. So clearly there had been a leak.

Then, again, my attitude was to say nothing, which we did for a long time, and a lot of pressure was put on, the typical pressure of the tabloids. In this case, it was the Daily Mail who seemed to have all the information, the details of the hospital and the fake name, et cetera. They kept saying, "We're going to print this story anyway; what's your comment?" And because I've got wise to this technique over the years, it seemed to me that was a fishing technique and that they didn't want to print the story based solely on their hospital source because that might have been unethical or possibly illegal, so they needed a comment from my side and that is why I said nothing and I asked all my various -- like my assistant in London and my PR people in America, who didn't even know about this baby, to say nothing as well.
Q. We're moving ahead a bit. There's some quite important detail before we get to that stage.

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A. Okay, I'm sorry.
Q. Particularly in paragraph 5 with your appearance on
    Question Time in July.
A. Yeah.
Q. Then you tell us about the phone calls to --
A. Tinglan.
Q. -- Ms Hong's phone number?
A. Yeah.
Q. And we see what you say about it. The man said, "Tell 9
    Hugh Grant to shut the fuck up."
        After that, were the police involved?
A. When she told me about the next day, I immediately
    called my lawyer and we agreed to get the police onto
    it, which we did, but at the last moment Tinglan, the
    mother, probably rightly in retrospect, said, "Let's not
    do that because there's always a chance of a leak from
    the police and that will bring down the press storm on
    my head", so we didn't.
Q. Taking that in stages, the contact was made with the
        police. The police were willing to assist, were they
        not?
A. Yes. They were.
Q. But then they were, as it were, called off because of
        concern about leaks from the press to the police.
        That's the sequence of events, isn't it?
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        Page 137
    A. From the police to the press.
    Q. Police to the press.
    A. Yes.
    Q. You touch on this or you deal with this in the final
        sentence of paragraph 6 of your second statement.
    A. Yeah.
    Q. I'm going to ask you to try and exclude from your mind
        supposition, speculation and opinion. Do you have any
        direct evidence of leaks from the police to the press of
        which you can give us evidence, Mr Grant?
    A. I'm not quite sure where supposition blends into
    evidence, but --
    Q. What do you have direct knowledge of? Can we start with
that?
A. All I know is that for a number of years, although it
did get better in recent years, if someone like me
called the police for a burglary, a mugging, something
in the street, something that happened to me or my
girlfriend, the chances are that a photographer or
reporter would turn up on your doorstep before
a policeman. So whether you call that supposition or
fact, I don't know.
On top of that, I have, of course, also all Paul
McMullen's recorded testimony -- not testimony, but what
he said about paying the police, you know, a third of
Page 138
the Metropolitan Police were on back-handers from the tabloid press.
Q. I think there you're commenting on other people's evidence. Can we try and confine it to your own evidence?
A. Sure. It wasn't just me who experienced this phenomenon of reporters or paparazzi coming around instead of a policeman. Other people who had been in the public eye who I used to have this conversation with complained of exactly the same thing.
Q. Right. I think what I'm trying to do is trying to ask you to give an example of something which might give rise to the inference that there was a leak from the police to the press, a particular example from your own experience, not you commenting on someone else's experience.
A. Well --
Q. Do you see my point?
A. Yeah. I'm trying to think of a specific one.

I certainly remember my one girlfriend being mugged and we called the police and it was photographers who came around first.
Q. Okay. Thank you.

Going back to your second witness statement, you visited the hospital, I think, the day after the child's Page 139
birth?
A. Yes.
Q. I think, if you don't mind me giving the date so it fits into the chronology, it's the end of September, isn't it?
A. Yes.
Q. And what happened after that visit in terms of press interest?
A. Well, I had been very reluctant to be present at the birth because of the danger of a leak from the hospital bringing this press storm down on the mother of my child and what was about to be my child.
Q. Yes.
A. So I had actually made a plan with the mother not to visit at all, but to visit when she got home from hospital a few days later. She was very happy with that plan, she had her parents there, she had my cousin there, my female cousin. But actually, on the day after the birth, I couldn't resist a quick visit. I thought: "I am going to try and get away with this." I went, I had a look, it was very nice, but the day after that I think it was, the phone calls started from the Daily Mail in this case, saying, "We know about Tinglan having had this baby, we know about Hugh having visited, we know what name she checked in under, we're going to

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A. I think -- I can't remember. I think we may have thought about that. I can't remember the exact facts, but certainly the police should be involved in this.
Q. Yes. But the police did want to become involved, and they were told -- and there's no suggestion that this is improper -- they were told by your solicitor you'd prefer in the first instance to get an injunction. Is that possible?
A. Well, that may be true that my solicitor said that, and he may well have been in the right in that a police investigation would have taken some time. It might have in the end put one bad pap away, but there were a whole bunch of them outside, and seeing as this was an egregious event, likely to warrant an injunction against all of these people, that seems like the right tactic that he adopted.
Q. Yes. No one's questioning the tactic or the strategy.
A. Okay.
Q. And we know what has happened and we've read the reasons of Mr Justice Tugendhat in a publicly available judgment.
A. Okay.
Q. But as a little coda to these serious matters, your publicist put out a statement about the birth.
A. In the end.

## Page 145

Q. Is that right?
A. Yeah, in the end, having held off all that time from all these inquiries and this brinkmanship from the British papers, a magazine in America, US magazine, seemed to have got hold of the story and they published, at which point I was in a sort of no-win situation. I, in the end, decided the best thing to do -- because the story within hours was going to go everywhere, particularly into the British tabloids and I was very anxious that they would give it a twisted spin, so I thought the best thing to do would be to be as honest about the thing as possible, so I said I was delighted with the birth but I did not want the papers to write a twisted version which suggested that Tinglan was a jilted girlfriend, so I tried to find a form of words to say that she was a friend but had not been a formal girlfriend and that therefore there was no question of her having been jilted as a pregnant mother.
Q. Was it your form of words or your publicist's form of words?
A. We had a hasty conversation on the phone while I was filming in Germany. It was not ideal circumstances. I was dressed as a cannibal at the time.
Q. Maybe you were, but the form of words which were alighted upon were these:

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"I can confirm --"
This is your publicist speaking on your behalf?
A. Yes.
Q. "... Hugh Grant is the delighted father of a baby girl."

