1		1	Q. So it's the full range, not just about the crimes
2	(2.00 pm)	2	themselves, but to some degree police politics?
3	LORD JUSTICE LEVESON: Yes.	3	A. Absolutely, yeah.
4	MS BOON: Sir, the next witness is Timothy Gordon.	4	Q. In terms of the culture, you say that you would describe
5	LORD JUSTICE LEVESON: Thank you.	5	the relationship generally as straightforward and
6	MR TIMOTHY JOHN GORDON (sworn)	6	professional?
			•
7	Questions by MS BOON	7	A. Yes, I would, yeah.
8	LORD JUSTICE LEVESON: Thank you very much for coming from	8	Q. But you understand from talking to some of your
9	South Wales, Mr Gordon.	9	reporters that it can be difficult to get information
10	A. You're welcome.	10	quickly from police press officers?
11	MS BOON: Please give your full name.	11	A. Yes, there have been issues over the years with the
12	A. Timothy John Gordon.	12	police press office officers, particularly at weekends
13	Q. You've provided the Inquiry with a witness statement	13	when they don't work, when we can find it particularly
14	dated 10 February this year?	14	difficult to get information. When the press officers
15	A. Yeah.	15	aren't working on the weekends, our reporters call up
16	Q. You've signed a statement of truth in the standard form;	16	the duty inspectors and often we have found a certain
17	is that right?	17	amount of reporters have told me that even though they
18	A. That's correct.	18	have been told that something is happening a member
19	Q. Is this your formal evidence to the Inquiry?	19	of the public may have rung in to say there's an
20	A. It is, yes.	20	incident happening in such-and-such a place once we
21	Q. You've been the editor of the South Wales Echo	21	ring up the duty inspector, they quite often say to us:
22	since November 2010?	22	"No, there's nothing happening, we don't know anything",
23	A. That's correct.	23	and then on the Monday/Tuesday, a press release might
24	Q. Before that, you edited Wales on Sunday for eight years?	24	come out detailing an incident that has happened.
25	A. Yes.	25	Q. Have you sought to resolve that issue?
	Page 1		Page 3
1	Q. You've worked as a journalist for over 20 years?	1	A. Partly part of the meeting that we had with the
1 2	A. Mm-hm.	1 2	Chief Constable and the Deputy Chief Constable, part of
	A. Mm-hm. Q. In that time, you've been a general reporter, night		Chief Constable and the Deputy Chief Constable, part of the conversations that we had during that meeting were
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2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22 23 24	 A. Mm-hm. Q. In that time, you've been a general reporter, night editor of the Western Mail, and worked on the news desk at ITV Wales? A. That's correct. Q. You've not at any time been a specialist crime reporter, however? A. No. Q. Your crime correspondent, Abby Alford, has provided a statement to the Inquiry. Her statement is taken as read. That's right, isn't it? A. That's correct. LORD JUSTICE LEVESON: She happens to be on maternity leave, so it's perfectly reasonable that we do that. Thank you. MS BOON: Before I move on to relations between the media and South Wales Police from your perspective, what sort of crime story does your paper aim to cover? Is there any particular kind? A. Oh, it's a wide and varied range of crime stories, from small local crimes all the way through to big murder cases, and obviously police stories as well in terms of job losses or what's happening generally with the 	2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22 23 24	Chief Constable and the Deputy Chief Constable, part of the conversations that we had during that meeting were in relation to that at the time. They were talking about staffing, over the weekends, the press office, but that hasn't happened yet. Q. Your crime reporter, Abigail Alford, says that since approximately 2009 she's noticed a gradual sea change in that the police seem more hesitant about making contact with the press than previously. First of all, is that something you recognise, a sea change, and secondly, is it something you can account for? A. It's certainly something that a lot of my reporters talk about. Somebody like Abby it's interesting that Abby thinks that as well herself. Somebody like Abby, who would have regular contact with the police and would build up contacts with the police offers, would have a better opportunity to get information flowing quickly and more freely. Other reporters might find that more difficult because they don't have the contacts and they don't know the specific officers, so it could be a question of trust there to begin with. Q. Yes. A. Funnily enough, I asked some of our reporters to put
