1	Thursday, 10 May 2012	1	moved to the Internet, and within the national newspaper
2	(10.00 am)	2	group a sort of increase in the amount of competition
3	Statement by LORD JUSTICE LEVESON	3	for advertising if you like with the emergence of the
4	LORD JUSTICE LEVESON: On Sunday last there was an article	4	Internet and the growth of online news services mean
5	in the Independent on Sunday which disclosed details	5	that circulation is harder to come by.
6	which are in fact part of Mr Coulson's witness	6	Q. In terms of your flagship paper, if I can describe it
7	statement. Using the power vested in me under Section	7	that way, the Daily Mail, of course it remains
8	21 of the Inquiries Act, I have caused an inquiry to be	8	profitable, doesn't it?
9	made of the editor of the Independent on Sunday and	9	A. Yes, it does.
10	I anticipate that as a result he will be interposed at	10	Q. Do you have a view as to why that is?
11	some stage during the course of today's evidence to deal	11	A. I think that the Daily Mail has been built on very firm
12	with the issue.	12	ground. It has a loyal readership base. It has a good
13	Right.	13	place in the market. People are willing to pay
14	MR JAY: Sir, the first witness today is the Viscount	14	a healthy amount of money for it in cover price, from
15	Rothermere, please.	15	which 60 per cent of our revenue is derived, and that
16	VISCOUNT ROTHERMERE (sworn)	16	means that we are able to withstand the storm of
17	Questions by MR JAY	17	economies better than others.
18	MR JAY: Lord Rothermere, your full name, please?	18	Q. You also explain in paragraph 6 that you're very proud
19	A. Jonathan Harold Esmond Vere Harmsworth.	19	of what has already been achieved with MailOnline. What
20	LORD JUSTICE LEVESON: Lord Rothermere, thank you very much	20	in particular gives you pride in relation to that
21	for your statement and for the obvious care that you've	21	publication?
22	taken in putting it together.	22	A. I think that well, firstly, MailOnline is a global
23	A. Thank you.	23	has a global footprint. It is one of the most looked at
24	MR JAY: Your statement is dated 3 May. You've signed it.	24	newspaper sites in the world, and has grown to that
25	There isn't a formal statement of truth, that doesn't	25	level quite quickly and is growing faster than others,
	Page 1		Page 3
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1	matter. This is the evidence you're content that our	1	so I suspect it will become the number one site.
1 2	matter. This is the evidence you're content that our Inquiry receive; is that right Lord Rothermere?	1 2	so I suspect it will become the number one site. It's built on a fundamental belief that I share
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6

- 1 personal role in achieving this vision -- that's the
- 2 strategy, as it were, through your group of
- 3 publications -- is "to promote these principles which
- 4 are built on my own personal and family values".
- 5 A. Yes.
- 6 Q. Which aspects of those would you particularly draw to
- 7 our attention?
- 8 A. Well, I think in my witness statement I talk about three
- 9 things: pride in our products and services. I think my
- 10 family have always had a tremendous pride in the
- 11 newspapers that our company produce, and in the
- journalists that produce them. That's something that
- 13 I care very deeply about and which my predecessors did
- 14 also
- 15 We also have a fundamental belief in people who work
- 16 for us, and particularly the editors and entrepreneurs
- 17 who run a lot of our businesses. We believe in
- 18 supporting them, helping them, but basically having
- 19 faith and trust in them, and that's, I think, a strong
- 20 differentiator for us.
- 21 And I also think that I'd like to think that our
- 22 company has the courage to think innovatively and to try
- 23 new things and to go into new markets. Those are the
- 24 sort of principles that Lord Northcliffe and my great
- 25 grandfather had when they started the company and
- 1 I fervently hope that those are the principles we still

Page 5

- 2 have today.
- 3 Q. Thank you. Your statement deals with the various
- 4 corporate structures interlocking and over-arching.
- 5 We're going to take those as read, Lord Rothermere. Can
- 6 I come straight to paragraph 42, which is our
- 7 page 03297.
- 8 A. Yes.
- 9 Q. You say in the third line:
- 10 "The editors have complete editorial
- 11 independence ..."
- 12 And then I paraphrase: the editors are subject to
- 13 the same corporate governance structures as everyone
- 14 else
- Is that something which comes from you, namely the conferring of complete editorial independence, or from
- somewhere else? Because you could, if you wished,
- intrude, couldn't you?
- 19 A. Potentially, yes. I think that -- well, I was always
- $20 \qquad \text{brought up to believe that specialists should do their} \\$
- job and that it's the job of the proprietor to enable
- them to do that and to protect them, in fact, so I feel
- 23 that it's my job to protect the independence of
- 24 editorial. That's my position and that's where I get my
- 25 authority from. My justification, if you like, for the
 - Page 6

- 1 job that I do. My father felt the same way, and I think
- 2 my grandfather felt the same way also.
 - I think that's what gives us value, and ...
- 4 Q. It may be, Lord Rothermere, you're not, if I may say so,
- 5 particularly a political person. Paragraph 48 makes
 - clear you were a cross bench peer in the House of Lords,
- 7 so is it fair to say that you are apolitical or is that
- 8 unfair?
- 9 A. I would say that I think it's very important in my role
- 10 for me to not exhibit partisan political -- because
- 11 I think it puts undue pressure on my editors to support
- 12 perhaps a political view that they think that I may
- 13 have. I don't want to influence them through inference,
- so -- and I also think it's important for me to be
- available to people from all political parties to
- approach me if they feel that the paper's been unfair to
- 17 them, if they seek redress. That's why I took that
- 18 decision.

1

- 19 Q. In terms of some of the positions the paper might have
- 20 taken over the years, have you ever felt personally
- 21 uncomfortable with them?
- 22 A. At times inevitably the paper will do things which makes
- one feel uncomfortable, and I think that it's at that
- 24 point which really stretches the notion of everything
- 25 I've said, but as I said, I let my editors edit, and
 - Page 7
 - however uncomfortable it makes me feel, I believe
- 2 they're the people who have the responsibility, and so
- 3 therefore they should have the authority.
- 4 Q. I'm not going to come up with examples, since this isn't
- 5 going to help the discourse at all, but in terms of what
- 6 might give you discomfort, are we talking sometimes
- 7 about political positions the paper might take or not?
- 8 A. It may -- no, largely not on political grounds, no. It
- 9 may be around friends of mine who are being attacked in
- $10 \qquad \hbox{ the new spaper, people I have a high regard for who} \\$
- 11 I think are being attacked in the newspaper. It may be
- sensitive stories about people who I feel that maybe
- 13 I feel for on a sort of empathetic level, but I try and
- 14 keep those feelings to myself.
- 15 LORD JUSTICE LEVESON: You said just a moment ago that it's
- important that all political parties feel able to
- approach you if they feel that they've been treated
- 18 unfairly.
- 19 **A. Yes.**
- 20 LORD JUSTICE LEVESON: Maybe we're going to come back to
- 21 that, but can I just pick up that answer for one moment
- and ask this: is that well known? In other words, do
- 23 the major political parties know that if they feel the
- Mail editorial line has treated them unfairly, they
- could come to you?

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- A. I -- sir, I don't know what they think. Certainly, when
- 2 I've had meetings with politicians, they have
- 3 expressed -- of all parties -- expressed unhappiness
- 4 with some of the coverage in the newspaper. Largely,
- 5 I refer them back to Paul Dacre, but if there is an
- 6 instance which I feel justifies merit, then I may well
- 7 bring that up with Paul and say that -- and recommend
- 8 that he look into it and talk to that politician to seek
- 9 out the truth.

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- 10 So if they say that we've run something which is 11
- blatantly untrue, and that is probably -- I won't get 12 involved on a level of opinion, but if someone comes to
- 13 me and says, "Your newspaper has printed an untruth, it
- 14 is categorically a mistake", then I will say to Paul,
- 15 "This person has written to me", and it is normally
- 16 a letter, "complaining about this which they say is
- 17 untrue, would you please look into it" and he and the
- 18 legal team look into it and either talk to the
- 19 politician and sort it out directly or write back to me
- 20 and say that there is no truth in it -- sometimes people
- 21 have a different opinion as to truth.
- 22 LORD JUSTICE LEVESON: So it's just a system that's built
- 23 up. It's not something that you've made known?
- 24 A. No, I -- well, yes, it's not something I've made known,
- 25 and to be honest, I don't really invite it, because
 - Page 9

- ultimately, the commercial reputation that we have is
- 2 with our readers and advertisers, and they continue to
 - read our newspaper and continue to advertise in our
- 4 newspaper, and I think you can see with the closure of
- 5 the News of the World what happens when they do -- when
- 6 the reputation is so badly affected that advertisers and
- 7 readers stop buying the product.
- 8 Q. That's the commercial end point of the process. You
 - said we wouldn't be having this Inquiry if the
- 10 reputation of the press were not a matter of concern.
- 11 Without differentiating between any section of the press
- 12 or any particular print title, do you think that those
- 13 concerns which you're referring to are justified?
- 14 A. Well, I can see why people have concerns for the press.
- 15 After all, it does appear to have quite a lot of power,
- 16 and some elements of our industry have not necessarily
- 17 acted in the right way, apparently, so it is probably,
- 18 you know, worthy of review. However, I feel pretty
- 19 confident that our newspaper has acted ethically and I'm
- 20 willing to stand up for us.
- 21 Q. As you say in paragraph 44, you will, of course, discuss
- 22 issues of concern with your editors, so some of these
- 23 concerns must enter onto your radar in terms of what
- 24 your print titles are doing; is that correct?
- 25 A. Yes, sometimes.

Page 11

- 1 I don't think that is -- I don't wish to get into
- 2 a position of having to constantly deal with this issue
- 3 because obviously the newspaper is writing controversial
- 4 things all the time, so it is --
- 5 LORD JUSTICE LEVESON: That's actually why I asked you the
- 6 question.
- 7 A. Yes.
- 8 MR JAY: You were talking in general terms about the nature
- 9 of your concerns. Does it amount to this, that as
- 10 a fair-minded person, as I'm sure you are, there have
- 11 been occasions when you feel that the paper may have
- 12 gone too far in terms of intrusiveness, in terms of the
- 13 tone and substance sometimes of some of its material?
- 14 Is that it?
- 15 A. Well, sometimes we have breached or appear to have
- 16 breached and made apologies, and of course at those
- 17 times I am -- I regret those instances.
- 18 Q. In paragraph 44 of your statement, in the fourth line,
- 19 you refer to the reputation of your business. I've been
- 20 asked to raise this specifically with you,
- 21 Lord Rothermere. How do you measure reputation?
- 22 A. Well, it is a very good question. Clearly we wouldn't
- 23 be having this Inquiry if the reputation of the press
- 24 wasn't under serious concern, and as a leading
- 25 newspaper, we have to take that on board. However,
 - Page 10

- 1 Q. When you say in paragraph 45, about two-thirds of the
- 2 way through it -- we're on page 03298, "We allow our
- 3 editors to make editorial decisions without reference to
- 4 commercial considerations", again I've been asked to
- explore that with you, Lord Rothermere. What do you
 - mean by "commercial considerations" in that sentence?
 - A. Commercial considerations would be, I suspect,
- 8 advertisers, for example. Sometimes they threaten to
- 9 pull advertising if they don't like a particular line of
- 10 stories or they feel they've been harshly treated. Our
- 11 editors are encouraged to pursue what they feel is the
- 12 truth rather than react to coercion.
- 13 Q. Although, particularly with MailOnline, where you are
- 14 able to identify the most visited sites on a particular
- 15 day, inevitably you will have an eye on what is or
- 16 appears to be most appealing to your readers, wouldn't
- 17 you?

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- 18 A. Yes.
- 19 Q. Mr Murdoch expressed a view about MailOnline. Let's see
- 20 what your reaction to it is, whether you agree with him.
- 21 This was in the transcript Day 65, page 83, line 10. He 22 told us this:
- 23
- "The MailOnline, which is unrecognisable as part of 24 the Daily Mail, I think Mr Dacre doesn't have a computer
- 25 and said to someone else, 'You do this', that just

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best practice.

- 1 steals. But they have their own gossip, they steal
- 2 gossip from everybody. It's a great sort of gossip
- 3 site. Or bad, whichever way you look at it. And comes
- 4 right up to the barrier of what is fair use of other
- 5 people's material."
- 6 I can't deliver that in the same way as Mr Murdoch
- 7 did sitting in that seat, but is there any basis for
- 8 what he said?
- 9 A. Certainly MailOnline glories in the fact that it isn't
- 10 just a newspaper online. It has been -- I think one of
- 11 reasons why it's been so successful is it's taken all
- 12 the advantages that the online world offer journalism
- 13 and it's able to take advantage of it and build a better
- 14 relationship with its users or readers.
 - I think that our business is about journalism more than about newspapers, and Mr Murdoch is, you know,
- 17 entitled to his view.