So far so good, as it were.
"He and the mother had a fleeting affair and while this was not planned, Hugh could not be happier or more supportive."
A. Mm.
Q. Putting it bluntly, weren't you leading with the chin a bit, perhaps, with that form of words?
A. Well, as I just said to you, I felt it was important to be honest and not to have a wrong version, a twisted version appear in the papers which was that she was my girlfriend who had been dumped when she got pregnant, which was simply not the case, or that it was a planned pregnancy that I then ran away from. So I was protecting her reputation as a -- I didn't want her to appear to be a jilted girlfriend. I was protecting mine -- I didn't want it to seem that I was a monster who ran away from my girlfriend. It's true I've been given a hard time for using those words because -- which is ironic, seeing as it's actually the truth, but that doesn't seem to be very popular.
Q. Well, one alternative strategy might have been simply to Page 147
confirm the birth of the child and that you're a delighted father, but otherwise words to the effect: "This is a private matter and neither the mother nor the father wish to comment further."
A. Yes, which would have been an invitation to the papers to write something invented about the relationship that I had with that girl. In the absence of information, they'll make it up.
Q. You see, what did happen in response to the form of words you selected -- you alight in one piece in the Daily Mail by Amanda Platell, which is written in a particular tone or house style, but other newspapers have put in similar pieces, as you're aware. Giles Coren in the Times saying words to the effect that you should marry the woman, there's some even in the Guardian, which isn't altogether complimentary, and something in the Daily Telegraph. It could be said all organs of the press are intruding into your privacy, but the theme from each of them is not inconsistent. Do you know what I mean?
A. First of all -- well, first of all, there were some supportive pieces as well, especially in the broad sheets, that said that -- you know, gave me some credit for having put my hand up and said, "This is my baby and I'm delighted with it", and providing for the child and

Page 148
the mother. The hatchet jobs -- that's fine; I expect hatchet jobs. That's been the story of the last 17 years. But it always does make you grind your teeth slightly when they're based on falsities and misreporting and a lot of those hatchet jobs were based, for instance, on the fact that I now had a 21-year-old German girlfriend, whereas in fact I don't. That was an invented girlfriend, invented by a German tabloid and then copied out faithfully by British hacks and it was also based on -- the hatchet jobs were based on the fact that I'd appeared to only visit for half an hour callously the day after the birth, when in fact if I'd been a really good father, I wouldn't have visited at all, seeing as it brought down a press storm on the mother's head.
Q. I'll just finish this little sequence of evidence before we'll break, but in terms of your privacy, is it your position that that these matters should not have been covered at all in the press or is it your position that they should have been covered in a certain way, in a way which didn't misrepresent?
A. Well, if you cling to the naive notion that newspapers are there to report the truth, nothing could really be wrong with that. I mean, I had a baby with this girl. She's a good friend of mine, she still is a good friend. Page 149

It's a nice thing. There's really not much more to it than that, but that doesn't sell newspapers, so a nasty spin has to be given to it, hence the extraordinary efforts of various newspapers to dig dirt on the new mother happily enjoying her new baby while the Daily Mail paid £125,000 to her ex-lover to sell private pictures of her.
Q. I think your complaint is it's not the intrusion into your privacy per se; it is the nasty spin they put on a story which, had they reported in a fairer and more accurate way, would have been a proper story for them to print. Is that right?
A. No, it's both. There are moments here which are intrusions into privacy. I think that if you have paid off someone at the Portland Hospital to tell you about a celebrity's baby, that's an invasion of privacy, for instance. But there's also ugly spin being put on a lot of this stuff because it sells papers better, and in the opinion of some people, the particularly ugly spin in the last few weeks given to the birth of my baby was not unrelated to the fact that I'm here today giving evidence at this Inquiry, and it's referenced in some of those hatchet jobs, including by Amanda Platell. She gives my concern about abuses of tabloid press as a particular reason why I should be loathed. So it is Page 150
possible for some people to see a connection between those hatchet jobs and what I'm saying here and have said for the last few months.
Q. Yes, the bit that you throw in about paying off someone at the Portland Hospital, that is, I must say or must suggest, just a piece of speculation on your part. You don't know that that's how the story broke at all, do you?
A. Unless my cousin rang up the Daily Mail and told them, or the Chinese parents who speak no English did that, it's very hard to draw any other conclusion.
Q. Do you know how the American paper or magazine got hold of the story?
A. No.

MR JAY: Sir, this may be a convenient moment to break.
LORD JUSTICE LEVESON: All right. We'll have a break and you can have a break, too, but let me just ask this: you've been granted relief by Mr Justice Tugendhat; has that grant of relief been reflected in your child and matter mother being left alone?
A. Yes. Very grateful for it.

LORD JUSTICE LEVESON: You'll be conscious that I've made it clear that I would want to know if intrusion arose as a result of anybody giving evidence to this Inquiry.
A. Yes, I heard that and I'm grateful for that, too.

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MR SHERBORNE: Sir, before you rise, can I deal with two very brief matters of chronology?

The first was raised in relation to the 1996 Daily Mirror article that Mr Grant refers to in paragraph 13 of his witness statement. Sir, you asked that it might be possible that we would have the dates. Can I just give you those dates, because we've managed to obtain them.
LORD JUSTICE LEVESON: Yes.
MR SHERBORNE: As I understand it, the visit to the hospital was in May 1996, 29 May.
LORD JUSTICE LEVESON: Yes. That -- yes.
MR SHERBORNE: The article which appeared in the Sunday Mirror was on 23 June of 1996. The adjudication was not until 27 July of 1997. So Mr Grant in his recollection perhaps was being somewhat generous. It took over a year for that adjudication to arise.

As I understand it, a legal claim was issued in October of 1997, which resulted somewhat more speedily in the judgment that he refers to in paragraph 14 being given in his favour in December, only some two months later.
LORD JUSTICE LEVESON: Right. Thank you.
MR SHERBORNE: Then can I move on secondly to the injunction. Mr Jay referred to the report to the police

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and the decision to follow a civil course instead, or at least in the first instance. Can I just remind you, sir, that the incident relating to the paparazzo who was trying to run over Mr Grant's baby's grandmother took place on Thursday, 10 November, and I applied the next day for an emergency injunction on Friday, 11 November, which was granted by Mr Justice Tugendhat, although his reasons arrived a week later. The purpose, of course, was to immediately bring the campaign to an end, which, as you've just heard, it did, with remarkable efficiency.
That's all I wanted to say, sir.
LORD JUSTICE LEVESON: Yes, and this chronology actually
comes out of Mr Justice Tugendhat's judgment?
MR SHERBORNE: It does, sir.
LORD JUSTICE LEVESON: Which we have.
MR SHERBORNE: We do.
LORD JUSTICE LEVESON: Thank you very much. We'll have ten
minutes or as long as Mr Grant needs.
( 3.17 pm )
(A short break)
(3.25 pm)
MR JAY: Mr Grant, I have been asked to clarify one matter we covered earlier this afternoon. It's in your first witness statement and it's in paragraph 28, please.
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A. Yes.
Q. You refer to a detailed expose story written by both the Mirror and the Mail. I won't ask you for details of the story as such, but can you help us with details as to the approximate date?
A. Yeah, summer 2004.
Q. Thank you.

Go back to the issue of press misreporting and particularly in the context of your supplementary statement. You refer in that statement to two articles in the Sun, don't you?
A. Do I? What do I say?

LORD JUSTICE LEVESON: Let's look at it. What paragraph i it?
MR JAY: Paragraph 17, towards the bottom of that paragraph.
A. Yeah

LORD JUSTICE LEVESON: This is the second statement?
MR JAY: It is, yes, pardon me.
LORD JUSTICE LEVESON: Thank you.
MR JAY: I don't really want to go over too much of the detail of this unless you're content that I do so. You've seen, I think, the article in the Sun on 3 November. That's been provided to you today, hasn't it?
A. Mm .