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- 1 one of them has told me about Gwent police -- if you 1 A. Very much so, yes. Yeah, a very sort of professional 2 2 don't mind going through this -- where, in the recent relationship that is dealt with on that basis. 3 3 times, in recent weeks, the Chief Constable of Gwent Q. I think there was one meeting that was of a more social 4 police has put together guidelines for police officers 4 5 and media. In these guidelines, which I understand have 5 A. Yes. Following on from the meeting that we had in our 6 been sent to every police officer in the force, they've 6 offices, the first meeting came about when the police 7 7 been told they cannot speak to a member of the media cuts were being announced. So they wanted to talk to us 8 without prior permission from the press office. 8 about the police cuts that were coming in, we wanted to 9 When we asked the head of press why these guidelines 9 talk to them about the issues we had about the flow of 10 had been created, my reporter was told they were 10 information, so we had that meeting and following on 11 11 tightening up due to Leveson and the Filkin report. from that meeting, we invited the Chief Constable and 12 LORD JUSTICE LEVESON: They can't be tightening up due to 12 his partner and the Deputy Chief Constable and her 13 anything I've done yet. 13 partner to an evening dinner, the Inspire Wales awards. 14 A. I think there's a general feeling -- I've certainly 14 Q. But it's not your practice to have regular or even 15 noticed it as well in the past few months -- that people 15 occasional lunch or dinner meetings with senior 16 are deciding not to engage with each other and not to 16 officers? 17 17 talk openly with each other. So there is almost a sense A. No. I think it's probably a point well worth making in 18 that everybody is waiting to see what the outcome is. 18 terms of the differences, as I see it, certainly between 19 People are already beginning to not talk to each other, 19 the regionals and the nationals when it comes to expense 20 and the fact that this has happened in Gwent would 20 accounts and expense policies -- I did a sum last week 21 21 suggest that that's true. in preparation for coming down here, where I looked at 22 LORD JUSTICE LEVESON: Yes. I just wonder, when you raised 22 how much we spent in a year on entertaining people. 23 the issue about the weekend duty, why the answer to the 23 This took into account editors and probably 58 24 Chief Constable wasn't: "You don't need a press officer 24 journalists who would be front-facing, so who would have 25 25 on duty weekend; you just need the inspector to be the opportunity to take somebody out for a drink or Page 5 Page 7 1 prepared to tell us!" 1 a meal, and the calculation that I came up with was that 2 A. Absolutely. That's absolutely correct and right. In 2 the average reporter/editor spends, on average, 71 pence 3 3 the meetings that we had with the Chief Constable and a week on taking people out. It's not something that's in our culture and hasn't been for a very, very long 4 the Deputy Chief Constable, you actually find out that 4 5 the higher up the force you get, there's certainly 5 time. 6 a feeling there that they're willing for more 6 Q. If the expense account were larger, would that alter 7 information to be released, but that notion doesn't seem 7 things? Would that alter practices? 8 to have trickled down to the officers. 8 A. I may go to lunch more often! No. 9 LORD JUSTICE LEVESON: It's a bit difficult to draw that 9 LORD JUSTICE LEVESON: Well, it's a cultural thing. It's 10 10 inference in relation to Gwent. not a precise amount of money; it's the way the business 11 goes. Do you think that you run your relationship with 11 A. Certainly in relation to Gwent, it's entirely the 12 opposite, yeah. 12 the police as other regional editors run their 13 13 relationships with their local forces and that London LORD JUSTICE LEVESON: You haven't received a copy of 14 14 and the Met is just different? Or do you think there's 15 a difference in Wales? 15 A. I don't have a copy of that, no. 16 16 MS BOON: In terms of your personal contact, as editor of A. No, from what I know from my fellow regional editors --17 the South Wales Echo, with South Wales Police, you set 17 and we do meet up quite often -- is that the way I'm
- 21 A. Yes.