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- 18 Q. I think he was suggesting, though, that MailOnline
- 19 pilfers material from other sites and other newspapers.
- 20 Isn't that the point he was making?
- 21 A. Honestly, I don't get involved in that level of
- 22 executive control. I know that Martin Clarke gave
- 23 a statement yesterday, so he's probably better able to
- 24 answer that question than I.
- 25 Q. Then he said, and I paraphrase now, "there's no profit
 - Page 13

in it" -- I think he's saying at the moment MailOnline

- 1 Q. Tends to support one particular party, doesn't it?
- 2
- 2 makes no profit, we'll come back to that -- "according
- 3 to their public statements". He's obviously been
- 4 studying you quite closely. Then he says:
- 5 "Yet. Their hope is for profit. Profit motive,
- 6 perhaps, but I think that would include everybody."
- 7 I'm sure it would.
- Is it the position that MailOnline will be entering 8
- 9 into profit soon?
- 10 A. We certainly hope so, and indeed if we didn't reinvest
- so much of its current revenues in expanding it, then it 11
- 12 would already be profitable.
- 13 Q. Thank you. Paragraph 46 now. Since he gave evidence to
- 14 us in January, Mr Wright has moved on and he's now the
- 15 first editor emeritus in charge of standards for your
- 16 newspapers?
- 17 A. Yes.
- 18 Q. Could you explain, please, the general remit of his role
- 19 in that capacity?
- 20 A. He is to work with Paul in overseeing the managing
- 21 editors and to make sure that appropriate ethical
- 22 conduct and regulation is enforced throughout our
- 23 organisation.
- 24 Q. But how is he supposed to do that?
- 25 A. By working closely with the editor, by talking with the
 - Page 14

usually makes its position clear, doesn't it?

legal team, with the journalists, by building

training going through the journalists -- all our

basically utilising all his skills as a journalist of

to do with the issues which have arisen during this

make way for a younger, newer editor for various

appropriate conduct and ethical conduct.

to the editorial assessment of their merits."

Q. Then the last sentence of paragraph 45 you say:

journalists are appropriately trained. You know,

some note and huge experience in order to ferret out

Q. Was the appointment of Mr Wright to that post anything

Inquiry or would you have done it anyway, do you think?

reasons, which -- some personal, which I don't wish to

go into, but Paul wanted to retain Peter's great skills as a journalist to help him in navigating a path through

"Our newspapers do not have political allegiances

but support or criticise government policies according

hold back from criticising government, but in terms of

Page 15

It's certainly fair to say the Daily Mail doesn't

its political allegiances, at General Election time it

A. No, I think Mr Wright -- Paul felt that Mr Wright should

a relationship, by making sure that there's appropriate

A. I -- yes.

A. Seemingly, yes.

- 3 Q. And the brand, that's been described in all sorts of
 - different ways. There's a piece in the Independent, no
- 5 less, which refers to the values of Middle England.
- 6 That more or less sums it up, doesn't it?
- 7 A. Yes. I mean, the newspaper -- a good editor reflects
- 8 the views of his readership, and I would say that the
- 9 area of concern that I would have is if Paul suddenly
- 10 went off on a wing and supported a political party which
- 11 the readership did not believe in. I think a good
- 12 editor has to reflect the views of its readership, and
- 13 not lead them, but, you know, work in, if you like,
- 14 collusion with the readers.
- 15 LORD JUSTICE LEVESON: But doesn't that involve a certain
- 16 measure of leadership, to spot what is likely to work
- 17 and then to take, as it were, the next step? Some of
- 18 the campaigns presumably have been very much led, and
- 19 you would say very well led --
- 20 A. Yes.
- 21 LORD JUSTICE LEVESON: -- by the paper, isn't that fair?
- 22 A. That is exactly fair and that is what a great editor
- 23 should do. He should have an affinity with what his
- 24 readers care about and fight a cause that he feels that
- 25 they believe in.

- MR JAY: I think the point that's being made, it's not just
- 2 a reflection of what the readers want. It is
- 3 anticipating what they might want and moving forward
- 4 with campaigns which are assessed might appeal to them.
- 5 Isn't there a sense of leading opinion in that way?
- 6 Would you agree?
- 7 A. I think yes, but it may not be necessarily leading
- 8 opinion. It may be highlighting an opinion, it may
- 9 be -- editing is as much about what you focus on as
- opposed to what you don't focus on. So take, for
- example, the plastic bag -- the Tesco's plastic bag
- 12 story, where we campaigned against not just Tesco's but
- against the use of plastic bags in supermarkets.
- 14 I don't know where that campaign originated or how Paul
- 1 don't know where that campaign originated or now I dar
- got involved in it, but I certainly felt that his
- readers had an affinity for it, even though many of them
- 17 might have used plastic bags in supermarkets. Does that
- 18 answer your question?
- 19 LORD JUSTICE LEVESON: Yes, I'm actually trying to work out
- where the balance lies. You've made the position very
- clear in relation to your own position, and you've
- 22 identified where you see the editor sits, and I'm just
- not sure, just pursuing the question Mr Jay has asked,
- whether it isn't part of the editor's job to identify
- 25 what is next going to be the issue that truly affects

- 1 Lord Rothermere, which is exhibit LR1, it starts at
- 2 page 03281. So we understand its provenance, it's been
- 3 compiled from your personal diaries; is that correct?
- $4 \quad \textbf{A. It's been compiled from my personal diaries and from} \\$
- 5 Finsbury, who have been helping us with this area.
- 6 Q. So you can't put this forward as necessarily
- 7 100 per cent accurate, but you've done the best you can
- 8 to assist the Inquiry with the materials you've got,
- 9 going back over ten years, is that a fair summary?
- 10 A. That is absolutely correct.
- 11 Q. If we look at the first page of the list, which starts
- on 11 February 2002, our page 03282.
- 13 **A. Yes.**
- 14 Q. Without examining this in very fine detail, would you
- agree that the picture which might emerge or does emerge
- is that until about 2008 you were seeing more government
- 17 and Liberal Democrat politicians than Conservative
- 18 politicians?
- 19 A. Yes. I think that's about right.
- 20 Q. You saw Mr Clegg on at least three occasions. Were you
- 21 reasonably close to him?
- 22 A. I've known Nick Clegg since he was an MEP for Leicester,
- 23 which is where we have the Leicester Mercury and he was
- 24 an MEP in that area and he helped us with some
- 25 legislation in Europe in the late 1990s so I got to know

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- 1 those whom he understands read the Daily Mail.
- 2 A. I would agree with that. I think it's a fair
- 3 assessment.
- 4 MR JAY: In terms of assessing these matters, you defer to
- 5 the judgment of Mr Dacre; is that correct?
- 6 A. Of course, yes.
- 7 Q. Are these matters the subject of frequent discussion
- 8 between you and him?
- 9 A. Not really. I don't -- if he decides to launch
- a campaign, he doesn't feel the need to tell me about it
- and nor do I feel he needs to. It's his job and I let
- 12 him get on with it.
- 13 Q. I'm sure that's right, but are there occasions in which
- 14 particular campaigns nonetheless are discussed between
- 15 him and you?
- 16 A. I can't remember one. I think the reason I brought up
- 17 the plastic bag campaign is because he didn't tell
- anybody and actually at the time we were polybagging
- 19 quite a lot of copies of the Sunday paper and we had to
- change our supplier to a biodegradable polybag, so
- 21 I think I might have said, "If you'd given us a bit of
- 22 notice, we could have done that before you launched the
- 23 campaign", but ...
- 24 Q. Fair enough. Your dealings or relations with
- politicians, you've kindly provided us with a list,

Page 18

- 1 him then, yes.
- 2 Q. "General discussion". We've seen that under the subject
- 3 matter of others' similar lists. That's presumably
- 4 because you can't remember precisely what was discussed
- 5 at this distance, would you agree?
- 6 A. Yes.
- 7 Q. The sort of things, though, which might be discussed,
- 8 would you discuss the general political issues of the
- 9 day?
- 10 A. Yes, generally. Politicians like to talk about their
- general issues and they like to talk about what they're
 - trying to achieve and it's very interesting to listen to
- 13 **them.**

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- 14 Q. Do they ever discuss media-related policies?
- 15 A. Unless it's a formal meeting, in my experience they
- really don't like talking about special interests, so --
- in a full meeting, for example, where you go to there
- in a ran meeting, for example, where you go to there
- and there's public servants there then there's an agenda
- 19 and you can talk about the issues that you want to
- 20 discuss, but largely when it comes to personal
- 21 engagement, they talk about -- you know, they try and
- impress you with what they're trying to do with the country and their vision for the country and then they
- 24 might complain about the fact that the paper's not
- supporting them, but they don't talk about the

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more meetings.

major force in Parliament?

interests of your paper?

- 1 commercial interests of our newspapers. Nor do
- 2 I encourage them to, to be honest.
- 3 Q. Standing back from this, no one is suggesting that you
- 4 meet with politicians with great frequency, but what do
- 5 you think is in it for them? Why do they want to engage
- 6 with you in this way at all?
- 7 A. Well, I think, coming back to my, you know, comments
- 8 earlier on, I think honestly sometimes they feel the
 - paper's been hard on them and I think they try and
- 10 implore, you know, on me, to have some sort of
- 11 influence, and I tell them that that's not going to be
- 12 the case, but honestly I would have to -- I think you
- 13 really should ask them the question of why they feel the
- 14 need to meet with me, but ultimately that's what I think
- 15 is going on.

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- 16 O. But if they know that there's little point imploring you
- 17 for your papers to back off, why do they persist?
- 18 A. I don't know. That's really a question for them.
- 19 Q. We've heard from one other proprietor, I think, that
- 20 there are frequent emails or in the nature of text
- 21 message exchanges between him and a politician. Is that
- 22 the sort of way you operate or not?
- 23 A. No. I don't send text -- I mean I've sent two text
- 24 messages. One was to Nick Clegg and the other one was
- 25 to David Cameron and it was after the public debate
 - Page 21

- 25 commercial relationship with all government, so that
 - Page 23

think -- seeing more Tories? Perhaps I think Finsbury

were suggesting that there's a chance they may win the

relationship with meeting shadow ministers to find out

them on a commercial basis, and then I suspect also that

leaders of the opposition want to, you know, try and get

in with high-ranking media individuals so they instigate

assess that the Conservative Party was likely to win the

A. I have to say that it did look like there was going to

Q. Indeed. Is there any sense, though, that you would want

to be becoming closer to the likely winning party of the

next election because that would safeguard or might

A. Well, obviously it's important for us to have a good

safeguard, as best it could, the general commercial

be some form of change and it would be -- it's important

what their commercial ideas were, to familiarise with

going to do, so there was this sort of formal

Q. Is this fair, that you like others were beginning to

next election -- that was the 2010 election, of

course -- or at least if not win it, at least be the

for the company to become adaptable to that.

election so we needed to hear more about what they were

- 1 before the last election saying, "Congratulations on
- 2 a job well done". That's the only two text messages
- 3 I can recall ever sending them.
- 4 Q. We know Mr Dacre was personally quite close to Mr Brown.
- 5 Did you have a view about that?
- 6 A. I -- not really. I thought it was amusing and I used to
- 7 tease Paul about it, but basically he was entitled to
- 8 have a relationship with whoever he wants. Personally,
- 9 I like Gordon very much, so I wasn't opposed to it.
- 10 Q. But why did you think it was amusing, though?
- 11 A. Because Paul has a view of the world which is,
- 12 I suspect, quite different from -- and an economic view
- 13 of the world which is quite different from Gordon, but
- 14 they shared an affinity with one another, which is
- 15 surprising.
- 16 Q. In 2008, and other commentators have remarked on this,
- 17 there appears to have been a shift more back to the
- 18 Mail's natural habitat, namely the Conservative Party,
- 19 and that's reflected to some extent by your own
- 20 engagements. Would you agree with that?
- 21 A. Yes, probably.
- 22 Q. Why is it that the Mail is shifting back to the Tories
- 23 and you're seeing more Tories? Why is that the
- 24 position?
- 25 A. I think -- well, it's in the nature of -- I don't

Page 22

- 1 they can listen to what we have to say over various
- 2 elements to do with regulation, and I make no apology
- 3 for that. It would be -- but did we seek to familiarise
- 4 with themselves to get extra favours? No, we didn't,
- 5 and there's no reason for us to have done that. There's
- 6 no favours that we sought anyway.
- 7 Q. I'm not saying there was a discussion which amounted to
- 8 an express quid pro quo in exchange of favours, but we
- 9 know, for example, in 2008 that you were still extolling
- 10 the virtues of self-regulation of the press, weren't
- 11 you?
- 12 A. Yes.
- 13 Q. Was that a topic, you think, which you ever discussed
- 14 with the politicians we see listed here, particularly in
- 15 2008 to 2010?
- 16 A. I can't recall it. I can't be positive that I didn't,
- 17
- 18 Q. But do you think it's a topic that you're likely to have
- 19 discussed?
- 20 A. No, I don't think I'd have brought it up. The
- 21 regulation of the press has only really become a big
- 22 issue recently. Until that time, government was largely
- 23 happy with the way the PCC was run. That's certainly my
- 24 understanding of it. And so there would have been no
- 25 real reason to bring it up.

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- LORD JUSTICE LEVESON: There was an issue, wasn't there, in
- 2 relation to the implementation of the amendments to the
- 3 data protection legislation?
- 4 A. Oh, okay. Well, if they did bring it up, they would
- 5 have brought it up with Paul Dacre and not me. And if
- 6 they had brought it up with me, I'd have said that
- 7 I wasn't really familiar on the details of that
- 8 legislation, so.
- 9 MR JAY: In this period, or particularly if we look at
- 10 2009/2010, the context of press regulation, was the
- 11 phone hacking issue ever discussed with government or
- 12 opposition?
- 13 A. No.
- 14 Q. We see from this list as well -- we may be coming back
- 15 to this in a moment when I put questions to you from
- 16 another core participant, but I was interested in this
- 17 as well. At page 02384, Chequers on 10 and 11 July
- 18 2010. Do you see that, Lord Rothermere?
- 19 A. Yes.
- 20 Q. This presumably is a weekend at Chequers, isn't it?
- 21 A. It is.
- 22 Q. Are the persons present just limited to the people we
- 23 see there? There would therefore have been eight of
- 24 you, with you and your wife, presumably?
- 25 A. Jeremy and Lucia joined us for Sunday lunch, along with

Page 25

- A. At that time, we didn't have a position. It was only 4 later on, when the Claire Enders report on the merger
- 5 came out, that Kevin Beatty and Paul Dacre started to

Q. What was your personal position or your company's

position in relation to that bid?