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[^0]Page 155
A. That's right. On the following day, the Sun published this article saying, "Hugh a new girl three weeks before baby", and there's a picture of me and a girl, who is not the same girl. In fact, I have no idea who she is. One of the reasons why they're unable to find any pictures of me and my new German girlfriend is because I don't have one. So they have had to find a picture of just me and some girl.
Q. To be fair to the article -- I'm just looking at what it says and not any inferences or innuendo which might be drawn from it -- this woman is not described as your girlfriend, is she?
A. What, you want me to read the whole thing now?
Q. I think you've had the chance to look at it. Maybe you'll trust me. She's not described as your girlfriend, is she?
MR SHERBORNE: I don't think Mr Grant has had a chance to look at that. He hasn't seen that before.
LORD JUSTICE LEVESON: I'm sorry about that. Then he ought to have the chance to read it.

MR JAY: Yes.
A. Well, I don't know. To me, the headline, "Hugh a new girl three weeks before baby" suggests girlfriend, but maybe I'm reading a different language.
MR JAY: Mm, okay. I'm just trying to be fair to the
Page 156
authors of this piece, Mr Grant. It's for others to make a judgment about it.
A. You've been very, very fair to News International and to Associated today.
Q. I hope I've been fair to everybody.
A. You told me back stage you were going to bowl me straight balls, but if these are straight balls, I'd hate to see your googlies.
Q. Let me continue to bowl you straight balls. It also reports the woman's denial that this is other than a friendship, doesn't it?
A. It does. Right down at the bottom line at the end of the article.
Q. But then it does add in the middle a local report, which is the report from the German magazine, Bild?
A. Correct, which said there had been -- after this dinner, this innocent dinner I'd had with this German girl -not this one but the one pictured on the page before. I'd had a completely innocent dinner, dropped her off in a taxi, and because the paparazzi had got a rather boring shot of a man getting into a taxi with a girl, woman, either he or his agency or Bild invented passionate kissing in the taxi, because there emphatically was none. And yes, I do know I'm under oath here. This is tittle-tattle. I only went on about Page 157
it in my supplementary statement because it was a particular stick used to beat me round the head with during the birth of my daughter, and, some people think, because I'm here giving evidence to the Leveson Inquiry. So they look for any stick they can find and -- oh yeah, much too young girlfriend, even though she doesn't exist, and even though she had twice denied that she was my girlfriend. It wasn't just in the Sun. It was in many, many papers.
Q. I'm not putting a point of view. I'm just seeking to analyse what appears in this article and receive your comment upon it, and you've kindly given me that. Okay.
LORD JUSTICE LEVESON: Could I just ask you: what's the position of the papers in Germany? Have they reported you in the way in which you've complained about being --
A. Yes, yes, yes, and it wouldn't just be in Germany now. It's everywhere. I say in my main statement, you know, this is one of the problems, that if something's misreported, it just splatters all around the Internet instantly. So this is now fact that I have a new 21-year-old German girlfriend all round the world. Well, so what? It doesn't really matter that much except when it's used, you know, as a stick to beat me with again and again, and then it does become a little wearying, and you sort of wish that they'd bothered to

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either ask me or that they'd bothered to listen to the girl's two denials.
LORD JUSTICE LEVESON: Is it possible to do something about this in Germany?
A. Well, really, it's not a big -- it's not like it's
libellous. I was merely giving an example of the use of lazy reporting and misreporting to beat someone up a bit, if there was an agenda for beating someone up.
LORD JUSTICE LEVESON: I understand your point.
A. If the girl had been 12 , I would have sued.

LORD JUSTICE LEVESON: I understand the point entirely, but I'm trying to understand what I can put a box around in this country, whether by way of recommendation or otherwise, and what impact that might have elsewhere in the world to somebody who isn't merely a national figure but has international status. Do you see the point --
A. I think so.

LORD JUSTICE LEVESON: -- I'm grappling with, that I've --
A. If the story emanates from abroad, as this one did, your recommendation, whatever it might be, would have to be, you know, that you at least have to check the facts or perhaps -- I mean, it is hard for me to believe we're going to quarrel for hours over a piece of tittle-tattle. It doesn't really matter that much.
LORD JUSTICE LEVESON: I'm not concerned about this Page 159
particular article in terms.
A. I know.

LORD JUSTICE LEVESON: Indeed, as you probably know, this part of this Inquiry isn't about who precisely did what at what circumstance to whom. I'm trying to look at a bigger picture.
A. Yes.

LORD JUSTICE LEVESON: And the bigger picture is not merely the whole question of regulation of the press in this country and their culture and practices, but also how that is impacted or affected by what happens abroad or what happens on the Internet. You heard the question I asked this morning.
A. Mm.

LORD JUSTICE LEVESON: So I'm just trying to bet a bigger picture.
A. All I can say is when it comes to stories being copied around the world, they are copied from the Internet, and they're particularly copied if they come from a website that belongs to a newspaper because newspapers are generally considered to have a certain gravitas and to have been -- the news-gathering techniques to have a certain professionalism, albeit often that may be a mistaken assumption. But that is why -- you know, if a story is in a -- on a newspaper website, it will