chief constables.

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- Q. What you say can probably be taken as read, but is it
- 23 fair to summarise your contact as limited mainly to very

out in your statement the level of contact with the

Chief Constable, Deputy Chief Constable and assistant

- formal meetings to discuss issues of concern at that
- 25 time?

Page 6

Page 8

expressing myself would be very, very similar to them.

LORD JUSTICE LEVESON: And of course you're part of the

LORD JUSTICE LEVESON: So there are a large number of

A. There are. We're the biggest regional newspaper group

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Trinity Mirror Group?

in Britain.

regional newspapers involved in that.

- 1 LORD JUSTICE LEVESON: Yes.
- 2 MS BOON: We've heard from other witnesses that these
- 3 meetings over lunch and dinner can be useful in terms of
- 4 fostering a relationship of trust. It's implicit in
- 5 what you're saying that you don't feel it's necessary to
- 6 have that level of contact for there to be a good
- 7 working relationship between --
- 8 A. I certainly have no issue with a journalist taking
- 9 somebody out for a drink or a journalist taking somebody
- out for lunch. It's just that we don't tend to do it
- 11 that often.
- 12 O. I see.
- 13 A. But I don't have any problem with it.
- 14 Q. And the other way around -- as far as you recall, you've
- 15 never accepted hospitality from South Wales Police?
- 16 A. As far as I recall, no, I certainly haven't, unless of
- 17 course you're -- you know, if a cup of tea when
- 18 I visited the Butetown police station counts as
- 19 hospitality, and there may have been the offer of
- a biscuit. I can't remember.
- 21 Q. Turn to paragraph 24 of your statement, our page 00921.
- 22 You expressed the view there that it's important that
- 23 journalists maintain a professional relationship with
- police officers.
- 25 A. Yes.

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- Q. In your own words, where do the boundaries lie in this
- 2 relationship?
- $3\,$ $\,$ A. I think it's really important for me that our
- 4 journalists are totally professional in their dealings
- 5 with the police. By that, I mean that they are honest,
- 6 forthright and they deal with integrity in all their
- 7 dealings with the police and police officers.
- 8 I say that because it's important. Sure, you can
- 9 get to know an officer, and I think there's a great
- value in our reporters getting to know their local
- officers so they can understand exactly what's happening
- in those areas, so they can have open and frank
- discussions with what's happening in their areas, crime,
- and the only way the public can be helped to allay the
- 15 fears of crime or whatever. But also I think it's
- really, really crucial that that relationship is kept
- professional, so that if there ever comes a time when we
- have to ask the hard questions and we have to ask the
- 19 hard questions of that police officer, that we can do so
- without fear or favour.
- 21 LORD JUSTICE LEVESON: Did you have any difficulty, in
- connection with asking hard questions and in the light
- of your relationship with the police, in relation to
- your reporting of the collapse of the recent very
- 25 substantial corruption trial?

Page 10

- A. No. No, we didn't. We were able to ask the hard
- 2 questions, I think, although there are still some
- 3 answers that are out there that haven't been given to us
- 4 yet

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- 5 LORD JUSTICE LEVESON: I'm not investigating the states of
- 6 your investigative work; I'm just wanting to know how
- 7 that impacted on the relationship.
- 8 A. Part of the meeting when the Deputy Chief Constable and
 - the Chief Constable came to see us as well was also to
- do with that case, where are they informed us that they
- 11 would be giving us a full off-the-record briefing on
- what was coming up in the case at the time. The
- officers in question, or the officers who are in command
- 14 now, weren't part of the force at the time, so they were
- very clear that they wanted this to be an open appraisal
- of what had happened, because they didn't want to be
- coloured or tainted by what happened in the past.
- 18 LORD JUSTICE LEVESON: And you found that's what happened as
- 19 you asked questions, that they were open and --
- 20 A. Well, obviously we had to wait for the case to happen.
- 21 LORD JUSTICE LEVESON: Of course.
- 22 A. Then the case happened and it collapsed. There's
 - a bigger story there, probably, than we know.
- 24 LORD JUSTICE LEVESON: But you haven't found anything about
- 25 your relationship has impacted adversely upon your