- 6 take notice of quite how powerful the combination was
- 7 going to be, and that took a while to settle in and
 - I think we only really started to wake up to the
 - ramifications of the merger after the summer.
- 10 Q. Is that really right? Okay, News Corp had 39.1 per cent
- 11 and arguably a rolling interest in any event, but they
- 12 wanted the extra 61 per cent. That must, as someone in
- 13 your business, have immediately struck you when the bid
- 14 was announced in June, and I would suggest caused you
- 15 concern. Isn't that true?
- 16 A. Well, it caused us concern, but we were under the
- 17 impression that because News Corp already controlled
- 18 BSkyB, that there wasn't really going to be a material
- 19 change. It was only after the report by Claire Enders
- 20 pointed out what they could do which was extra to the
- 21 power they currently wielded that we started to become
- 22 concerned.
- 23 Q. It really took that report to bring that point home to
- 24 you, did it?
- 25 A. The detail of it, yes, I think it did.

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- 1 Michael Green, and Miranda and Luke Taylor, who are
- 2 personal friends of David Cameron, were there overnight.
- 3 Q. Michael Green, is he Carlton?
- 4 A. Michael Green was chief executive of Carlton, and
- 5 I believe David Cameron's former boss when he was
- 6 working for Carlton.
- 7 Q. So he was there as well. So Mr Hunt was there. So the
- 8 conversation must have involved, at least from time to
- 9 time, media and newspaper issues, didn't it?
- 10 A. The only conversation I had with any minister about
- 11 media issues was when I -- when Jeremy Hunt arrived, we
- 12 talked a bit about local TV. Jeremy was very passionate
- 13 about his ideas for local TV and wanted us to be a core 14 participant of that and he talked to me briefly about
- 15 that, but it was in passing, it was probably less than
- 16
- a few-minute conversation, and that was the only thing
- 17 that we discussed. That was discussed with --
- 18 Q. I've been asked to put this to you specifically, that
- 19 the BSkyB bid by News Corp was announced on 15 June 2010
- 20 and this weekend at Chequers obviously follows that.
- 21 Did you discuss the bid with any of Mr Cameron, Mr Gove
- 22 or Mr Hunt on that occasion?
- 23 A. No, I did not.
- 24 Q. You're sure about that, are you?
- 25 A. I'm absolutely positive.

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- 1 Q. I'm also asked to pursue this with you: we can see in
- 2 your list that after the Chequers weekend in July of
- 3 2010, we move to 25 August 2010. You had a meeting,
- 4 this time it looks like a more formal meeting, at DCMS
- 5 with Mr Hunt, Mr Vaizey, isn't it?
- 6 A. Yes.
- 7 O. Who is, I think, a minister in DCMS but I'll be
- 8 corrected if I'm wrong -- if he's not there, he's at
- 9 BIS -- and others. Did you discuss the BSkyB bid with
- 10 Mr Hunt or Mr Vaizey on that occasion?
- 11 A. I did not, no.
- 12 Q. By the time the alliance against the bid had coalesced,
- 13 you say, based on the expert evidence of Claire Enders
- 14 and a legal assessment of it, did you then discuss the
- 15 BSkyB bid with any politician?
- 16 A. I can't recall having done so, no.
- 17 Q. Without requiring, as it were, a particular occasion,
 - looking at it generally, do you think you might have
- 19 done?

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- 20 A. No, because I think that it was obviously a very
- 21 contentious issue. It's unlikely that I would have
- 22 got -- wouldn't have got an answer that I wanted anyway,
- 23 or, you know, the only answer that we were possibly 24 wanting is that there would be a fair review of the
- 25 process. I didn't really see any politicians during

- 1 that time other than these two meetings, and I had
- 2 a very full agenda during the meeting with Ed Vaizey and
- 3 Jeremy Hunt, and at that time it was Vince Cable who was
- 4 the person who had the decision and I didn't see him at
- 5 all. In fact, I don't think I've ever spoken to
- 6 Vince Cable in my entire life, so -- and it's also not
- 7 my job to go around particularly lobbying politicians on
- 8 things like this. I mean -- so.
- 9 Q. Politicians don't shrink from complaining to you about
- what the Mail prints. Can't the tables occasionally be
- 11 turned around to this extent: your company has a, you
- might say, legitimate commercial interest. Why not
- raise it if the opportunity arises? It shows admirable
- self-restraint not to, doesn't it, Lord Rothermere?
- 15 A. Well, at Chequers it was a friendly weekend. We were
- 16 getting on. We didn't -- I didn't want to bring up
- business. It's sort of rude to do that if you're
- invited to someone else, even if it is the
- 19 Prime Minister, on a friendly basis. With Jeremy Hunt
- and Ed Vaizey, we had a strict agenda so I didn't feel
- 21 it was appropriate to bring it up then either.
- 22 Also, we had an alliance with other people and we
 - thought the best use of our concern was expressed
- 24 through that alliance as a group rather than
- 25 individually.

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- Daily Mail was born out of the Education Act in the
- 2 Victorian times, and we feel that it's very important
- 3 that the quality of education and literacy in this
- 4 country improves, so like Mr Murdoch, I had ample
- 5 opportunity to talk to Mr Gove about that, because we
- 6 have an affinity on that.
- 7 Q. Okay. There's one anecdote I'd like to put to you. It
- 8 doesn't actually tie in with any item on your list, but
- 9 we're going back now to 2004. My source is a book
- 10 called "The New Machiavelli" by Jonathan Powell, who, as
- 11 you know, was close to Tony Blair.
- 12 **A. Yes.**
- 13 Q. You've seen the relevant extract --
- 14 A. Yes, you sent me a copy of it.
- Q. 205 and 206. What Mr Powell says, just to seek yourcomment on this:
- 17 "The other lesson we had learned too well in
- 18 opposition was the importance of staying on the right
- side of the media moguls. The moguls have no problem
- with their papers attacking politicians, but they have
- an unwritten rule not to attack each other."
- 22 I'll come back to that point because it's a point of
- 23 slight interest.
- 24 "The Mail broke this understanding by constantly
- 25 referring to Richard Desmond, the owner of the Express,

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- 1 Q. If you look at the next page of your list, I want to
- 2 bring this point out really for balance. It's
- page 03285 and if you look at the various meetings with
- 4 politicians you had between 22 September 2010 and
- 5 I think the last relevant occasion, 19 March 2012, we
- 6 can see that you have dinners, social engagements, with
- 7 Michael and Sarah Gove?
- 8 A. Mm-hm.
- 9 Q. And you have three with George Osbourne, and they're
- both, each of them, said to be close to News
- 11 International.
- 12 **A. Mm-hm.**
- 13 Q. What in general terms is the nature of the discussions
- 14 you had with these people? I'm not talking about social
- interaction, I'm talking about discussions which relate
- 16 to political or media issues. Could you assist us at
- 17 all?
- 18 A. Largely talking about the economy, talking about how
- 19 to -- you know, what George's attitude was towards the
- economy, the crisis of the economy. You know, largely
- 21 macro things like that. And -- if I had a conversation
- with him at all which wasn't just about social issues.
- 23 And then with Michael and Sarah it was normally about
- the importance of education. My company feels very
- $25 \qquad \text{strongly about education, in fact the success of the} \\$
 - Page 30

- 1 as a pornographer."
- 2 That's true, isn't it?
- 3 A. That is true.
- 4 Q. "He eventually hit back with stories about the personal
- 5 life of Jonathan Rothermere, the proprietor of the
- 6 Mail."
- Without going into what those stories were about, is
- 8 that true?
- 9 A. Is it true that he attacked me?
- 10 O. Yes.
- 11 A. Yes, but I wasn't that offended by it. He seemed to
- 12 think the fact that I have an illegitimate son is of
- some concern. In fact, my son -- I'm very proud of my
- son, he's a member of my family, we go on holiday
- 15 together and my children are very proud to call him
- their brother, so I don't make a secret of it and
- 17 frankly the idea that I'm offended by it is slightly
- 18 **offensive.**
- $19\,$ $\,$ Q. The purpose of my question was not to explore that, but
- 20 I read on:
- "When Jonathan and his wife Claudia came to dinnerwith Tony and Cherie in April 2004" -- pausing there,
- there isn't a dinner on your list for April 2004, but
- that may or may not matter -- "they complained bitterly
 - about their treatment in the Express. When Claudia said

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1 'I can't believe they print that stuff', Tony said 1 discussed various issues to do with the industry, and, 2 Cherie was 'literally speechless'." 2 you know, this mud-slinging, I suspect, although 3 3 Is that true? I didn't actually get a full briefing from Murdoch on 4 4 what was said at lunch. On the way back from the lunch, A. I have no recollection of it. I think it's as 5 fictitious as the date of the dinner. 5 Richard Desmond announced publicly that there had been 6 Q. Really? 6 some form of truce. I asked Murdoch about that, and he 7 A. I do. 7 said no truce had been created and no agreement was 8 Q. "And when she had recovered [that's Cherie] she asked 8 created and he just thought that Richard Desmond was 9 mildly, 'Have you seen what they put in your paper about 9 making trouble, and that is that, really. 10 me?' the Rothermeres just laughed and said oh that was 10 Q. But at all events, you say there wasn't a truce, because 11 a little fun." 11 if there was one, it didn't last very long anyway, did 12 Is that true or not? 12 13 A. I have no recollection of it, no. I don't believe it's 13 A. I don't believe there was a truce, and I think the proof 14 14 is in the pudding, so to speak. You know, the Express continued to attack me, you know, so. 15 Q. As for the non-aggression pact, the evidence about this 15 16 is vague or anecdotal, but there may or may not have 16 Q. But this in microcosm, I suppose, raises the sort of 17 been a discussion back in 2001, I think, between 17 privacy intrusion harassment concerns which we were 18 Mr MacLennan and Mr Desmond. Do you know anything about 18 touching on earlier, doesn't it, because there isn't 19 19 really a public interest in talking about you in this 20 A. Yes, I do. 20 way, is there? 21 21 Q. What light if any can you throw on that. A. Oh, I think if he had found something genuinely shocking 22 A. So, if I shall tell the story as I remember it: 22 about me, then he had every right to publish it. Still 23 23 Paul Dacre felt very strongly that Richard Desmond does, you know. 24 24 should not own the Express Newspapers, that the Q. No, but what he did publish there was no public interest 25 in publishing, was there? Or do you think there was? government had -- should have used the fit and proper 25 Page 33 Page 35 1 person clause in order to stop him from doing it because 1 A. I don't personally, no. I don't think so, no. 2 of his other business interests, and sort of expressed 2 Q. I think all this is trying to say is this is an example 3 3 that point of view forcibly through the newspaper. of the concern which arises more widely in the context 4 Richard Desmond responded by trying to dig up everything 4 of the culture, practices and ethics of the press. 5 he possibly could on my family, my wife's family, you Would you agree with that or not? 6 know, making things up about my parents, which we 6 A. Sorry, I don't quite understand. Could you explain? 7 largely took in stride. However -- I largely took in my 7 LORD JUSTICE LEVESON: The point is that there's a risk that 8 stride. 8 newspapers may use the power of their position without 9 Murdoch, however, took the view that firstly he was 9 there being a public interest justification, to have 10 very loyal to my father, and I think that the stuff that 10 a go at, invade the privacy of people for reasons which 11 Richard was printing about my father, which was very 11 may be good to them, but which don't really stand up. 12 untrue, was very painful to him personally, and 12 That's the point. 13 secondly, he felt that Richard Desmond was going to be 13 A. I see. There is obviously a danger of it, yes. It is 14 the owner of a national newspaper, we had to work 14 not a conduct that we condone in our company. Indeed, 15 15 together in all forms of -- you know, and that this Paul Dacre's decision to attack Richard Desmond's 16 16 unhealthy antagonistic relationship was not in the ownership of the Express is an example of that. He 17 17 interests of the readers and not in the interests of the thought it was a gross -- he thought the government had 18 industry. So he decided, I think at Richard Desmond's 18 acted wrongly and he thought it was not in the public 19 19 invitation, to accept a lunch to talk about this to try interest for Richard Desmond to own the Express and he 20 20 and pour oil on troubled waters, so to speak. He asked thought it was in the public interest to publish those 21 me if I thought that was a good idea. I said I didn't 21 22 22 think it would be a good idea, but he had a good I think that if we have a free press, there will 23 23 commercial rationale for doing it, so he should go along always be a danger that some people will try and abuse 24 and see what Richard Desmond had to say. 24 that power, but I don't know -- I mean, that is 25 25 He went to lunch at the Howard Hotel. They something I believe that you're struggling with. Page 34 Page 36