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scatter much faster than if it's just on someone's blog
    or it's a tweet or something like that. I can sense
    I haven't answered your question.
LORD JUSTICE LEVESON: No, my question is really aimed at
    the impact that I can have on other press activity in
    relation to somebody with an international reputation
    simply by doing what I can do in this country.
A. There's obviously nothing you can do outside this
    country.
LORD JUSTICE LEVESON: I agree.
A. But if you made our press behave more professionally,
    then stories that they write would not be so damaging
    when they spread around the Internet.
LORD JUSTICE LEVESON: I see that. Then the question arises
    where stories emanate from. One of the stories you
    talked about actually I think you said emanated
    initially in America, but whether it went to America
    from here or where, I don't know.
A. That is always difficult to know.
LORD JUSTICE LEVESON: Yes. I'm just trying to grapple with
    the whole problem; that's all. I'm certainly not
    focusing on individual stories.
A. Yes.
LORD JUSTICE LEVESON: For the reasons that you understand.
A. Yes, yes.
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MR JAY: Okay, Mr Grant, we'll move off the Sun in your
    second witness statement. I'm going to cover now some
    matters of opinion to try and look at the bigger
    picture.
    Before I do that, can I ask you some questions about
    publicity and publicists?
A. Yes.
Q. You've referred now at least once to a publicist you
    have in the US. Is that right?
A. Yeah.
Q. How many publicists do you have around the world?
A. Well, I have one. They're in New York, and I only use
    them sporadically when a film is coming out, and they're
    not for -- they're like anti-publicists. They're for
    not getting publicity but for fending off -- a studio
    may have a film coming out. The studio -- say Warner
    Brothers -- will be desperate for you to do everything,
    particularly in America, and the job of my publicist --
    I pay them not very much money -- is to say, "No, he's
    not doing that, he's not doing that. He might do that
    because that's a classy one." That's all they're there
    for. Between films I don't pay them, they go on hiatus
    and they knew nothing about this until they kept getting
    calls from British tabloids saying, "We've head he's had
    a baby."
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    Q. It's not their function to advise you in relation to your dealings with the press?
A. It is in relation to my dealings with the press in America when a film comes out and a little bit around the world, although they try to be experts on what TV show is a good one to do if you're on a world tour in Russia, but obviously they're not massive experts on that, and to be absolutely honest, they throw up their hands when it comes to Britain. They say, "We have no advice. It's uncontrollable."
Q. Yes, okay. We did see, I think, in relation to that little piece in the Sun about your health, that your publicist declined to comment.
A. They called my assistant --
Q. Just wait for the question, please.
A. Yes.
Q. It looks as if, rightly or wrongly, someone at the Sun telephoned your assistant or your publicist for comment and quite rightly got no comment. Is that a fair inference?
A. Yes, they will either have phoned the publicist in America, which is unlikely, or they phoned my assistant in London --
MR JAY: Right.
A. -- who is an executive assistant. She's fantastic, but Page 163
she's not a publicist, but they may have given her that label.
Q. Okay, I understand. So it's a standard PA?
A. Right.
Q. It's not really part of her role to advise you in relation to your dealings with the press?
A. Not at all. In terms of the British press, I have no advice except myself.
Q. Right. So if, for example, you give an interview to the press, you consult your own advice and no one else's; is that correct?
A. You're talking about the British press?
Q. Yes.
A. Well, in 17 years I've only given two interviews to the British press. The rest have all been either bought in from abroad or patch and pasted together or invented, and so the question doesn't really arise.
Q. Yes. You gave one interview, I think, in 2002, which has been drawn to my attention. So that you have your bearings, it relates to about the time you were doing a film with Sandra Bullock. Do you remember that?
A. Yes.
Q. I can't remember the name of the film now.
A. "Two Weeks' Notice"?
Q. Yes. The question you got was:

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|  | "How frustrating is it for you that people are more |  | it? Is it fair and right for them to do that, in your |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 3 | obably quite accurately, | 3 | A. I think not. I've always thought if they've obtained |
| 4 | I do get frustrated but I do understand where | 4 | nformation illegally or unethically, why should |
| 5 | e -- where the interest comes from. | 5 | p them with their story? After all, their motive |
| 6 | A. Mm-h | 6 | ver |
| 7 | metty obvious, isn't it, where the interest com | 7 | interest. It's profit. Someone's making money |
| 8 |  | 8 | f this so why should I help them make money out of |
| 9 | A. Yeah, of course people are interested in people's | 9 | invading my privacy? |
| 10 | es. | 10 | Q. Probably it's my fault for not asking the question not |
|  | oes | 11 |  |
| 12 | information illegally. | 12 | hat for |
|  | Q. No, of course not. | 13 | er reason the Daily Mail don't publish. You've |
| 14 | en I think about actors I know, I'd much rath | 14 | your point in relation to how the Daily Mail, you |
| 15 | "ar about who they're shagging than what film they' | 15 | ink, obtained relevant information, but they didn't |
| 16 | , | 16 | it. Eventually it comes out in the United States |
|  | A. That remains | 17 | merica. We don't know on what basis they obtained |
|  | ay | 18 | the information for their story, but once it's out in |
|  | Q. No, fair point, and then you go on probably into an area | 19 | public domain, it's now in the public domain, and so |
| 20 | ich it's unne | 20 | of the |
|  | A. I know that it was given -- that quote, I think, com | 21 | ss -- can now comment, can't they, on the story which |
|  |  | 22 | is now, by definition, in the public domain? |
| 23 | Hollywood Foreign Press Association, the people who | 23 | A. |
| 24 | trol the Golden Globes | 24 | Q. Would you agree |
| 25 | light-hearted occasion and always try to give Page 165 | 25 | A. That's right, and from experience, I know that not only Page 167 |
| 1 | t-hearted answers and as I say in my main statem | 1 | ll they comment but they'll write it as news with |
| 2 | or to about a year ago, if the subject of the British | 2 | le embellishments. For instance, they will say |
| 3 | oids came up in an interview, I took the line th | 3 | end |
| 4 | about everyone else in the country who's ever been | 4 | associate tells us". And those are usually |
| 5 | rosshairs of the British tabloids | 5 | nted. They almost never exist. So they'll create |
| 6 | ich is to give either a neutral answ | 6 | hole new story based on the original story which |
| 7 | answer -- | 7 | uld have a very wrong or twisted slant to it. Hence |
| 8 | Q. Yes. | 8 | y decision to put out a statement to try and give the |
| 9 | A. -- because to speak out and criticise is to invite | 9 | real facts. |
|  | cetera. |  | Q. You've added a sort of extra dimension, quite rightly, that we've got a story which is now in the public |
| 12 |  | 12 | main. Okay? It's unclear, particularly if it's in |
| 13 | I | 13 | States, how the American magazine or newspaper |
| 14 | Hollywood Foreign presentation, was one of those | 14 | tained the story. We simply don't |
| 15 | flippant answers. | 15 | A. |
| 16 | Q. Yes. I assumed it was, Mr Grant. That's why I wasn't | 16 | Q. Once it's in the public domain there, it's in the public |
| 17 | going to read it out. | 17 | ain across the world and now the press here comm |
| 18 | quite rightly | 18 | on it. Your point is: well, what they're certainly |
| 19 | public may be in your private life, that cannot | 19 | t allowed to do is embellish the story, add bits of |
|  | d | 20 | true. Okay, let's agree with that |
|  | unethical news-gathering methods. | 21 | A. Mm-hm |
|  |  | 22 | th if they stop short of doing that and they don't |
| 23 | Q. Is that correct? What happens, though, if information | 23 | mbellish, but all they do is comment on you, maybe in |
| 24 | eventually entered the public domain and then once | 24 | a way you don't like -- |
| 25 | it's in the public domain, the press want to comment on Page 166 | 25 | A. No, that's not -Page 168 |

Q. -- do you have a problem with that?
A. No, I don't mind -- listen, I'm ready for comments.

Believe me, I am very ready for that. I've experienced
a lot of it. As I said earlier, I just do slightly gnash my teeth when those hatchet jobs are based on wrong facts or lazy journalism, like the 21-year-old girlfriend or like: "It was cruel of him to only visit for half an hour" when in fact I was being kind. I mean, I was trying to protect the mother of my child. That's annoying. But of course everyone's entitled to their opinion.
Q. Yes. Obviously the Inquiry needs to consider this issue of embellishment which is incorrect and ways that that can be corrected or addressed. Of course one way it can be corrected is that you can bring proceedings of defamation.
A. Yeah, if it's -- if my lawyer thinks it's defamatory, yeah.
Q. What about complaining to the PCC in relation to recent events? Have you thought about doing that?
A. My experience, as you saw way back in 1996, was not a positive one with the PCC. They took a year to decide that it was a wrongful thing for a hospital to give out my medical records. So I didn't have massive faith in them since then, and in the case of recent events, my Page 169
lawyer did -- before he took out the injunction, while we were trying to work out a strategy to get rid of all these paparazzi and reporters who were besieging the mother of my child's house and making her life miserable and following her -- he did send a warning letter to the newspapers and he sent it via the PCC, and there was a 10 per cent dip in activity outside the house for maybe 12 hours, and then it was back to normal. So my verdict on their contribution to this was that they were ineffectual.
Q. Okay. Another factor in your case, which I suppose adds to the --

LORD JUSTICE LEVESON: Sorry, Mr Jay, let me just consider that for a moment.