Page 11

- 1 ability to ask the questions and maintain the dialogue?
 - A. No, because our relationship is a purely professional
- **3** one.
- 4 LORD JUSTICE LEVESON: Thank you.
- 5 MS BOON: Do you give any training or guidance to your
- 6 reporters or new reporters along the lines that you've
- 7 set out to assist them in securing a professional
- 8 relationship only?
- 9 A. Are you talking specifically as regards to the police?
- 10 Q. Well, yes.
- 11 A. There's no specific training where we say, "This is how
 - you should deal with the police", but most of our
- journalists will have gone through journalism school, so
- 14 they're all trained. If some of them come to us as
- 15 trainees, then they're on a two-year probation period.
- 16 So we have a training manager who trains them through
- 17 for their NCTJ finals.
- 18 Q. You don't give any additional guidance to your reporters
- about relations with the police or relations with
- 20 contacts generally, about maintaining professional
- 21 distance?
- 22 A. Yes, we do talk to the reporters about maintaining
 - a professional distance from people, yeah. Or from the
- police, yeah.
- 25 Q. How would you know if your crime reporter were

Page 12

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- developing an overly close relationship with any one or more police officers?
- 3 A. In terms of expenses -- obviously I've outlined that we
- 4 don't really have huge expense accounts, but every
- 5 expense within Trinity Mirror has to be signed off by
- 6 a senior editor, so every expense is seen. Any gifts
- 7 or -- well, any gifts or any hospitality which is given
- 8 to one of our journalists which would be of
- 9 a significant amount would be expected to be -- that
- journalist is -- under our policy guidelines, would have
- 11 to let a senior editorial management know that that had
- 12 happened.
- 13 Q. So the expenses aren't just seen; they're scrutinised,
- are they?
- 15 A. They're scrutinised, yes.
- 16 Q. When asked about the extent to which you oversee
- 17 communications between your crime reporter and the
- police, you state that it would only be during discusses
- 19 about stories that issues might arise.
- 20 A. Yes.
- Q. What sort of matters might alert you to a problem?
- 22 A. Obviously during conversations when we're discussing
- stories that have come up, if there's anything at all in
- 24 there that my instinct would lead me to think that there
- 25 might be something awry or something not right, then Page 13
- 1 I would be asking the questions: where did the
- 2 information come from? Who gave it to you? How did you
- 3 get it? And then we would discuss the story and decide
- 4 whether we believed that story was right for publication
- 5 or not.
- 6 Q. Are you aware of any reporter receiving information from
- 7 a police officer that might be termed a leak? When
- 8 I say "leak", I mean information that that officer might
- 9 not be allowed to provide to a journalist?
- 10 **A. No, I'm not, no.**
- 11 Q. Would you be concerned if one of your reporters were
- 12 actively seeking that information from a police officer
- or a member of civilian staff?
- 14 A. Actively seeking? What do you mean by actively seeking
- 15 that information?
- 16 Q. I suppose asking questions that might go further than
- the police officer would otherwise be prepared to go.
- 18 A. No, I can't see one of our reporters doing that. I know
- 19 that Abby, in her statement, was quite clear that she
- 20 never ever asked an officer to give her information that
- 21 he would be unhappy with it appearing in print.
- 22 Q. If Ms Alford were to come to you and say, "A police
- officer has just given me information, I think it's
- a leak, I don't think he or she was authorised to give
- 25 me that information", what, if anything, would you do
 - Page 14