1 Certainly I do not try and do that. I try and -- I'm 1 It's a regrettable occurrence, and -- but it is the 2 very mindful and respectful of the power that our 2 nature of -- sometimes of journalism to do that. 3 newspaper has and I have, and I respect our readers, 3 O. That's as far as I --4 I respect their right to know the truth, and if 4 A. But not wilfully. Sorry, I don't believe our newspapers 5 I thought my editor-in-chief was using those tactics, 5 set out to wilfully upset the McCanns. I think they 6 then I would be very unhappy. were reporting on briefings that they had which they 6 7 MR JAY: Okay. Lord Rothermere, you were asked to address 7 believed at that time to be true. And when they 8 the Mail's coverage of the McCann story. This is 8 realised that they'd made a mistake, they rectified it. 9 paragraph 51 now of your witness statement, page 03299. 9 Q. Paragraph 53, Lord Rothermere, the reports of the 10 You say in paragraph 52 you have "... great sympathy for 10 Information Commissioner, which you say there was 11 the Drs McCann and the terrible ordeal they continue to 11 a discussion you had with Mr Dacre about those. Do you 12 face. Mistakes are made from time to time in the 12 recall that? 13 coverage of crime." 13 A. Yes. 14 Then you say: 14 Q. Was that a conversation that you instigated or he 15 "Our legal and editorial systems are designed to 15 instigated? 16 minimise these risks." 16 A. Paul instigated it. 17 Was your sympathy for the McCanns something that you 17 Q. Can you remember why? 18 felt when this particular story or these stories were 18 A. He instigated it because he said that he -- this report 19 published back in 2008 or is this something you're 19 had come out, that it shone a light on an area of 20 looking back on now? 20 practice within our organisation which was not best 21 21 A. As a parent, you would have to be inhuman not to feel practice, and that he was going to do his best to put in 22 deeply about what the McCanns went through, and I was no 22 better controls to stop it happening in the future. 23 different from anybody else. 23 Q. When he said "shone a light on an area of our practice 24 Q. Was your analysis then that -- we're not just talking 24 which was not best practice", was that the exact 25 about the Daily Mail now, we're talking more widely --25 language he used or was he blunter? Page 37 Page 39 1 that part of the problem may be rooted in too great A. I can't remember in detail what Paul said. I'm only 1 2 a taste for sensationalism, prurience and intrusion, and 2 sort of paraphrasing what he said. 3 this is just another manifestation of it? 3 Q. Because I think the ICO, as you know, were going 4 A. I'm sorry? 4 further, were saying this was strong prima facie 5 Q. Looking at the McCann case as an example, was your 5 evidence of criminal conduct. Was that the message 6 analysis back in 2008 that part of the root of the 6 which Mr Dacre was imparting to you? 7 problem was an unhealthy taste in sensationalism, 7 A. To be honest, I can't remember it, but he said that 8 prurience and intrusion? 8 there was no evidence that -- he said that he was going 9 A. Sorry, part of what problem? 9 to deal with the matter and make sure that it desisted 10 Q. The problem which we see exemplified by the stream of 10 and that he would put in controls within the 11 stories which related to the McCanns. 11 organisation to stop it happening again. 12 A. The stories they disagreed with? 12 Q. Your view, finally, Lord Rothermere, any changes to 13 Q. Well, the stories not that they disagreed with but which 13 regulation. You're quite careful in the way you express 14 were frankly palpably incorrect. 14 yourself. Of course, you should be careful in the way 15 15 A. Okay. Firstly, it is obviously a very big story because you express yourself, but paragraph 56 says: 16 of the nature of it. The McCanns encouraged publicity 16 "The perception is that self-regulation has not 17 in order -- for very good reasons, and then there was, 17 worked." 18 I believe, the problems of the jurisdiction, Portugal, 18 I mean, do you feel that self-regulation has not 19 created briefings by police officers. I think our 19 worked? 20 journalists were unfamiliar with the way in which the 20 A. The press -- do I feel -- I believe that the 21 Portuguese media and police operate, and a number of 21 establishment and many members of the public do not 22 22 allegations were made that were followed up in our believe that self-regulation has worked and so therefore 23 newspapers which we regret, which we -- when the McCanns 23 it has not worked. I mean, rather the form of the PCC 24 complained about, we immediately rectified, and gave 24 has not been able to establish a level of truth and 25 25 them compensation. faith that is necessary for it to function properly. Page 38 Page 40

1	That is almost certainly the case.	1	them in order at all of age or whatever you do have
2	Q. Does it go any further than that or not, in your view?	2	the Murdoch family, Mr Murdoch taking over from his
3	A. Well, the press complaints body, as I understand it, is	3	father and News Corp and News International. We have
4	a body which is about complaints. People are able to	4	now the Barclay family. We have Mr Lebedev and his
5	complain to it and under the codes that they have then	5	family. We have Mr Desmond. I think those are the
6	journalists and newspapers have to correct themselves.	6	families that I'm talking about. Then you have the
7	I believe that that's been largely done. I don't know	7	plcs, such as Trinity Mirror, and then you have the
8	of many instances where the PCC has asked a newspaper to	8	I won't use the word "odd", although that's the word
9	do something and it hasn't complied. So on that level	9	that came to my mind the unusual arrangements such as
10	I have to say that it has worked.	10	the Scott Trust for the Guardian.
11	It is not the job of the PCC to administer, you	11	A. Yes.
12	know, the law.	12	LORD JUSTICE LEVESON: Do you have any observations
13	LORD JUSTICE LEVESON: Well, is that right? I mean,	13	I start by saying we are where we are, and I can't tear
14	possibly this is not a discussion which we need to	14	up what we have, and before anybody suggests I might,
15	develop too far, but you may have heard that I've had	15	I have no intention of doing so. But the question does
16	this debate with others. Of course we have the police	16	arise about how that ought to be managed so that it is
17	and we have the civil courts, but isn't self-regulation	17	open, transparent and obvious to the public that the
18	also to do with the industry itself making sure that its	18	public interest is being served by what are
19	practices are not merely the absolute minimum, but are	19	a comparatively small number of organisations, of
20	appropriate and proper?	20	families. I'd be very interested for your observations
21	A. I would like to think so, yes, but it is very difficult	21	on that, speaking with all the authority of your
22	to enforce the law on people where you have no authority	22	forefathers.
23	to do so.	23	A. Okay. Hm. It's a very interesting question. I can
24	LORD JUSTICE LEVESON: Well, that's another question, and	24	certainly see why people would be concerned. It's hard
25	therefore raises issues of what authority a regulator	25	to imagine, though, a free commercial press which isn't
	Page 41		Page 43
1	should have. If the regulator is no more than	1	run by commercial interests, and these commercial
1 2	should have. If the regulator is no more than	1 2	run by commercial interests, and those commercial
2	a collection of some of the titles, then their authority	2	interests may sometimes be corporations and sometimes
2 3	a collection of some of the titles, then their authority is obviously comparatively modest.	2 3	interests may sometimes be corporations and sometimes they may be individuals and sometimes they may be
2 3 4	a collection of some of the titles, then their authority is obviously comparatively modest.A. I would certainly agree that in order for	2 3 4	interests may sometimes be corporations and sometimes they may be individuals and sometimes they may be families. It's hard to see how the government can
2 3 4 5	 a collection of some of the titles, then their authority is obviously comparatively modest. A. I would certainly agree that in order for self-regulation to work, I think that you would have to 	2 3 4 5	interests may sometimes be corporations and sometimes they may be individuals and sometimes they may be families. It's hard to see how the government can regulate ownership of free commercial enterprise on that
2 3 4 5 6	a collection of some of the titles, then their authority is obviously comparatively modest. A. I would certainly agree that in order for self-regulation to work, I think that you would have to have all members of the industry support it, yes. Or	2 3 4 5 6	interests may sometimes be corporations and sometimes they may be individuals and sometimes they may be families. It's hard to see how the government can regulate ownership of free commercial enterprise on that level.
2 3 4 5 6 7	a collection of some of the titles, then their authority is obviously comparatively modest. A. I would certainly agree that in order for self-regulation to work, I think that you would have to have all members of the industry support it, yes. Or the defined industry support it, whatever that	2 3 4 5 6 7	interests may sometimes be corporations and sometimes they may be individuals and sometimes they may be families. It's hard to see how the government can regulate ownership of free commercial enterprise on that level. Certainly I can only speak for my family in that we
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1 make sure that he upholds those responsibilities. So A. Yes. 2 LORD JUSTICE LEVESON: If politicians make decisions, if there is a clear --3 LORD JUSTICE LEVESON: But in the way you want him to do it, 3 local authorities make decisions, health trusts make 4 4 which you've just described. decisions. But it doesn't very often happen, does it, 5 A. We set the parameters as an ethical organisation, what 5 that the press hold each other to account, and we have 6 we believe to be right, yes. That's naturally -- there 6 got this example, haven't we, that the whole business of 7 7 has to be a set of parameters. We believe in the interception of voicemails, 2005, 2006, all that period, 8 Editors' Code, for example. 8 and concern about sentences on those who were breaking LORD JUSTICE LEVESON: I'll come to the code in a minute. 9 the law really dies a death until it so happens that the 10 A. And Paul is duty-bound to honour those practices as part 10 Guardian, or that a particular journalist within the 11 11 of our organisation, as indeed every other employee is Guardian picks it up and runs with it. 12 12 duty-bound to do. A. Mm-hm. 13 If legislation wishes to intersperse on that and 13 LORD JUSTICE LEVESON: And runs with it pretty vigorously, 14 14 effectively become the one that's responsible, you could and nothing much happens, and then it's the New York 15 end up in a situation like the FSA, where you have more 15 Times that picked it up. 16 and more regulation with more and more box-ticking 16 17 without people really focusing on the matters which 17 LORD JUSTICE LEVESON: I posed this in the question when I was first appointed, and I said who guards the 18 really count. 18 19 LORD JUSTICE LEVESON: Yes, I understand that the FSA might 19 guardians? Who actually is watching what the press 20 not provide me with a solution, but I'm grappling to 20 themselves are doing? Do you think the press have 21 21 organise in my mind how it actually operates, and to failed in that regard? 22 understand the extent to which it requires a proprietor 22 A. To guard ourselves? 23 23 to be benign, the risk being that if he or they are not LORD JUSTICE LEVESON: Yes. To keep an eye on everybody 24 benign, they materially affect the way in which we learn 24 else. And I'm sorry if you've got the question, but 25 what happens in our democracy. 25 it's really prompted by the anecdote about the exchange Page 45 Page 47 of insults with Mr Desmond. A. Well, polarity is the best guard, really. If you get 1 1 2 2 a Hurstian type situation where one individual becomes A. Okay, interesting. I can't speak for -- the Guardian 3 3 very powerful, then you don't create natural balance, certainly surfaced much of what's now become public 4 the universe gets out of kilter, so to speak. But in 4 knowledge, so I would say that was an example of the 5 a commercial world where people are not forced to buy 5 press regulating itself to a degree. 6 LORD JUSTICE LEVESON: Do you think? Do you think? Given newspapers, in fact they have to part with money in 6 7 order to get them, by and large, people can take the 7 that it took, I think, probably the best part of five 8 views that they take, and even, I believe, in 8 years, three years before the 2009 article, then 9 Mr Murdoch's stable, his newspapers take different views 9 something in 2010, and then in 2011, they really did 10 over different subjects. So it's that polarity which 10 have to -- this is not a publicity advertisement for the 11 creates a rich environment of diverse thinking. It's 11 Guardian, but I am raising the issue. 12 hard to see how we could replace that. Does it not work 12 A. I think that it's very difficult to ferret out 13 13 at the moment is the question. information, particularly given all the rules around 14 LORD JUSTICE LEVESON: That's one of the questions I have to 14 data protection and so forth that's come through in the 15 address, I think. 15 last, you know, few years. So the Guardian had to work 16 16 All right. Let me give a subset of that. You very hard indeed, and they have my admiration for all 17 17 answered Mr Jay and explained that there was no the work they put into it. 18 agreement, as far as you're aware, between the Express 18 LORD JUSTICE LEVESON: I think newspapers ferret out 19 and your papers that nobody would attack each other. 19 information all the time, and sometimes they get 20 But another of the concerns that I have to address is 20 information which perhaps they shouldn't have, but they 21 21 stilt ferret it out and publish it if they believe it's whether newspapers really do hold each other to account. 22 22 in their interests to do so, notwithstanding orders to It is interesting, isn't it, that if the judiciary make 23 23 a decision -- and I have no complaints on behalf of the the contrary, sometimes. Hm? All right. 24 judiciary -- then within hours those who disagree with 24 A. Certainly I believe that newspapers have a right to 25 25 it will make their disagreement very, very clearly felt. publish what they think is in the public interest and