The PCC at the moment is monitoring or provides a service to certain of the press but that won't ever touch paparazzi.
A. The freelance paparazzi?

LORD JUSTICE LEVESON: The freelance paparazzi.
A. Right.

LORD JUSTICE LEVESON: So one of the things that one would have to think about is whether one could devise a system that bites irrespective of whether you're employed by a newspaper.
A. Yes. You're probably right. Or to somehow kill the

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market for those pictures. I think, you know, there would be no rogue paparazzi if there wasn't big national papers paying for their pictures, and so I'm not quite sure which end of that you attack first.
LORD JUSTICE LEVESON: Well, the question then arises, which goes back to the question I was asking just a moment ago, about international interest, because one could say -- one could do something about paying for pictures in this country but one wouldn't be able to regulate the sale of pictures abroad.
A. That is true. That is true. But I think, if I'm right, in France there's various laws -- for instance, you can't take someone's picture in a public place, and that does give a much more humane, civilised existence to people in the public eye despite the fact that presumably those pictures could come back in from abroad. Is that what you were saying?
LORD JUSTICE LEVESON: Well, there are various problems. One can think about the domestic market, which is what I'm mainly, obviously, focusing on, but I have in you somebody who has the international perspective because of the interest that's been shown in you internationally.
A. Yes, yes.

LORD JUSTICE LEVESON: I'm just wondering how that plays Page 171
into the picture.
A. I don't know the answer to your question, I'm afraid, in terms of international. All I can tell you is that not just in my opinion, but in the opinion of other people who are quite well-known around the world and who, for instance, sometimes do tours, publicity tours for a film or whatever, they're unanimous in saying that by far and away the worst territory to do any kind of publicity in is this one.
LORD JUSTICE LEVESON: It may be that's right and maybe therefore I just shouldn't worry about anywhere else. I'm just looking for your assistance; that's all.
A. I think that's right. There are certain pockets of quite toxic yellow journalism around the rest of the world, but on the whole, it's still done with a certain elegance, an elegance that we've lost in the last 30 years in this country.
LORD JUSTICE LEVESON: Thank you.
MR JAY: Quite a lot of what you have said is directed to the Daily Mail. Can I ask you this, though: whether in the context of the Amanda Platell article or more generally, if one strips away the factual inaccuracies, particularly in relation to the German woman -- and you've clearly made your point about that -- do you have any other broad objection to her piece, notwithstanding

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that it is true to say it's very critical of you? On a human level, of course the answer is: "Of course I do, I don't like to read that sort of stuff."
A. Yeah.
Q. But I'm asking you to think more abstractly in terms of where the boundaries should be drawn in terms of regulating these pieces. Because after all, all she is doing is exercising her right to comment.
A. Right. Well, that's fine.
Q. That's fine, is it?
A. Yeah, it's fine. It's sad that it's based on so much lazy reporting, you know.
Q. Okay.
A. The visit to the baby and all that kind of -- didn't know the facts, and it is possible that as many of my friends, professors of journalism who have rang me up and said it's clearly a deliberate hatchet job because you're speaking against the tabloid press -- that may be true, but I was reluctant even to talk about it in this statement because I've always felt that comment is comment and it's not really cool to comment on it. But I was persuaded that because of this theory that it might be a stick to beat me with because I'm doing this, that maybe it was relevant.
Q. Yes. I've put in the equation three other articles Page 173
which are admittedly not couched in quite the same language but which make the same sort of critical point about you.
A. Mm-hm.
Q. So we're weighing up quite a lot of material of a similar nature. Maybe you hadn't seen all of those.
A. I haven't seen all of them, thank God, but I'm sure, as I said earlier -- you keep coming back to this point -they are based largely on a lot of misreporting.
Q. Yes.
A. But for the parts that are not based on misreporting, it is perfectly fine to hate me. I have become very accustomed to that. It's been extremely fashionable for a long time and that is what I expect in this country.
Q. Okay. Mr Grant, we probably have another half an hour. I'm going to give you the opportunity now, as I have given previous witnesses, to, as it were, elaborate your opinion. Your opinion is contained mainly in your first statement, beginning at paragraph 39 and 40.
A. Yes. This is where I go through my ten myths.
Q. Your ten myths. What I'd like to do with you is make sure that we've got your points, okay, and that we're not skating over them.
A. Yes.
Q. And that we have them in mind. Your first point is one Page 174

I think we'd probably all agree with, that it isn't only celebrities and politicians who suffer at the hands of popular papers. You've given us quite a few examples there, and indeed some of the examples you've given are human beings who will testify before this Inquiry very shortly.
A. Yeah, I talk about particularly vulnerable people who have been victims of trauma, such as the Dowlers who we saw earlier today, or the victims of the London bombings or families of soldiers killed in Afghanistan. Then I talk about collateral damage.
Q. Yes.
A. Where, say, my phone is hacked but so is my assistant's, my -- you know, my brother's or my father's, whatever it might be. Innocent people having their privacy invaded just because they're in the -- it's collateral damage.

And then I talk about innocent people who have been monstered by the press, like Christopher Jefferies or Robert Murat or Madeleine McCann, who the press have implied very heavily are guilty of heinous crimes when in fact they're entirely innocent.
LORD JUSTICE LEVESON: You didn't mean Madeleine; you mean her parents?
A. I'm sorry, yes.

LORD JUSTICE LEVESON: I understand, and I only corrected Page 175 egregious abuses of privacy were confined to the News of the World and you express your opinion about that. Of course, here you're hitting one of the central points of this Inquiry. This is what we're trying to investigate. We're looking at all the evidence and we've heard your position on all of that.
A. Yes.
Q. And you've given us direct evidence in relation to Mr McMullen and obviously everything he says will be taken fully into account.
A. Yes, and I'd just like to echo what I heard from one of the earlier witnesses, that given the cross-fertilisation of journalists in the tabloid world, it's highly unlikely that they only practise dark arts for one title. They were always swapping titles and I can't believe that they didn't practise those arts in other places as well.
Q. Your third myth is the risking throwing the baby out with the bath water point. Could you elaborate on that one, please, in your own words? What are you getting at there?