- 1 at that stage?
- 2 A. We'd have to sit down and discuss what that story was
 - and what that leak was. If it had to do with the public
- 4 interest and we felt that our readers should know about
- 5 it, then we would have a discussion about the story. We
- 6 would look to see if we could stand it up in another
- 7 area, from another source as well, at the same time, and
- 8 we would discuss it fully with our lawyers as well
- 9 before publication if we decided to publish.
- 10 LORD JUSTICE LEVESON: It's not so much merely that an
- officer might not be authorised; it's if it was
- abundantly clear he positively wouldn't have been
- authorised, that he'd been forbidden from doing it.
- 14 That's really the tenor.
 - A. Yeah. Again, this is down to the public interest, so we
- would have the public interest discussion about it.
- 17 LORD JUSTICE LEVESON: Yes.
- 18 MS BOON: Have you or, to your knowledge, your reporter
- received any unofficial prior notification about arrests
- 20 or raids or other police action?
- 21 A. I know that reporters are often given notification of
- some arrests and sometimes they're invited to go along
- on raids to pick up people. Say, cannabis farms or
- whatever. So that happens quite a lot. When I attended
- 25 the Butetown police station as a guest, I was taken into
 - Page 15
 - the Monday conference meeting, where all the events of
- 2 the weekend were discussed and that -- I was alerted to
- 3 the fact that there may have been some arrests that day.
- 4 But that's very, very, very unusual.
- 5 Q. In terms of the future, you set out in your statement
- 6 what you say should not be done. You're concerned about
- 7 avenues being closed off or a code of practice being
- 8 created which encourages no discussion or puts in place
- 9 a filter, for instance the press office. Do you have
- any thoughts on what should be done?
- 11 A. I am all for the free flow of information. I think it's
- 12 really important in a democratic society that that
- 13 happens. I'm concerned that Gwent police have announced
- 14 that their officers can't talk to the media unless they
- 15 are given prior permission from their press office. I'm
- 16 concerned that we find it difficult to get information
- 17 and weekends and even during the week I'm concerned that
- 18 there are occasions when the press officers can be
- 19 difficult and it seems like they're withholding
- 20 information from us. I would much prefer that we could
- 21 move forward trusting each other, that my reporters
- 22 could build and develop relationships with police
- 23 officers on a professional basis, so there is no fear of
- 24 favour granted on either side but that the information
- 25 is free flowing, and I would much prefer if police were

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- 1 encouraged to give as much information as they possibly
- 2 could.
- 3 Q. If the police are encouraged to give as much information
- 4 as they possibly can, and they are given clear
- 5 guidelines, would you have concerns about any
- 6 requirement to make a written record of contact with
- 7 journalists?

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- 8 A. I think my fear about a written record -- it already
 - sounds like you're proposing that there may be something
- wrong with talking to a journalist and the mere fact
- 11 that you're suggesting that everything has to be written
- 12 down and taken as a note --
- 13 LORD JUSTICE LEVESON: No, no, I don't think that Ms Boon
- was suggesting that everything had to be written down,
- but that the fact of contact should be noted, as you
- might note something else.
- 17 A. Well, my only concern in that area would be that if you
- are putting up an extra block, even if it's just taking
- a note, unless it's to officers who have an abundance of
- 20 notes to take already and are always complaining about
- 21 having an abundance of notes to take and not having
- 22 enough time to go out and do their job because of
- 23 form-filling all the time -- that would be my concern,
- 24 that that's just another thing that they would have to
- 25 do. I would rather let the relationship move forward.
 - Page 17

- A. No, only that that I'd like it to be sort of clear that
- 2 there is a huge difference between the regional press
 - and what appears to be happening in the nationals, or in
- 4 some nationals. The regional press is a very, very
- 5 different arena and we seem to work in what appears to
- 6 be a very different way, judging by some of the stuff
- 7 that has been said in this Inquiry. We work within our
- 8 communities. We work very close to our communities.
- 9 Integrity is a mainstay of our business. It's really
- important for us to be honest, it's really important for
- 11 us to try and tell the truth. We work in our areas
- every day, so our readers won't allow us to get away
- 13 with anything that isn't right, and that's what we try
- 14 and aspire to do every day.
- 15 Q. You say that there are a number of differences between
- the regional media and the national media. Do you feel
- 17 that you've referred to all the differences that you
- 18 would like to?
- 19~ A. When I say ''differences'', I'm only speaking in terms of
- some the things that have come out from the Inquiry.
- 21 LORD JUSTICE LEVESON: Have they surprised you?
- 22 A. Yes. Yes.
- 23 MS BOON: Thank you. Those are my questions.
- 24 LORD JUSTICE LEVESON: A couple more questions, if I could
- ask. First of all, I have seen another editor from