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	and the desired and the second		and the Constitution of the all about 4000 and as int
1	sometimes the debate over what is in the public interest	1	really focusing on is the slightly different point,
2	is a debate. Sometimes we come down on the wrong side	2	which is the lobbying aspect. It's perfectly legitimate
3	of that debate. Happily, the MPs' expenses, which is a clear example of information that was bought by the	3 4	for the coal industry to make an appointment to see the Prime Minister and say, "Actually, we think coal is
5	Telegraph, which would actually be in breach of the	5	a good idea and we want to develop this particular
6	Parliament Act and certainly fall foul of the current	6	colliery and we will provide so many people and it will
7	Bribery Act, was defendable through public interest,	7	have this effect", and equally it's legitimate for
8	I think, and I hope that this country continues to do	8	Greenpeace or somebody to come along and say, "Actually,
9	that.	9	we don't think coal is a good idea and we think that
10	LORD JUSTICE LEVESON: Well, I think there has to be	10	it's causing enormous damage to our environment and you
11	a balance, hasn't there? But ultimately it's likely to	11	shouldn't do it".
12	have to be a court that decides that.	12	A. Yes.
13	A. Yes.	13	LORD JUSTICE LEVESON: And the way our democracy works is
14	LORD JUSTICE LEVESON: Because well, you may be aware		that we elect politicians who make the decisions and
15	that I encouraged the Director of Public Prosecutions to	15	then we allow commentators to criticise the decisions,
16	consider putting some flesh around the concept of the	16	whichever way they go. Commentators in that way can't
17	test for the code for Crown prosecutors in relation to	17	lose. It's I don't say easy, but I suppose it's
18	public interest, and he has done so and he is currently	18	rather less difficult than actually sometimes having to
19	consulting on it. But you would agree that it's	19	make the decision in the first place.
20	important that we try to ensure that everybody is held	20	The question then becomes, at the level of the
21	to account?	21	press, where there is not a deal I'm not for a moment
22	A. I think that is correct. I think there shouldn't be	22	suggesting there's a deal but that there can be
23	yes, no, I think it's the job of our institution to hold	23	a recognition that actually these things are in the
24	people accountable, yes.	24	interests of we think these things are in the
25	LORD JUSTICE LEVESON: Including members of your	25	interests of the press and what we believe is important,
	Page 49		Page 51
		١.	
1	institution?	1	and nobody's saying, "Well, if you do this, we'll
2	A. Including members of our institution. Including myself.	2	support you, or we'll go down your route", but creating
2 3	A. Including members of our institution. Including myself. LORD JUSTICE LEVESON: You say about links with politicians	2 3	support you, or we'll go down your route", but creating the understanding, the common understanding, has with it
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1 2	level, it's the level of how you believe the press should operate.	1 2	the public, the press and the police, the press and politicians and the future.
3	A. Well, I don't I think that if I see a politician and	3	Before commencing Module 3, which concerns the press
4	they want to talk about general politics and they want	4	and politicians, it's important to expand the language
5	to talk about they want to explain their views and	5	out again and to focus not only on precisely what it
6	I want a general understanding of what's going on, then	6	encompasses, but also on what it does not deal with.
7	that's appropriate in one scenario. If I have specific	7	Stripped of anything that relates to other modules, it
8	issues that I wish them to understand over something	8	is as follows:
9	like the EU privacy directive or local television,	9	"To inquire into the culture, practice and ethics of
10	I think that's best done in a business environment,	10	the press including:
11	where everything is on the record. Frankly, I think	11	"(a) contacts and relationships between national
12	it's the it protects them and it protects me from	12	newspapers and politicians and the conduct of each
13	insinuations of undue access. That's how I operate,	13	"(d) the extent to which there was a failure to act
14	anyway. Or try to operate.	14	on previous warnings about media misconduct.
15	LORD JUSTICE LEVESON: All right.	15	"2. To make recommendations for a new more
16	In relation to regulation, if I just touch upon that	16	effective policy and regulatory regime which supports
17	very, very quickly, I think you've said that regulation	17	the integrity and freedom of the press, the plurality of
18	that is only for part of the industry simply doesn't	18	the media and its independence
19	work. It has to involve everybody.	19	"(b) for how future concerns about press behaviour,
20	A. I think yes, I would say that in order for it to be	20	media policy, regulation and cross media ownership
21	credible, and credibility is very important, I agree	21	should be dealt with by all the relevant authorities
22	with that, yes.	22	including Parliament, government
23	LORD JUSTICE LEVESON: All right. Well, I have no doubt	23	"(c) the future conduct of relations between
24	that Associated Newspapers will be taking part in	24	politicians and the press"
25	Module 4 to look at the future and we'll get their	25	The focus, therefore, is on the way in which the
	Page 53		Page 55
1	views, which will incorporate your views in the process.	1	press goes about its business, and in that context its
2	A. Thank you very much, sir.	2	relationship with politicians and how each behaves
2 3	A. Thank you very much, sir. LORD JUSTICE LEVESON: Thank you very much indeed, Viscount	2 3	relationship with politicians and how each behaves towards the other. To put it more crudely, has the
2 3 4	A. Thank you very much, sir. LORD JUSTICE LEVESON: Thank you very much indeed, Viscount Rothermere.	2 3 4	relationship with politicians and how each behaves towards the other. To put it more crudely, has the relationship, which is of critical importance in our
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those relationships, warnings about media misconduct have been left unaddressed. This inevitably is a historical issue, and given where we are, it will be important to go back to various Royal Commissions, to the reports of Sir David Calcutt and various more recent incidents of serious press misconduct over the past, after none of which, or so it is submitted, was sufficient done to address the problem.

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This, it is said, is at least one of the reasons why we are where we are today.

The module is therefore directed towards recommendations as to the ways in which future concerns about press behaviour, media policy, regulation and cross media ownership should be dealt with by Parliament and government. That is at the core of this part of the Inquiry.

As I have said, I am determined that it should not simply represent the next footnote in a historical analysis of failed efforts to find a correct approach to the regulation of the press, whatever form that regulation might ultimately take.

For the avoidance of all doubt, I must emphasise what this module is not about.

First, although I recognise that some have sought to make political points arising out of the evidence as it Page 57

25 April I spoke about the need to hear every side of the story, and that although I had seen requests for other inquiries and other investigations, it seemed to me that the better course was to allow this Inquiry to proceed. That may cause me to look at the Ministerial Code and its adequacy for the purpose, but I will not be making a judgment on whether there has been a breach of it. That is simply not my job, and I have no intention of going outside the terms of reference that have been set for me.

Third, in order to get to grips with culture, practice and ethics of the press, it will of course be necessary for me to consider internal governance of propriety issues, generally within the press and specifically within News International, although I will not do so to the extent that it risks causing prejudice to the criminal investigation or any prosecution.

Furthermore, everybody might as well understand immediately that it will not draw me into questions of the fitness or suitability for a particular responsibility of Mr Rupert Murdoch, or indeed anyone else whether senior management executive, editor, senior journalist, journalist, policeman or politician.

I appreciate that this module is rather different from the first two because there is no corresponding Page 59

has emerged, and I am not so naive that I do not understand that there are elements of what I am doing that are likely to be of party political interest, I have absolutely no intention of allowing the Inquiry to be drawn into such a debate, and will vigorously resist any attempt to do so.

I am approaching my task in a politically neutral fashion, and intend to ensure that the principles of fairness, which I have sought to maintain throughout, apply equally to this module. I will be considering the way in which politicians of all parties have engaged with the press.

In the same vein, I will also be considering the way in which this part of the Inquiry is reported. Robust reporting and comment is of course entirely appropriate. In my judgment, an attempt to divert what I am doing into political channels, away from the culture, practices and ethics of the press, along with the conduct both of the press and politicians, is not.

Second, although I have made it clear that I will look at the facts surrounding the News Corporation bid for the remaining shares of BSkyB, I will do so in order to investigate the culture, practice and ethics of the press and its relationship with politicians. It was because of the need to examine the facts fairly that on Page 58

factual investigation in part 2 of the Inquiry, with the

2 result that it might be appropriate to go somewhat

3 further than in the earlier modules where, in

4 circumstances of possible or potential criminal

5 liability, I have ruled out who did what to whom, and

6 created the self-denying ordinance in relation to 7

others.

Having said that, however, I've approached how I view Rule 13 of the Inquiry Rules 2006. I will approach my task with those broad principles, including the self-denying ordinance, in mind. Further than that I will not go. Again, it's simply not the task that I have been set.

Finally, I must recognise the limits of what I can do in another way. The issues arising from the fact that the press have access to politicians and are able to lobby them about issues that affect them directly, such as the implementation of amendments to the Data Protection Act, are a subset of the wider issues arising in relation to lobbying generally. Whereas this may well be a question that requires to be addressed by the government, and I recognise that my consideration of press lobbying might have implications for more general issues about lobbying, I do not consider that these wider issues can be fully addressed in what I am doing. Page 60

The same is likely to be so for competition issues and questions of plurality. Although paragraph 2(a) of the terms of reference includes making recommendations for "a new more effective policy and regulatory regime which supports the integrity and freedom of the press, the plurality of the media and its independence", and paragraph 2(d) asks "how future concerns about press behaviour, media policy and regulation of cross media ownership should be dealt with", the former is limited to regulatory recommendations to support plurality of the media, and the latter to mechanisms that can deal with concerns about cross media ownership. In each case the emphasis on those words is mine.

Without commenting one way or the other about whether other investigations of any sort are necessary, this Inquiry cannot take the place of an investigation either by Ofcom or by the Competition Commission, and again nobody should think that it does.

In the light of a number of comments in the press, I ought also to say something about the approach the Inquiry takes to the questioning of witnesses.

First, as I have previously explained, witnesses are warned about issues likely to be raised and it is not my intention that anyone should be tripped up or trapped. We need to elicit relevant information that helps to

Page 61

address the terms of reference. There is no cross-examination as such. Those who look for forensic fireworks should turn to fictional trials.

Second, in relation to Mr Coulson and Mrs Brooks, I repeat that I remain concerned to ensure that criminal investigations and possible prosecutions are not placed in peril by the work of the Inquiry. That means not only that I will not investigate certain issues with these witnesses, bearing in mind their own rights against self-incrimination, but also that I will try to ensure that the witnesses do not prejudice the rights of others who may be subject to investigation.

It should not be assumed that failure to ask a question or follow a line of questioning is not the result of careful consideration of the adverse impact or effect of doing so.

Right, Mr Jay.

Opening submissions on Module 3 by MR JAY MR JAY: May it please you, sir.

The main subject matter of Module 3 of your Inquiry is the "contacts and the relationships between national newspapers and politicians and the conduct of each". The principal focus of your terms of reference is and always has been the culture, practices and ethics of the press. Thus the laser of scrutiny is primarily directed

Page 62

1 at the conduct and mores of the press in the context of 2 Module 3 national newspapers, rather than the conduct 3 and mores of politicians.

Having said that, it would be idle to assume that the conduct of politicians is not being brought within scope, and as I've already pointed out, the terms of reference are explicitly concerned with the conduct of each, namely the conduct of both sides of this equation.

Even so, this remains an Inquiry into press standards, and the conduct of politicians, both collectively and individually, should not occupy centre stage

stage.

To borrow from Mr Rupert Murdoch's own terminology, the Inquiry has already had a taster of evidence relevant to this module. Some of the Module 1 and 2

witnesses were asked Module 3 questions towards the end of their evidence: viz Lord Patten, Mr Dacre,

Lord Prescott, Mr Simon Hughes MP. I mention but four.
 And it will not have escaped anyone's notice that the

20 evidence of Murdoch father and son covered much Module 3

21 terrain. However, your modules have never been

22 hermetically sealed caskets and we have taken

a pragmatic approach to the timetabling of evidence as

24 well as to these opening submissions.

For the avoidance of any doubt though it should be Page 63

made clear to everyone that it was your decision to sequence the proprietors' evidence before the politicians. This was obviously right in principle, because the politicians needed to know what the proprietors were saying more than the other way around.

I hope that it may be thought to be of some value if I were to outline the issues which in my view occupy the heartland of Module 3. There are also some hinterland issues which I will touch on and which the evidence you will receive will address.

In some important respects, there are themes common to Modules 2 and 3. During the course of opening the previous module, I explained that a healthy relationship between the press and the police was essential to the sound workings of a mature democracy and the same observation may surely be made with even greater force to this module. The role of the press is to inform, to communicate, to facilitate public debate, to comment, and perhaps most importantly to hold power to account in the public interest.

Although the printed word of Fleet Street, whether literally printed on newspaper or electronically delivered, is less important now than it was in the past for the obvious reasons many witnesses have explained, the press still provides an essential function as

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a disseminator of news and comment.

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Politicians also need an outlet to get their message across and the press needs to understand and reflect the range of their readers' views. The fact that particular titles may not provide a politically balanced or neutral viewpoint on events is irrelevant to this issue. Newspapers are entitled to be partisan in a democracy, to campaign in favour of causes, policies and political parties, and were the state to legislate otherwise, that would be undemocratic as well as, under our current settlement, an abrogation of human rights.

The only boundaries on free comment are those imposed by the criminal law, the law of defamation and broadly analogous constraints, themselves imposed in the interests of democracy and the public at large.

Informal contact between journalists and politicians off the record can also be a function of the healthy relationship I am describing. Here, as some witnesses will explain, there may be differences between government ministers and party politicians, although the former will, of course, be wearing two hats. Save in limited circumstances, politicians, unlike the police, are not generally required to act in a capacity which demands independence and impartiality, and the sort of considerations you were investigating in Module 2 do not Page 65

from the risks of contagion. These risks are in danger of maturing when the fair balance of power between the press and politicians is distorted. For example, if politicians had the ability to control the political content of newspapers, this would be the consequence of the fair balance of power having shifted decisively to one side of the equation. Such a press would be subservient, unable to hold political power to account and quite unrecognisable in fact from the press which has thrived in this country since the Second World War.

The fearlessness and vibrancy of our press is something of which we should be enormously proud and which we cannot take for granted. Why the British press possesses these attributes is capable of being explained in a number of ways, but at root the reasons are historical and cultural. I could elaborate here, but I will not.

Module 3 of this Inquiry is not about the balance of power having shifted in favour of the executive. It is primarily concerned with the consequences of that balance arguably having shifted in favour of the press, in particular the potential harm to the democratic process and what some have called the democratic deficit.

The concentration of political influence in the Page 67

usually apply. These things having been said, the relationship becomes less healthy if, for whatever reasons, and whether as a result of the behaviour of journalists or of politicians, the public is misled or cannot assess for themselves the truth or accuracy of what is reported.