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A. Well, it is a commonly voiced opinion that you cannot in any way regulate or improve or legislate or -- for the worst practices of the worst of journalists in this country without damaging free speech, without muzzling proper journalism, and the metaphor that's endlessly bandied about is: be careful of throwing the baby out with the bath water. I've always said that I don't think it is that difficult to tell the difference between what is bath water and what is a baby. To most people, it's bloody obvious, and that I have always thought that you just simply take the baby -- which in this case is excellent journalism; we're lucky to have some of the best in the world in this country -- out of the bath and let the bath water run out.

Everyone says it's a very difficult distinction to make, what's good journalism and what's not, and although I don't say it's black and white, there's a grey area, I think it's a lot less grey than people make it out to be.
Q. Thank you. Your fifth myth is a related point, which is that over-regulation will lead to tyranny. Can I ask you, please, though about what your positive proposals would be in relation to press regulation?
LORD JUSTICE LEVESON: It's not compulsory for you --
A. Sorry, say that again? You're actually on myth four, Page 177

## I think:

"Any attempt to regulate the press means we're heading for Zimbabwe."

Which is another of these arguments like "don't throw the baby out with the bath water" that we often hear, and I simply make the point that (a) that is way too simplistic and (b) very often insincere. It's very often used by tabloid newspapers to protect their lucrative business model, which is, after all, almost no journalism now -- it's mainly the appropriation, usually through illegal means, of British citizens' fundamental rights of privacy to sell them for profit -- and that this argument that you can't in any way deal with that without us living in a state like Zimbabwe is not only absurd but it's also highly convenient for them. There are, of course, many gradations of regulation between Zimbabwe and between being the total free-for-all that we have now.
Q. Yes. I think this Inquiry, if you're able to assist to this extent, is concerned with the gradations particularly in the middle of this spectrum. No one is suggesting, I hope, anything close to a form of regulation which will lead to Zimbabwe or tyranny. We're concerned with something much less extensive than that.
A. You are, yes.
Q. But can you help us, please, with some positive suggestions? It's an invitation. You don't have to take it up.
A. There are forms of -- if you take at one end of the scale state regulation, and you take at the other end of the scale no -- well, self-regulation, there are various gradations in between, including what some might call co-regulation, which would be regulation by -- say a panel that both be comprised of partly journalists but partly also non-journalists, experts in the field, professors of journalism, who would draw up a Code of Ethics and would apply it with proper sanctions, meaningful sanctions, either financial or in terms of apologies, but which would need -- and this is where it gets interesting. To have any teeth and to be meaningful, it would have to have, right at the back, as a backstop, some kind of regulation. Otherwise it would be easy, for instance, for the Express Group, as they have done now, to walk-away from the PCC, and say, "We're not having any of that", or you could set up a new regulator who would find some appalling abuse by a paper and say, "You're fined $£ 200,000$ ", and they say, "We're not paying." Somewhere there has to be a little bit of statute right at the back to make it more Page 179
meaningful. But there are people much more expert on this than me, and I'm sure you'll be calling them.
LORD JUSTICE LEVESON: You're absolutely right that we'll be calling a range of people with ideas, but certainly from my perspective it's abundantly clear this is a topic that you've thought about carefully. You've obviously suffered as you've described and had the experiences you've described, whether justifiably or not, and therefore I wanted to make sure that you had the opportunity to say anything you wanted to say on the subject.
A. Well, I mean I come to that sort of at the end of my statement, yes, that is when I say that I think there are midways that could make everyone happy.

The press is, after all, the only industry in this country that has a profound influence over other people, over our citizens, that is regulated only by itself. There's no other industry like that, whether it's medicine or advertising, it's all regulated, and no one calls for those regulators to be tougher than our press, and yet when it comes to themselves: no regulation, "we'll do it ourselves"; which, although a lovely idea, which would be fantastic if it had worked, has absolutely been shown not to have worked for the last 20 or 30 years. You know, we've had so many last chance

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|  | saloons and it's been a failure, and this is the big |  | able to go straight to the regulator and skip the whole |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 3 | MR JAY: Thank you. The fifth myth: current privacy law | 3 | means, it's a wonderful thing to be able to go to, and |
| 4 | der the Human Rights Act muzzles the press. You make | 4 | that would be the most wonderful thing to come |
| 5 | point a breach of privacy case has never been taken | 5 | ut of this Inquiry, if there was a proper regulator |
| 6 | against the Guardian, to your knowledge. | 6 | ave access to justice of that kind without having |
| 7 | A. Yes. There's a lot of squealing, again from the tabloid | 7 | go through the courts. But there will always be |
| 8 | press, about these injunctions and so on and they say it | 8 | ses when people will have to go through the courts, |
| 9 | muzzles the press and it has a chilling effect, | 9 | nd when they do, it is scandalous, in my opinion, that |
| 10 | et cetera, and I just make the point, well, first | 10 | this will now be -- if what is going through Parliament |
| 11 | all, no one's taken a privacy case against the Guar | 11 | on the back of the Jackson Report happens, people |
| 12 | and secondly, if there's a public interest defence, why | 12 | thout great means will be excluded fro |
| 13 | in the case of many -- the vast majority of these | 13 | look at the Dowlers, used a CFA to |
| 14 | injunction cases, does the newspaper in question not | 14 | their phone hacking case against the News of the World. |
| 15 | even bother to turn up to defend their piece on the | 15 | They would not have been able to make that case, they |
| 16 | grounds of public interest? The judge sits there and | 16 | would not have been able to prosecute that case without |
| 17 | says, "Well, where's the paper?" and the paper doesn't | 17 | CFA. Chris Jefferies, the man wrongly accused of that |
| 18 | turn up, and I ask: is that because there is no public | 18 | urder down in Bristol, wrongly maligned by the press, |
| 19 | interest defence? And I think we all know the answe | 19 | d to use a CFA to get justice. Sara Payne, same |
| 20 | that | 20 | ing. |
| 21 | And I make the point that ultimately it all comes | 21 | Without CFAs, those people have no justice, and this |
| 22 | down to public interest and who is better to decide | 22 | ole campaign to restrict the use of CFAs has been very |
| 23 | whether a piece of journalism is in the public interest | 23 | avily pushed by the tabloid press, and the government, |
| 24 | or not? Would that be a judge or would it be the | 24 | infinite obedience to the tabloid press, has |
| 25 | tabloid editor who stands to profit commercially from Page 181 | 25 | mply said, "Yes, fine." <br> Page 183 |
| 1 | the piece? To me, it's the judge, and I would argue | 1 | Q. Okay, thank you. That's very clear on that point, |
| 2 | that most of the judgments made in these injunction | 2 | r Grant. The eighth point: most sex exposes (exposes, |
| 3 | cases have been right, and nor versus they been biased. | 3 | hink that should be) carry a public interest defence |
| 4 | e saw that in the Rio Ferdinand case recently. The | 4 | hink you've already made your position clear on that, |
| 5 | judges are quite ready to rule the other way, whether | 5 | but -- |
| 6 | rightly or wrongly, wrongly in my opinion in that case, | 6 | A. I--I. |
| 7 | but they're quite ready to go either way, and that all | 7 | Q. -- please say whatever you wish to say in addition. |
| 8 | is fuss from at least the tabloid end of the British | 8 | A. I say that there are certainly cases where there is |
| 9 | press about these injunctions is bogus and convenient. | 9 | a public interest defence. If you're a politician who |
| 10 | Q. Thank you. This leads into the sixth myth, which is | 10 | campaigns on a family values platform, then it's |
| 11 | a related point -- | 11 | definitely a public interest to have his -- and he's |
| 12 | A. Yes, I just mentioned | 12 | being -- you know, having an extramarital affair or he |
| 13 | Q. -- (overspeaking) there you say they don't. You've | 13 | likes to dress up as a nun and sleep with prostitutes, |
| 14 | expressed a view about the Rio Ferdinand case and we'll | 14 | we need to know about it because he's a hypocrite. But |
| 15 | see what happens to that. Permission to appeal has been | 15 | I think that the vast majority of these exposes of |
| 16 | refused by the single lord justice, but we understand | 16 | people's sex life are not in the public interest and the |
| 17 | the application is being renewed. | 17 | public interest defences as offered by tabloid |
| 18 | Myth number 7: privacy can only ever be a rich man's | 18 | newspapers are very flimsy at best. They'll say, oh |
| 19 | toy. That depends a bit on the survival of conditional | 19 | well, you know, Ryan Giggs trades on his reputation, b |
| 20 | fee agreements, doesn't it? | 20 | he doesn't, he trades -- to me, quite clearly, on the |
| 21 | A. I think it depends on that and on establishing a proper | 21 | hat he's a brilliant footballer and I |
| 22 | regulator. | 22 | believe that anyone is buying a pair of Ryan Giggs |
| 23 | Q. | 23 | football boots because they think that he's a great |
| 24 | A. If you establish a meaningful regulator, if you have | 24 | family man. I think they're buying it because he's won |
| 25 | your privacy abused or you're libelled, you should be Page 182 | 25 | lots of trophies for Manchester United. Page 184 |