Page 19

- 1 There is a mutually beneficial relationship built on
- 2 trust and professionalism.
- 3 LORD JUSTICE LEVESON: I wasn't suggesting, and I don't
- 4 think Ms Boon was suggesting, form-filling, but, for
- 5 example, a note in a diary: "Met Mr Gordon of the
- 6 South Wales Echo, discussed burglary statistics in
- 7 Romney(?)", or whatever.
- 8 A. As I say, my only fear would be, as I mentioned before,
- 9 that it's just another thing that may discourage
- 10 officers from talking.
- 11 MS BOON: Just to test it in this way: police officers are
- accustomed, when they're out on patrol or generally
- operationally, to making records in their pocket
- 14 notebooks of contact that they've had, what they've been
- doing. They know that by doing that there's no
- suggestion that what they've done is inherently wrong.
- Do you think it could not be seen as part of an
- officer's day that if he or she speaks to a journalist,
- that a brief record is made?
- 20 A. I can see that as a possibility, but I still have the
- feeling that it has a tinge of: if they're talking to
- a journalist, they have to be very careful of what
- 23 they're talking about.
- Q. Is there anything you would like to add to anything you
- said before or to your statement?

Page 18

- 1 South Wales, as you probably know.
- 2 A. (Nods head)
- 3 LORD JUSTICE LEVESON: But I am keen to learn whether there
- 4 is anything in the way in which life operates in Wales
- 5 that is different from what I've learnt not about the
- 6 nationals -- I take your point on that -- but in perhaps
- 7 the regions of England that I should have regard to,
- 8 whether there's any particular Welsh feature which you
- 9 feel it's appropriate to bring to my attention.
- 10 A. It's a difficult question for me to answer. I have only
- ever worked in England in Leicester, and that was over
- 12 **20** years ago.
- 13 LORD JUSTICE LEVESON: All right.
- 14 A. So I don't know if there is a huge variation, but from
- 15 talking to other editors around a group, I don't believe
- 16 so.
- 17 LORD JUSTICE LEVESON: All right. My second question is
- this: I'm very grateful to you and obviously your staff,
- who have helped fill you in on details. Is there
- anything that you've picked up from them that, albeit
- 21 hearsay, you would like to share with me from the work
- that you've done preparing to come today?
- 23 A. I think the only thing from my staff is that there is
- 24 a fear that it's becoming harder and harder to talk to
- 25 police officers, it's becoming harder and harder to get