Or put another way, if journalists seek to make the news rather than to report it, the politicians pay more attention to the reporting of a policy than its benefit to the country.

In the words of one Module 3 witness whose statement I have studied but who is remaining anonymous for the time being, I quote:

"Of course there are risks in this, although the risks for politicians being detached from the media and therefore the public are greater for all involved. The key risks are that the relationships become incestuous, manipulative and self-serving, the politicians allow themselves to be influenced by agendas generated by media organisations in order to secure favourable coverage for themselves, their party and their government."

These are some of the hinterland issues, which I will touch on later.

The healthy relationship I am describing is not free Page 66

1 hands of a few press barons has, it is true, always been

2 a feature of political life in this country since the

3 mid-19th century. We have just heard from the current

4 Viscount Rothermere the fourth, but with respect to him,

5 the influence exerted by his great grandfather the first

6 Viscount Rothermere, in the second and third decades of 7

the last century, was probably much greater. I will not

8 dwell on aspects of his performance during the 1930s.

> Lord Beaverbrook became the first Minister for Information towards the end of the First World War, a Minister of Aircraft Production and later Minister of Supply in the second. Whether this was a manifestation of some sort of "I'll scratch your back if you scratch mine" phenomenon is now only of historical interest.

If powerful newspaper moguls have always been a feature of the British political landscape, what then is the problem? Put another way, is the problem an inevitable by-product of the fact that the state does not own national newspapers, which we all agree would be undesirable, leaving political power free to follow the concentration of economic power?

At the heart of the problem is putting the matter at its lowest a perception that the press is capable of influencing voter choice or public opinion on key issues or personalities and that the trade-off for political

support is the deliverance by government of media policies which favour by act or omission the commercial interests of newspapers in general or of particular newspaper groups. Or put more broadly, the espousal by government of other policies which correspond with the world or political views of influential newspaper proprietors or editors whether or not they're presented as personal views or the views of their readers.

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I use the noun perception because I suspect that it could never be proved that press support for a political party has in fact influenced the outcome of an election. Taking the example of the 1992 election, it is arguable that the Sun's support for the Conservatives, or accurately its hostility to the Labour Party, was causative of the result, but it is also arguable that such support was reflective of public opinion, which would have delivered the same result in any event. We will never know.

However, Mr Murdoch's own reaction to the "It's The Sun Wot Won It" headline, "the biggest bollocking of my life", Mr Kelvin McKenzie, speaks volumes, and politicians must still believe that newspapers are capable of making a difference. If they did not, why else would they go to such lengths to cultivate support and afford such access to men such as Mr Murdoch?

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understandings reached.

Mr Murdoch invited himself to that lunch.

Baroness Thatcher did not know what was on the agenda.

He pushed lightly on the door and it sprung open. The initial talk was all about the new US administration and what Mr Murdoch described as the new right. Mr Murdoch stressed that the problem lay with the print unions, by implication that their power needed to be reduced. He and Baroness Thatcher were altogether on the same page.

Mr Murdoch used this opportunity to get his message across to the Prime Minister in like manner as modern politicians so often hope that the press will avail them. By getting his message across, it is arguable that what he was doing was advertising his personal qualities to Baroness Thatcher. That is why face-to-face interaction matters. Instinctively he knew which buttons to press.

On 4 January 1981 Mr Murdoch could not predict whether he would be given a rough or an easy ride in the context of the Fair Trading Act 1973, recognising always that the locus of decision-making would reside with the Secretary of State for Trade and Industry. But he must have been able to surmise that the Labour Opposition would oppose his acquisition of the title without a reference to the MMC and there was at the very least Page 71

Either his insights are such that anyone would want to hear them for no other reason or is it envisaged that he can deliver something which politicians want.

Mr Murdoch denied the charge that there were any express deals. His account when he was giving evidence in April suggested that it was all a matter for the politicians, many of whom he criticised. He told us many times that politicians want his support, which is understandable, but that he asked for no favours in return and received none.

It is for you to decide, on the evidence you've already heard and will hear, whether any explicit request for favours was either made or offered, but the modus operandi of sophisticated people is likely to be far more subtle.

It is implausible that Mr Murdoch would have asked Baroness Thatcher for express favours at that lunch at Chequers on 4 January 1981, and Mr Ingham's no doubt carefully crafted memorandum indicates that no such request was made, nor would Baroness Thatcher have offered any regulatory favours either, and the memorandum shows that as well. However, it is arguable that we are witnessing here the interplay being two extremely powerful individuals where messages are being transmitted by and to finely tuned antennae and implied Page 70

the risk that the Secretary of State would take the political line of least resistance, in other words, in the parlance of the 1980s, a wet rather than a dry approach.

As it happens, the documentary evidence shows that at their meeting on 26 January 1981 Mr Biffen told Mr Murdoch that he was minded to refer the bid to the MMC and Mr Murdoch stated that he would not withdraw his bid if that happened, although everyone understood that this would cause delay, uncertainty and problems with Thomson. Some might say that a direct threat to withdraw the bid might have backfired.

Later that afternoon at Cabinet Subcommittee, the merits of a referral to the MMC were discussed and it was concluded first that the statutory conditions for non-referral were met and secondly that there were no commercial or political advantages in favour of a referral. Whether there were any private conversations between Baroness Thatcher and Mr Biffen is both unknown and now unknowable. They would not have been recorded if they had taken place. There is no direct evidence that the Prime Minister gave her Secretary of State a nod and a wink, but for present purposes it may be sufficient to state that Mr Murdoch knew that if she were consulted, Baroness Thatcher fully understood and Page 72

empathised with his position and that there was common ground between them.

You may think that this vignette affords illuminating insights into the subtle and sophisticated way in which press moguls and politicians operate. You may, on the other hand, come to the conclusion, which I am sure will be News International's submission, that this whole issue demonstrates the truth of what Mr Murdoch has been saying all along, namely that he does not asks for favours and that politicians ask for none either.

There is a further reason why it's appropriate to think very carefully indeed about the events of January 1981, in particular the luncheon engagement. Until the Thatcher Foundation released the relevant papers in March 2012, Mr Murdoch had apparently no recollection of it whatsoever. His evidence to you was that he still does not, to be honest, as he put it. One does at least have to question whether this is selective amnesia. Mr Murdoch told us in evidence that he did not enjoy frequent encounters with Baroness Thatcher. The acquisition of the Times and its associated titles must have been one of the most important in his commercial life. This was a time of heightened emotion. Could an intimate lunch at Chequers really have been forgotten?

1 interests whilst in power.

Political endorsement by a newspaper is a commodity of perceived value, and the greater the readership of that paper, the greater the value may be. But that value is compounded, as it were, if the readership comprises significant numbers of floating voters.

Thus, the Sun has enjoyed an iconic status in this respect and politicians will fly halfway round the world to win its endorsement. The fact that Mr Murdoch arguably played hard to get in the run-up to the 1997 election, taking just one example, serves to reinforce the point. His opponents would say by the time he did confer his support he had won the maximum concessions he was ever likely to in terms of policy. His supporters would say that cause and effect is unproven and even to the extent that policy may have been modified to reflect the Murdoch world view, that is more likely to have been because politicians were appreciating for independent reasons that the viewpoint was sound and popular rather than because politicians were acting responsively to Mr Murdoch's wishes. Q. This is not to say that Mr Murdoch expressly asked for any such concessions. There is little or no direct

Human recollection is notoriously patchy and unreliable, we all know that, and the fact that I, for example, would be 100 per cent certain that I would be able to remember an event such as this occurring 30 plus years ago is not going to assist you in coming to a conclusion either way.

If you accept Mr Murdoch's evidence on this topic, the point goes no further, but if you do not, the consequences are capable of being wide-ranging. Not merely would the selective amnesia appear to be convenient but inferences might be drawn as to Mr Murdoch's true motives and intentions in seeking out the Prime Minister's ear in January 1981. Furthermore, this issue is capable of bearing on Mr Murdoch's integrity.

Looking more broadly now at the history of the last 30 years and the inferences to be drawn from it, the proposition that there is an implied trade-off needs to be examined with care. Key to this may well be the observation that Mr Murdoch likes to back the winning party. This enhances the mystique that he has some sort of power or influence over the outcome. This perception, regardless of its foundation in fact, is an immensely valuable asset and serves to reduce the risk that the political party be inclined to harm his

noted. It would not be safe to base any findings on such speculations. On the other hand, patterns of behaviour may be revealing, and so the argument runs, politicians would know where Mr Murdoch stands on the big questions of the day and would also know what would in the interests of his companies. All these things would be made obvious over the years, whether or not his so-called lieutenants or gurus would be communicating his views to those in power.

evidence that he did and so one is left speculating

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about private conversations which were never recorded or

The balance of power is on this narrative predominantly with the newspaper magnate, although it might wax and wane slightly over the course of an electoral cycle and be disrupted by major events. Of course, if the newspaper magnate is powerful enough it might not matter over much if he backs the wrong horse. Five-year electoral cycles are short and the party in power may already be looking ahead to the next election.

Thus far, I have solely examined the position of Mr Murdoch. News International, with 35 per cent of the national newspaper market share, as reported in the Times on 25 April 2012, has the greatest potential influence, but Associated Newspapers are scarcely without importance at 22 per cent, although their influence would appear to derive more from their being a litmus paper for the thinking of Middle England than Page 76

their ability to impinge on floating voter opinion at election time.

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Furthermore, in contrast perhaps to News International, their influence is seen as operating more through the personality of their editor than any economic power wielded by their proprietor. I'm not excluding from account any influence flowing from other newspapers, nor am I suggesting that influence is directly proportional to market share, but there is likely to be a correlation.

What if anything is the vice of all of this? I referred in opening the first of your modules back in November to the alleged subterranean influences operated by the press on the democratic process but without full democratic accountability. The issue of implied trade-offs and tacit quid pro quos has nothing to do with the sort of overt campaigning we might see in the Times in relation to cycling safety or the News of the World in relation to Sarah's Law. Instead we are in the realm of possible back-scratching and unspoken reciprocations, with each side of the equation knowing full way the aspirations if not the expectations of the other.

In terms of possible influence over media policy, the Inquiry will no doubt be examining issues such as Page 77

of Princess Diana, the response to Operation Motorman 2 et cetera and in each case where I refer to "response" 3 or "reaction" I am also to be interpreted as referring 4 to the lack of it. Questions clearly do arise as to the 5 underlying reasons for this: these might include 6 a genuine disinclination to clip at the wings of the 7 press, and by so doing harm or at least attenuate its 8 power to hold the right people to account, as much as

9 a more concerning lack of political will to interfere 10 with the powers and privileges of those who are well 11 able to do both short- and long-term damage.

12 In all the various respects I've outlined it may be 13 difficult to convert rumour, hearsay and surmise into 14 hard fact. The Inquiry has already seen, for example, 15 that the rumours put about by at least one political 16 commentator that Mr Murdoch had some role in Mr Gordon 17 Brown's decision not to call a snap election in October 18 2007 are unlikely to be true because the 19 Prime Minister's decision was made before the former 20 arrived at Chequers that weekend. Other aspects of the

21 matter may be difficult to prove for this separate 22 reason, that government may well have wanted to pursue

23 policy X or not to pursue policy Y for reasons 24 disassociated with the wishes and objectives of media

25 moguls.

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the enactment of Section 12 of the Human Rights Act 1998, the passage of the Communications Act 2003, the fate of the amendments to Section 55 of the Data Protection Act and, looking more broadly, the failure of successive governments to tackle the issue of press regulation as well as the approach of successive governments to questions of media ownership.

It has also been suggested that the press has been using their contacts, influence and covert lobbying to impact upon the course of wider government policy. Here interesting areas would appear to include matters such as criminal justice reform, immigration policy and European policy.

Related but subsidiary questions arise in relation to the press or powerful sections of the press intervening in ministerial or shadow ministerial appointments, especially to law and order positions.

There is an important theme which I would wish to emphasise, because this is arguably a recurrent theme and one which interlocks with paragraph 1(d) of your terms of reference, namely the extent to which there's been a failure to act on previous warnings about media misconduct.

Other the years we have seen Royal Commissions, the response to Calcutt 1 and 2, the reaction to the death Page 78

In relation to the last Labour government's policy 2 on the euro, we know the Prime Minister was more 3 comfortable with entry than was his Chancellor of the 4 Exchequer, and the latter set conditions which were unlikely to be fulfilled, he would say in the public 6 interest. Mr Murdoch's wishes may well have been wholly coincidental.

That said, these are all issues which the Inquiry will need to address within the constraints of its terms of reference and the timescales imposed on it by the Prime Minister. At the very least, you may conclude, as many have now accepted, that not merely did governments get too close to News International but that human nature being as it is, a clear perception arises that electoral support would receive its reward. Furthermore, the point has already been made that the reward may have been, either in perception or as a matter of reality, the disinclination of governments to intervene in areas which they would otherwise have wished.

Particular attention has been directed in recent days to the Coalition Government's treatment of News Corporation's bid to acquire the remaining publicly owned shares in BSkyB and in particular the interchanges and exchanges between the Conservative Party in

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opposition and News Corporation in the period leading up to the last election, and the interplay between the bidder and personalities in government once the bid was launched in June 2010. Unsurprisingly, perhaps, the 163 pages of emails comprising exhibit KRM18 have attracted close scrutiny both within this room and outside.

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The terms of reference of this Inquiry are not such as to require you to determine the immediate political career of the Culture Secretary in the context of alleged breaches of the Ministerial Code or otherwise, and you have made it crystal clear you have no intention of doing so or of being drawn into that political debate.