46 (Pages 181 to 184)

Funnily enough, I read in the Independent this morning that apparently I do the same thing, I trade on my good name, and therefore there's a public interest defence in going into my private life, but I wasn't aware I traded on my good name. I've never had a good name. And it's made absolutely no difference at all. I'm the man who was arrested with a prostitute and the film still made tons of money. It doesn't -- it doesn't matter.
Q. Okay. I think that's very clear, Mr Grant.
A. Okay.
Q. Myth number nine: this is the sort of development of the Faustian pact idea, isn't it?
A. Yes, it's another very common defence of what I would call the privacy invasion industry; some people would call it at tabloid press. What I say is the myth is that people like me want to be in the papers, and need them, and therefore our objections to privacy intrusions are hypocritical.

Then I go on to, at some length, explain how that is a myth that in my business -- for instance, what I need is not to be in the Sun or the Daily Mail or the Mirror; it's to make enjoyable films. That is 85 per cent of success. About 10 per cent of success is that the film is then well marketed. You know, if someone cuts a good Page 185
trailer or a good TV spot.
Then right at the end, about 5 per cent of the success might be that just before the film comes out you bang the drum a bit and do a bit of publicity. So it's quite minor and you are under an obligation to do it, not just -- sometimes it's contractual, but more often it's just a moral obligation. Someone put up a lot of money for the film, hundreds of people, sometimes thousands, have worked on this thing for over a year. If you didn't do a little bit of publicity, you'd be about monster, you'd be a bit of a diva, people would hate you, so you have to do a little bit. But it's only 5 per cent of what contributes to the success of a film, and within that 5 per cent, how much of that is tabloid newspapers or even newspapers at all? Very little. What everyone does now is they favour broadcast media. You reach many more people faster, you can't be misquoted, so everyone is doing television and radio.

If tabloids were so important to the success of a film or the success of an actor or the success of a singer, why is it that, for instance, none of us in the large ensemble cast of "Love Actually" talked to any tabloid newspaper at all when the film was released and the film was still gigantic. The theory put about by the tabloid papers, that they are responsible for the

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success of films and they create stars, is entirely spurious. It's either their mad arrogance, because they live in this funny cocoon of self-importance, or it's highly convenient because it gives them a chance to the say, "If anyone criticises us, it's hypocritical."
Q. Particularly if one goes back towards the start of your successful part of your career in the early 1990s, didn't it help your career that you were quite constantly in the public eye?
A. No.
Q. Didn't that make you more attractive to future filmmakers, possibly?
A. No. That is another --
Q. Why do you say that?
A. I would argue that's another myth put about by tabloids. What made me attractive to other the filmmakers was that "Four Weddings and a Funeral" made gazillions at the box office. That's all they care about. After all, a couple of films later, as I say, I was arrested with a prostitute, got a lot of -- you couldn't call it positive press, and I was still very hirable because the films made money. That's all that, in terms of a career, that the studios cared about, and audiences only care about whether the film is entertaining or not. I could show you examples of films that is have Page 187
wall-to-wall tabloid coverage before they come out and still die at the box office because they're not entertaining. It's a big myth.

I personally have actually argued with my lawyer over the years when making settlements, libel or whatever, with papers, saying, "Please, forget money, forget an apology, just make them give an undertaking never to mention my name again", and I could bring you a list of hundreds of people in the public eye in this country who would happily sign up for that. It's such a myth to say oh, we want it so badly, we're so vain, we're dying to be in the papers. It's the last thing anybody wants, to be in a British tabloid paper, unnecessary, so long as the work you were doing at that moment is okay.
Q. You deal with, I suppose, one aspect or the last aspect of the Faustian pact point in paragraphs 81 to 82 of your statement.
A. Yeah.
Q. What is the consideration, if one uses a legal term, if you do an interview with a newspaper or magazine? You're saying here, well, it doesn't give a lifelong licence to publish whatever you like about the subject matter of the interview?
A. Yes.

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Q. That, of course, must be right as a matter of common sense, but it surely gives some licence to comment, possibly unfavourably, on the subject matter of the interview?
A. Yeah, of course, that would be fine. Absolutely fine. But I'm talking here about intrusion, and I have heard the defence quite frequently from tabloid papers: "Oh, well, you know, if you have ever talked about your private life, then you have no defence, you have no right to an expectation of privacy", which I think is absurd. Because anyone -- I mean, as I told you earlier, I think I've only done two interviews ever with the British press, but when anyone does do an interview, it is, after all, a bargain. The press of that paper gets a boost in sales, they hope, and the person who's giving the interview gets a bit of noise about their forthcoming project. And like any barter, when it's over, it's over. If I sell you a pint of milk for 50p, I would not expect you to come to me forever afterwards, saying, "You slut, you sold me milk once. I can now help myself to your milk forever." I would think you were mad.
Q. I think your point is more specifically that having conducted this little contract, it certainly doesn't authorise the press subsequently to investigate you in Page 189
an unlawful or unethical way or intrude into your privacy?
A. That is what I'm saying. Yes, exactly that. I do believe that enshrined in our bill of rights, you know, article 8 is a person's basic expectation of a right to privacy, and I don't think that you should have to give that up just because you once gave an interview about a film to the Daily Mirror.
Q. Yes. Then the tenth myth is the lovable rogue point.
A. Yes.
Q. Which you say they clearly are not.
A. Well, you know, you see them glamourising themselves as, you know: "We might be a bit naughty but we get the story", but when the story has been obtained by hacking the phone of a murdered school girl or of the family of a soldier killed in Afghanistan, I don't find that lovable and naughty. I found that cowardly and bullying and shocking, and most shocking is that this has been allowed to go on for so long with no one putting their hand up and saying, "Stop." Not the police, because they're intimidated, not our MPs, because they've been intimidated, and not our government, because they've been intimidated.
Q. Your positive proposals for the future you've touched on already and they're encapsulated, are they not, in

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paragraph 88 of your statement?
A. Yes. We sort of went over them. I give you -- well, paragraph 86, in a nutshell, it seems clear to me that it should be unacceptable and illegal to deprive a person of their fundamental human right to privacy unless there is a real public interest defence. It's not rocket science and the ways I would protect it are (1) I would resist the clamour of the privacy-stealing industry to close down our privacy law as it's emerged through common law, through the Human Rights Act, and I would disband the PCC and create a proper regulator with teeth, which would not only protect people from abuses of privacy or libel as a first port of call, but it would also be there to protect good journalism. You know, this is the other side of all this. I'm, for instance, keen on libel reform. I'm keen to see good journalism protected as much as one possibly can. I'm the reverse of a muzzler. But I personally feel that the licence that the tabloid press has had to steal British citizens' privacy for their commercial profit -very often vulnerable British citizens -- is a scandal that weak governments for too long have allowed to pass.
MR JAY: Mr Grant, is there anything else you wish to tell the Inquiry? We've covered the ground --
A. No. I mean, it's a strange form of interview, in Page 191 seeing as it's in my statement. It's my conclusion. I just say:
"I don't want to see the end of popular print journalism. I wouldn't want a country that was fawning to power or success. I like and admire and would always want to protect the British instinct to be sceptical, irreverent, difficult and to take the piss and that a free press is, of course, the cornerstone of democracy."

There's no question about that. I just think that there has been a section of our press that has become -allowed to become toxic over the last 20 or 30 years,

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    yes.
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## Discussion

MR CAPLAN: Only this: that you made a ruling on 9 November. If anybody was thinking of exercising their rights under section 38 of the Act to seek any review of that ruling, the time obviously expires on Wednesday. Since then, of course, there has been a draft anonymity protocol. I think you invited any further submissions to be with you by last Thursday at 5 o'clock. We've certainly put in some submissions. I was just raising the matter to see if you wished to confirm the protocol or add anything during the course of tomorrow before the time limit expires.
LORD JUSTICE LEVESON: I'm happy to do that. I think that essentially many of the points to be made I take on board. I'm happy to clarify some things if they need clarifying -- I'm not entirely sure they do -- but I'd be surprised if anything in the protocol could impact on the fundamental decision that I made in my ruling. But if there's anything that needs to be done tomorrow, I'll do it.
I think there are two slightly separate issues. There's the anonymity that I've granted to one of Mr Sherborne's clients, who I know as HJK, and there are some knock-on consequences as to how we're going to deal

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with his evidence. In the absence of anybody saying anything to the contrary, I propose to maintain that anonymity and to allow him to give evidence in a way that ensures it.

That will require taking certain measures. For example, he's likely to give evidence in a cleared Inquiry room. Obviously the core participants' lawyers will be present, but otherwise, nobody. I'm likely not to have the running transcript but to publish a transcript as soon thereafter as possible, in case something emerges that needs to be redacted. In that way, I hope that his evidence will be put into the public domain but in a form that doesn't damage the anonymity that he has sought and which I have found to be justifiable.

If anybody has any comment about that -I appreciate you've only just recently seen the suggestions in that regard -- I'd be very, very interested to hear them. As regards other people, I'll make sure that I have a final protocol for you to look at tomorrow, but as I say, I don't think it should really make a difference to whether or not there is an issue that's worthy of ventilation in the Divisional Court, which of course is your decision entirely.
MR CAPLAN: Thank you.

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## LORD JUSTICE LEVESON: Mr Jay?

MR JAY: Just a couple of points. First, we just received submissions from the Metropolitan Police in relation to the anonymity protocol just this afternoon, so those will have to be considered for obvious reasons.
LORD JUSTICE LEVESON: Yes. Now that's come out, I'll say the reason there hasn't been one is because it was only up to literally the end of Friday that I saw the last one. I wasn't sure we'd got them all -- and indeed, now you've heard that I hadn't got them all -- and I didn't want to finalise anything until we'd heard from anybody. That's what I say in my own defence, which I wasn't going to say anything about.

Right, anything else, Mr Jay?
MR JAY: In relation to HJK, there's one issue which need be touched on, whether when he gives his evidence he will not give evidence in relation to any named newspaper. In other words, that will be redacted out of his evidence.
LORD JUSTICE LEVESON: Yes. I've made it clear, I think, if not in a ruling then certainly in argument, that in relation to any anonymous witness, in order to protect the position of any of the media, it would be quite wrong to allow names or titles to be identified. I'm not going to make decisions about names and titles. As

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| 1 | everybody knows, I'm looking at custom and practices and |
| :---: | :---: |
| 2 | ethics across the piece, which is why my questions to |
| 3 | Mr Grant were of general rather than specific topics. |
| 4 | I would adopt the same process for HJK, so if that's |
| 5 | a matter of concern to anybody, then they should say so. |
| 6 | Thank you. Well, thank you very much indeed. |
| 7 | I repeat my thanks, as I will to all the witnesses, |
| 8 | particularly those who have come, as all have today, |
| 9 | voluntarily. Thank you very much. |
| 10 | ( 4.28 pm ) |
| 11 | (The hearing adjourned until 10 o'clock the following day) |
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[^0]:    Q. First of all, it shows a picture. It says that you're holding hands with someone but if one looks closely at the photograph -- I'm not giving expert evidence here -it doesn't in fact look as if you are holding hands.
    A. Correct; you can see the palm of her hand.
    Q. Yes. Is the woman in the photograph, as it were, correctly depicted?
    A. Again, I -- I'm useless with this folder. I can't --
    Q. We provided it to you separately.

    MR SHERBORNE: Can I hand up my copy?
    MR JAY: Yes.
    MR SHERBORNE: I don't think Mr Grant has this. (Handed)
    MR JAY: No.
    A. So, there's three girls in this article, three pictures of three girls.
    Q. Yes. We're looking at the one at the bottom of the page.
    A. Sorry, two girls.
    Q. Yes.
    A. Yes. Is that --
    Q. It's the same girl?
    A. That is the same girl.
    Q. Yes. Because to be clear, the article on the following day, 4 November, is some different young woman altogether?