However, this Inquiry is examining the proposition that the press, or here a section of the press, has exercised excessive influence over government, and correlatively that government or individuals within it have permitted themselves to the acquire an excessive degree of propinquity to News International. I'm putting this in a deliberately roundabout way. I could I suppose be much blunter.

The issue is whether a Minister of the Crown exercising a quasi-judicial role may have failed to fulfil it because he has demonstrated through his actions that he was too close to News International or Page 81

fact of past favours being traded in, or the perception that future support may be provided.

In setting out the issues in this way, I should be interpreted as expressing no view one way or another as to where the evidence might lead. However, it is right that I should echo the note of caution you sounded on 26 April. If the emails in KRM18 were direct communications between the Culture Secretary and Mr James Murdoch the case would be relatively clearcut, but they are not. What we see, speaking metaphorically, is light retracted through two intermediate prisms. Inevitably perhaps we are seeing not white light but many of the colours of the rainbow.

In addressing the issue of an overcosy relationship, one must recognise that politicians are entitled to be friendly with whomsoever they might choose. The issue here is where the line should be drawn.

These are the principal issues arising from the language of paragraph 1(a) of your terms of reference. There are two subsidiary issues. The first concerns treatment of politicians by or in the press as a means of influencing policy or seeking to determine their political careers. Politicians, it goes without saying, choose to place themselves under public scrutiny and we have examined in the context of your first module many Page 83

News Corporation (these two companies are interchangeable in this respect). Having heard all the

evidence, you may conclude that there's nothing to

support this proposition and that the quasi-judicial

5 function was exercised entirely properly. If on the

other hand you were to conclude otherwise, there is a range of possible findings. The least serious finding

is that an appearance of bias arises in relation to the

specialist adviser's dealings with News Corporation's European Head of Public Affairs.

The most serious is that the nature of the relationship was such that the Secretary of State was prepared expressly to authorise his special adviser to conduct what in effect were covert communications with the lobbyists or, put another way, provide a running commentary on the bid, giving assurances along the way that the bid would ultimately be successful. In between these two poles there's a range of possible findings which would amount to attributions of intermediate severity.

The real point here, and it's the point which needs to be examined if only to be rejected in due course if that is where the evidence leads you, is that the BSkyB bid is really an example in microcosm of an over-cosy relationship giving rise to the appearance if not the Page 82

of the issues raised by the desire of public figures to 2 protect their privacy and reputations while maintaining 3 a public profile. I doubt we need to revisit these 4 issues here. The issue is not "politician as victim" 5 but the press seeking to interfere with the democratic 6 process by unfair and intrusive means.

> The second subsidiary issue concerns the whole topic of spin, which might be visualised as one facet or function of the relationship between the press and politicians. The former would say that spin leads to public misinformation and itself justifies the use of more robust or journalistic methods to strike at the truth. The latter would say that presentation is a legitimate response to the way in which the press are constantly manipulating the truth to attain their "story".

Expressed in these terms, spin is no more or less than a manifestation of the shifting balance of power between the governing classes and the fourth estate. The reason why it is a subsidiary issue is because it does not inhabit the same sort of terrain as the issue which occupies centre stage in this module and which I have already outlined. Additionally, it is difficult to see what recommendations you might make to address it.

This is a convenient moment to address the issue of recommendations. Under paragraph 2 of part 1 of your terms of reference you are required (missing out irrelevant words):

"To make recommendations:

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"(a) for a new more effective policy and regulatory regime which supports the integrity and freedom of the press, the plurality of the media et cetera.

"(b) for how future concerns about ... media policy, regulation and cross media ownership should be dealt with by all the relevant authorities, including Parliament, Government, et cetera;

"(c) the future conduct of relations between politicians and the press."

It may be convenient to take these in reverse order.

Any recommendations as to the future conduct of relations between politicians and the press are highly unlikely to be enshrined in any form of general legislative change. When the Prime Minister said last July that the relationship between politicians and the press needed to be reset, he is unlikely to have been thinking about a new law to do so. At the very least, he may have been referring to the fact that this Inquiry and the ongoing political process would themselves lead to a culture shift amongst politicians so that they

competition law or the law regarding media plurality.

- 2 As we saw in relation to the evidence of
 - Mr James Murdoch, the former is largely EU based and the
- 4 latter is domestic. But the substantive law is beyond
- 5 the scope of this Inquiry. What you are concerned with

is how concerns should be addressed.

If Ofcom or any other regulatory body with jurisdiction over these matters wishes to explore the current state of affairs in relation to BSkyB or whatever, that would be entirely for them and outwith the scope of your Inquiry. What would be within scope, however, is whether understandable public concern is being adequately addressed by a system which permits decisions of this nature to be taken by ministers rather than by regulators free from the biases forged in the political arena, or less encumbered by them.

The phrase "a minister carrying out a quasi-judicial function" sounds almost oxymoronic if the nature of that function is correctly understood in this context: that a politician is expected to apply a fair, unbiased and disinterested mind to a topic which inevitably arises strongly felt views either way. Some might say that these problems are capable of being avoided only if decisions of this sort are removed from the bailiwick of ministers altogether.

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would no longer wish to tolerate any risk of being seen as too close to the press.

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In the context of paragraph 2(c) of your terms of reference, the principal focus you may think is the conduct of politicians rather than the behaviour of the press. Put bluntly, if Mr Murdoch pushes on a door and it springs open, that without more involves no issue which might trouble this Inquiry. Bully for him, one might say.

As a businessman, he's surely entitled to seek to lobby in support of his views as much as anyone else. The fact that Mr Murdoch occupies such power that the door springs open with the exertion of miniscule force might involve issues under other subparagraphs of paragraph 2 of your terms of reference. So the focus in this specific context is on appropriate and ethical conduct by politicians and in this regard you may be considering in due course possible amendments to the Ministerial Code, including in the area of greater transparency.

Recommendations as to how concerns about regulation and cross media ownership should be dealt with by the relevant authorities fall into the next subcategory, paragraph 2(b). Fortunately the terms of reference are not so ambitious that you are required to rewrite

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I have not overlooked that paragraph 2(b) of your terms of reference also requires you to address how future concerns as to media policy should be addressed by the relevant authorities. I see no difficulty here regarding the role of the independent regulators, and their responsibility for media policy; but much of that policy is determined by government. In order to address the concern that the media policy of government has been generated by an overly close relationship with News International, it might be argued that government should have no or a lesser role in this area. Having said this, it is difficult to see how constitutionally this could be so. The answer can lie only in greater transparency and accountability.

Under paragraph 2(a) of your terms of reference you are required, I paraphrase, to make recommendations for a better policy and regulatory regime which supports amongst other things the plurality of the media. In this context, the policy and regulatory regime being referred to is not a regime which replaces Ofcom or the OFT but a regime which either improves or wholly replaces the existing system of so-called press regulation, namely the Press Complaints Commission.

Thus the new or successor body as one of its aims should uphold the plurality of the media as much as the Page 88

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1 highest professional and ethical standards also referred 2 to in paragraph 2(a). It ought not to be overly 3 difficult to achieve this policy directive since the 4 public will find it easy to accept that you would not 5 want to engineer a state of affairs whereby any enhanced 6 or new regulatory system either impeded the independence 7 of the press or jeopardised the plurality of the media. 8 Only a regulatory system which drove existing publishers 9 out of business would create that jeopardy, and one may 10 be confident that would not be your intention.

> In opening the previous module I did indicate in general terms the identities of the witnesses the Inquiry intended to call. Well, the names of some have already entered the public domain. Beyond that, I'm not providing any further intelligence. It would not be fair to do so.

What I will say is that the Inquiry has done its best to sequence the evidence in a logical and intelligible fashion, but ultimately it has had to defer on occasion to the availability and convenience of busy individuals.

I conclude these short opening remarks by noting the apparent similarity of thinking underlying paragraph 90 of the witness statement of Mr Rupert Murdoch and page 96 of Mr Blair's memoir. First quote, this is Page 89

Q. Are the contents of your witness statement true and correct to the best of your knowledge and belief?

3 A. They are indeed.

4 Q. You provided a witness statement to the Inquiry in 5 response to a statutory notice asking questions about the circumstances in which the Independent on Sunday 6 7 came to publish an article about Mr Coulson on 6 May.

8 You are the editor of the Independent on Sunday, aren't 9

you?

10 A. That's correct.

Q. It follows from holding that position that you are responsible for what the newspaper publishes, but in particular in this case it's right, isn't it, that you were personally involved in the decision to publish this story?

16 A. That's correct.

Q. You tell us in your witness statement that you were aware of the order made by the Chairman on 26 April 2012. You tell us in paragraph 13 of your witness statement that the order had been served on the Independent on Sunday and at paragraph 16 you say:

"Although we are fully aware of the orders which restrict the use of the witness statements and exhibits ..."

> And then you assert that you've always abided by Page 91

1 Mr Murdoch:

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"As for the 'value' to me of these meetings, my view is that if an editor or publisher is invited or otherwise has an opportunity to meet with a head of government or political leader, you go ..."

This is Mr Blair:

"Again, now, it seems obvious: the country's most powerful newspaper proprietor, whose publications have hitherto been rancorous in their opposition to the Labour Party, invites us into the lion's den. You go, don't you?"

12 LORD JUSTICE LEVESON: Thank you very much.

> What we're going to do is go back, if it's possible now, to consider the position of the article in the Independent on Sunday and we will call the evidence of this afternoon, that is Mr Coulson, at 2 o'clock. Yes,

17 Mr Barr?

18 MR BARR: Mr Mullin is in the building and is just being 19 brought over.

20 LORD JUSTICE LEVESON: Thank you. (Pause).

21 MR JOHN MULLIN (sworn)

22 Questions by MR BARR

23 MR BARR: Could you confirm to the Inquiry your full name, 24 please?

25 A. John Mullin.

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1 them. In those circumstances can I take you to the

2 order, and perhaps we could have a copy on the screen,

3 please.

4 Before I go into the details, can I be absolutely 5 clear, so that there are no semantic misunderstandings,

6 is it right then that you at all material times knew

7 about and were aware of the contents of the restriction

8 order?

9 A. Yes, indeed.

10 Q. If we look at the preamble and the last of the 11 paragraphs which commences "And upon ..." it reads:

12 "And upon the Chairman considering that it is 13 conducive to the fulfilment of his terms of reference 14 and in the public interest that witness statements 15 provided to the Inquiry should not be published before 16 they are put into evidence by a member of the Inquiry 17 Team as the case may be without the express permission 18 of the Chairman or a member of the Inquiry Team."

You knew from that that it was part of the basis for the Chairman's restriction order that he considers it in the public interest that witness statements should not be leaked?

A. Indeed.

24 Q. And if we look now at paragraph 1, which reads: 25 "Prior to its publication on the Inquiry website, no

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- 1 witness statement provided to the Inquiry whether
- 2 voluntarily or under compulsion, nor any exhibit to any
- 3 such statement, nor any other document provided to the
- 4 Inquiry as part of the evidence of the witness (not
- 5 otherwise previously in the public domain) shall be
- 6 published or disclosed, whether in whole or in part,
- 7 outside the confidentiality circle comprising of the
- 8 Chairman, his assessors, the Inquiry Team, the Core
- 9 Participants and their legal representatives."
- 10 That's a provision that's drafted in very wide
- 11 terms, wouldn't you agree?
- 12 A. Indeed.
- 13 Q. And you were again, it follows, fully aware of that?
- 14 A. Yes.
- 15 Q. Paragraph 2, you would have been aware that the order
- 16 binds all persons, and you don't dispute, do you, that
- 17 it binds you?
- 18 A. I don't dispute that.
- 19 Q. In paragraph 3 it reads:
- 20 "Any person (including any company) affected by this
- 21 order may apply for it to be varied pursuant to
- 22 Section 20 of the Inquiries Act 2005."
 - So again you were well aware of your right to apply
- 24 for the order to be varied?
- 25 A. Indeed.

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- O. Is that correct? 2 A. That's correct.
- 3 Q. Now can we come to Mr Coulson's witness statement. You
- 4 tell us in paragraph 12 of your witness statement that
- 5 late last Thursday the Independent on Sunday -- and you
- 6 say it is vital to emphasise that you confirmed the
- 7 shareholding prior to this -- received Mr Coulson's
- 8 statement to the Inquiry.
- 9 Can I ask you, first of all you make clear in your
- 10 statement that it didn't come to you from a core
- 11 participant or a member of the Inquiry Team. Did it
- 12 come to you from someone who was within the
- 13 confidentiality circle?
- 14 A. I'm not prepared to go any further than what I've said
- 15 in this statement there.
- 16 Q. Can you help us, if not with the identity of the person
- 17 concerned, then with the method by which the statement
- 18 had been obtained? In particular was it obtained
- 19 through an intermediary or was it obtained by some form
- 20 of subterfuge?
- 21 A. No form of subterfuge on our part, but beyond that
- 22 I can't comment any further.
- 23 Q. You say no form of subterfuge on your part; was
- 24 subterfuge used by the person who obtained it?
- 25 A. No.

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- 1 Q. You word your statement as saying that the Independent
- 2 on Sunday received the statement, but in email
- 3 communications this morning you have said that you were
- 4 shown it but have not retained a copy.
- 5 A. That's right.
- 6 Q. Is that correct?
- 7 A. That's right.
- 8 Q. Did you retain a copy or a transcript of any part of the
- 9 witness statement?
- 10 A. No, I did not.
- 11 Q. So is it your evidence that you were simply physically
- 12 shown a copy which you read?
- 13 A. It is.
- 14 Q. Can we move now to why it was that you were prepared to
- 15 read the statement at all, knowing of the restriction
- 16 order? Why did you read it?
- 17 A. I think it's human nature that if you're presented with
- 18 something and you're a journalist that you would read
- 19 it. I think in retrospect it would have been much
- 20 better all round had I not read that statement.
- 21 Q. Because you're at pains to tell us in your witness
- 22 statement that the subject of the article, which is
- 23 shareholdings by Mr Coulson, was a matter on which you
- 24 already had three sources?
- 25 A. That's correct.

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- 1 Q. But the effect of reading the statement was that you
- 2 then had a fourth source, didn't you?
- A. Well, I wouldn't put it like that. How I would put it 3
 - is that we are a Sunday newspaper, publishing on
- 5 Sundays. Had we been a daily newspaper, we would have
- 6 been perfectly able to have gone ahead and run exactly
- 7 the same story that we published in the Independent on
- 8 Sunday last Sunday on the Thursday before even receiving
- 9 this statement, so the story stands absolutely on what
- 10 we had on the Wednesday evening.
- 11 Q. Mr Mullin I'm not interested in hypotheticals, I'm
 - interested in actuality, and the reality was that on
- 13 Thursday you got a fourth source of the information?
- 14 A. I did not view that as a fourth source of the
- 15 information.
- 16 Q. You're not denying, are you, that you read in the
- 17 witness statement about Mr Coulson's shareholdings?
- 18 A. No, I'm not denying that, but we had three sources to 19 confirm the story.
- 20 Q. Are you seriously trying to suggest that a signed
- 21 statement from Mr Coulson himself telling you about his
- 22 shareholdings is not further confirmation of the matter?
- 23 A. What I'm saying to you is we had the story 24 copper-bottomed on the Wednesday evening.
- 25 LORD JUSTICE LEVESON: It's not quite the point, is it?

- 1 Because if you hadn't been interested in what Mr Coulson
- 2 said, then you wouldn't have read the statement, and
- 3 you've just explained that no journalist wouldn't read
- 4 the statement in those circumstances.
- 5 A. I accept that, sir.
- 6 MR BARR: So when the time came for you to publish on the
- 7 Sunday, you had four sources?
- 8 A. We didn't use the statement as a source.
- 9 Q. Can I just explore very quickly the other three sources,
- and I'm not going to ask you to identify who they were.
- 11 **A. Sure.**
- 12 Q. But you say that you were shown a document by a source
- which was not, you say, part of a witness statement.
- 14 Was it an exhibit?
- 15 A. No.
- 16 Q. And you say that you had two further sources who
- 17 corroborated your first source. Did they provide you
- with any documents?
- 19 A. They did not.
- 20 Q. Did they show you any documents?
- 21 A. They did not.
- 22 Q. Now, when you came to make the decision to publish last
- Sunday, knowing that you had the witness statement which
- 24 contained Mr Coulson's confirmation of his shareholding
- and knowing of the restriction order and knowing of the
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- 1 person, I could ask the other person. And so you get
- 2 three sources to back up the story. Would you agree
- 3 that would be a breach of the order?
- 4 A. Well, to quote the gentleman here, that's a hypothetical
- 5 situation, isn't it?
- 6 LORD JUSTICE LEVESON: Well --
- 7 A. But I think that that probably is a breach of the order,
- 8 if that helps.
- 9 LORD JUSTICE LEVESON: It becomes very difficult, then,
- doesn't it, because the problem then becomes for me how
- 11 I can unpick this.

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- Let me make it very clear. I am very anxious to
- ensure that the evidence that we're going to deal with
 - it presented in an orderly fashion.
- 15 A. I understand that.
- 16 LORD JUSTICE LEVESON: I have no problem about it being --
 - I'm not trying to censor it, as somebody has suggested.
- 18 I'm not trying to keep it secret. Tonight --
- 19 A. I understand.
- 20 LORD JUSTICE LEVESON: -- everybody will see it, and it will
- be spoken about this afternoon, but the risk is that by
- doing what you've done you've created a dialogue in the
- public with questions being asked and allegations being
- 24 made, people having to respond before we've even heard
- it, and that, do you see, is likely to disrupt the
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- 1 provision to apply for a variation, why didn't you
- 2 contact the Inquiry Team and say, "Look, I've got this
- 3 story by four sources, only one of them is the Inquiry,
- 4 which came to me last, I would like to apply for
- 5 permission" --
- 6 A. Because my view of the story was we had three sources of
- 7 the story, none of them relied on Mr Coulson's statement
- 8 and I believed that meant the order didn't apply to our
- 9 story.
- 10 Q. And isn't the effect of that that you went ahead
- 11 regardless of a legally binding order and published --
- 12 material --
- 13 A. No, I really don't --
- 14 Q. -- derived from the statement?
- 15 A. I really, really don't accept that. Nothing that
- 16 appeared in our story didn't come from the three sources
- 17 that I've outlined --
- 18 LORD JUSTICE LEVESON: Let's put it the other way round, can
- we, please. Let's assume, and we've actually had some
- 20 experience of this in the Inquiry, that you'd seen the
- statement first, and you'd picked up from the signed
- document a fact which was of real interest to you and
- you'd then seen, well, that's very interesting, I can
- 24 now go backwards and prove it. How am I going to prove
- 25 it? Well, I could ask this person, I could ask that
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- 1 process that I am trying to advance?
- 2 A. Well, from my point of view, I'm an editor of
- a newspaper. We may not be the world's greatest
- 4 newspaper, in fact we may not be the greatest newspaper
- 5 in our own building, but we're good honest journalists
- 6 and we try and do our job as best as we can do it. This
- 7 is an issue of massive public importance. The fact that
- 8 your Inquiry is going on shouldn't stop us from doing
- 9 good honest journalism as we go ahead. It was our
- misfortune that through good honest journalism we got
- 11 this statement after we had already substantiated the
- 12 story.
- 13 LORD JUSTICE LEVESON: Hang on a minute. I might take issue
- 14 with the words "good honest". Somebody has broken the
- 15 confidentiality agreement. Somebody. It may not be the
- 16 person who gave it to you --
- 17 A. Hang on, hang on, we stood the story up without the statement.
- 19 LORD JUSTICE LEVESON: Mr Mullin, you've just said "through
- 20 good honest journalism we got a fourth", namely the
- statement, but the statement came from somebody, and I'm
- 22 never going to find out who, who failed to comply with
- 23 the terms of the confidentiality agreement. Now, that
- 24 might itself be something that would be of interest to
- 25 journalists who are doing the job of trying to explain

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- 1 what should happen and what shouldn't happen. I'm not 2 saying it was the person who gave it to you, it's not 3 very difficult to see that somebody within the 4 confidentiality circle gives it to somebody who isn't 5 within the confidentiality circle who gives it to you, 6 so you never know the link. That's one of the problems 7 that I can never unpick, and I recognise that. But that 8 is why it's important, and the concern I have is that 9 knowing the effect of the order, and knowing the 10 inevitable story that would then start to generate, yet 11 knowing that this was going to be the subject of 12 evidence this afternoon, you published it. 13 A. Can I ask you a question? If I had those three sources, 14 all confirmed, and had the story confirmed on the 15 Wednesday evening, and never received the document, 16 would vou say we still could not publish that story? 17 LORD JUSTICE LEVESON: I am not here to give you advice, 18 Mr Mullin, actually, but let me postulate that you could 19 have published the story, because you would not know 20 what Mr Coulson was going to say in his statement, and 21 you would not know -- you could honestly sit there and 22 say, "I simply didn't appreciate that this was going to 23 come up", but by Thursday night you knew exactly what 24 was going to come up. 25 A. We have used nothing from his statement in our story. Page 101
- 1 this: there was in fact no public interest in revealing
- 2 something that was going to be revealed in Inquiry
- 3 proceedings four days later?
- 4 A. Can I just set a little bit of context here? The key
- 5 question that we have followed from Andy Coulson going
 - to the Conservative Party office as director of
- 7 communications, whatever his title was then, is who knew
- 8 what when? So who knew what when about Andy Coulson's
- 9 involvement in phone hacking, we've never really got to

10 the bottom of that.

> As of November, a long time back, six months ago, we learned that there was some issue over his financial settlement with News International when he left in the aftermath of the Clive Goodman and Glenn Mulcaire convictions. If that is an ongoing financial relationship, that clearly is a matter of great significance in which the issue of who knew what when,

and that is the key question -- now we're getting onto 19 the sharp end of the Leveson Inquiry -- that demands to

be answered.

Now, my job as an editor of a newspaper is to put in the public domain the key question that has to be answered in this affair, and that's a key question that has to be answered as we go forward in this, and I think

putting that in the public mind before Mr Coulson gives

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Nothing.

- 2 LORD JUSTICE LEVESON: Well, we may not entirely agree about
- 3 that. Anyway, yes, Mr Barr.
- 4 MR BARR: You asserted in your answers to Lord Justice
- 5 Leveson that the story was in the public interest, and
- 6 that's a matter which you picked up at paragraph 14 of
- 7 your witness statement. You say that:
- 8 "The Independent on Sunday believes its story was in
- 9 the public interest. We were revealing that Downing
- 10 Street's communication chief, at a time when News Corp
- 11 was bidding for BSkyB, it was bound to be a political
- 12 issue, held shares and so had a financial interest in
- 13 what the government might decide."
- 14 Let's examine that. You were revealing something,
- 15 to use your verb, that was going to be made public and
- 16 which you knew was going to be made public by an
- 17 independent judge-led Inquiry in four days' time, didn't
- 18 you?

19 A. Yes, I think that's true.

- 20 Q. And you knew from the restriction order that
- 21 Lord Justice Leveson had concluded that there was
- 22 a public interest in the witness statement and its
- 23 contents not being divulged --
- 24 A. Which is why we never used any of the witness statement.
- Q. There we will have to disagree. But isn't the position 25

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- 1 evidence is perfectly defensible journalism.
- 2 Q. It misses a point, doesn't it, that answer, because
- 3 you're right that the issue is a matter of public
- 4 interest, but it's not in the public interest to publish
- 5 it four days earlier than it's going to come out in
 - a proper and orderly way in a public Inquiry?
 - A. I don't know what was going to come out in the Inquiry
- 8 and I don't know how you conduct the Inquiry. I can
- 9 only speak for the people I edit and we have followed
- 10 this story, probably behind the Guardian only, for five
- 11 years and it's quite important to our readers.
- 12 Q. That's nonsense as well, isn't it, because you knew full
- 13 well that the Inquiry was dealing with the shareholding
- 14 issue because it was in the witness statement?
- 15 A. But I don't know how you're going to deal with the
- 16 shareholding issue.
- 17 LORD JUSTICE LEVESON: You knew the statement was going to
- 18 be published, didn't you? Because we've published every
- 19 single statement.
- 20 A. Yes, of course.
- 21 LORD JUSTICE LEVESON: We can dance around the topic,
- 22 Mr Mullin. Let me asks you this question, if you don't
 - mind. Do you understand why I might be concerned about
- 24 this order of events?
- 25 A. Yes, I fully understand that. Of course I do.

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LORD JUSTICE LEVESON: You see, it might be said that for 2 you, the scoop was just too irresistible. Would that be 3 fair? 4 A. No, I don't think so. I think if we had been that 5 excited about it, we might have put it on the front 6 page. I mean, it's a very good story and it puts in the 7 public mind the key question in the week that Mr Coulson is going to have to give evidence, the key question that 8 has to be answered: who knew what when? 10 LORD JUSTICE LEVESON: You are right, perhaps you shouldn't 11 have looked at the statement, because then it would all 12 have been very much easier. 13 A. I agree with that. LORD JUSTICE LEVESON: Which actually might be taken as 14 15 a message to everybody, that it wouldn't be sensible to 16 look at any of these statements unless you're using them 17 for the purpose of the Inquiry, and if that message gets 18 across, at least something will be achieved. 19 MR BARR: You make something of an apology at paragraph 17 20 of your witness statement. In the light of our debate, 21 would you like to repeat and possibly amplify that 22 apology? 23 A. Certainly. I made a decision ahead of pressing the 24 button on publication on Saturday and I made that 25 decision with the facts and calculations I made at that Page 105 1 time. I think with hindsight, and of course hindsight 2 is a wonderful thing, there certainly would have been 3 scope for me to at least have sought some informal 4 guidance from the Inquiry, but I wouldn't want that to 5 be taken as an acceptance that that decision I made on 6 Saturday night was entirely incorrect. 7 I do apologise for the trouble this has caused the 8 Inquiry and I do apologise for the effort you've had to 9 go to today. It wasn't our intention. We are motivated 10 only by trying to get to the bottom of this issue, as is 11 the Inquiry. 12 LORD JUSTICE LEVESON: All right. 13 MR BARR: Thank you. Those are all my questions. 14 LORD JUSTICE LEVESON: Thank you for coming, Mr Mullin. 15 Thank you for responding to the notice when you did. 16 I appreciate that I used the force of law to require you 17 to, so you didn't have much choice but I'm grateful --18 A. Delighted to be here. LORD JUSTICE LEVESON: I am going to think about what you've 19 20 said very, very carefully. Thank you very much. 21 A. Thank you. 22 LORD JUSTICE LEVESON: Right. 2 o'clock. 23 (1.00 pm)24 (The luncheon adjournment) 25 Page 106

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