1	a release of information, quickly, timely, and clear,	1	A. There are three daily newspapers, one that covers
2	and that would be our main concern. Because of the way	2	Wolverhampton and the back country, which is the
3	we work and the communities that we work in, it's really	3	Express & Star. There is the Birmingham Mail, which is
4	important for us that information flow is fast and that	4	the Birmingham paper, and then there is the Coventry
5	it is that it comes to us without any issues or any	5	Telegraph, which covers the southern part of the West
6	problems with it, that we can't get access to it.	6	Midlands.
7	If you could imagine sort of working in an	7	LORD JUSTICE LEVESON: They're separately owned?
8	environment nowadays where you have social media, you	8	A. Coventry and Birmingham are owned by Trinity Mirror and
9	have Twitter, you have Facebook. Our reporters are	9	we are an independent family-owned newspaper.
10	hearing about things happening on Facebook and Twitter	10	LORD JUSTICE LEVESON: Right. Well, we've heard Trinity
11	before the police are confirming them to us, before they	11	Mirror from Wales, so that's fair enough. Right.
12	are telling us what's happening, and for us, what we	12	MR JAY: You have a circulation, I think, of 105,000?
13	really need to do is have a relationship with the police	13	A. That's correct.
14	where they will release information to us as quickly as	14	Q. Does that make you the regional newspaper with the
15	possible.	15	largest circulation in the United Kingdom?
16	$LORD\ JUSTICE\ LEVESON{:}\ I\ understand\ that.\ Mr\ Gordon,\ thank$	16	A. That's right.
17	you very much indeed for coming.	17	Q. Thank you. We're going to pick up on a number of points
18	A. You're welcome.	18	which you've made in your helpful statement, Mr Faber.
19	MR JAY: Sir, we have three witnesses from the West	19	First of all, the culture change which you identify in
20	Midlands.	20	paragraph 2 and the introduction of press officers.
21	LORD JUSTICE LEVESON: Very good.	21	Tell us a little bit about that and the advantages and
22	MR JAY: I have decided, subject to your view and	22	disadvantages that that has brought in.
23	I haven't discussed it with you that we'll hear	23	A. That is something that has developed over probably the
24	Mr Faber first. He's the editor of the	24	last 10 to 15 years, insofar as the access to individual
25	Birmingham Express & Star. Then we'll hear the	25	police officers is limited and media enquiries tend to
	Page 21		Page 23
1	Chief Constable and Inspector Sally Seeley together, but	1	go through the press office. This has its advantages
1	Chief Constable and Inspector Sally Seeley together, but	1	go through the press office. This has its advantages
2	after Mr Faber.	2	and its disadvantages. The advantages are that when
2 3	after Mr Faber. LORD JUSTICE LEVESON: I'm entirely in your hands, Mr Jay.	2 3	and its disadvantages. The advantages are that when there is a major incident or a force-wide event, then
2 3 4	after Mr Faber. LORD JUSTICE LEVESON: I'm entirely in your hands, Mr Jay. Not always, but on this occasion.	2 3 4	and its disadvantages. The advantages are that when there is a major incident or a force-wide event, then there is a central point of contact where you can go to
2 3 4 5	after Mr Faber. LORD JUSTICE LEVESON: I'm entirely in your hands, Mr Jay. Not always, but on this occasion. MR JAY: Thank you. So it's Mr Faber, please.	2 3 4 5	and its disadvantages. The advantages are that when there is a major incident or a force-wide event, then there is a central point of contact where you can go to to get information and request interviews. The downside
2 3 4 5 6	after Mr Faber. LORD JUSTICE LEVESON: I'm entirely in your hands, Mr Jay. Not always, but on this occasion. MR JAY: Thank you. So it's Mr Faber, please. MR ADRIAN FABER (sworn)	2 3 4 5 6	and its disadvantages. The advantages are that when there is a major incident or a force-wide event, then there is a central point of contact where you can go to to get information and request interviews. The downside to it is that there is increasingly limited access to
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1 putting all that information out, and I think it's 1 saying, "Well, it's only a small number break-ins and we 2 2 important that we don't lose sight that for a lot of our don't want people to think it's happening everywhere, 3 3 readers, the smaller-scale crime is as important, if not and the Express & Star will put an overly dramatic 4 4 more important, than the bigger crime. headline on it and everybody will be terrified that 5 5 LORD JUSTICE LEVESON: Do the crime maps help? burglaries are happening everywhere." A. The crime maps do help. The crime maps certainly do 6 I think I would argue that the reader is intelligent 7 7 help. But very often that's information that's released and perceptive enough to be able to make their own 8 at a later date. Very often what we're after is the 8 judgment. 9 LORD JUSTICE LEVESON: It also depends how you tell the sort of story where a number of burglaries have happened 9 10 in a particular area or a number of thefts have happened 10 tale, doesn't it? 11 in a particular area, and we want that information 11 A. Of course it does. 12 quickly because we feel it's right that our readers have 12 LORD JUSTICE LEVESON: If you tell the tale in that way, 13 that information available so they can react 13 then that's the conclusion they'll reach. 14 appropriately if they think it's necessary. 14 A. Maybe, but nonetheless, I think the reader will always 15 LORD JUSTICE LEVESON: Would that necessarily be collated by 15 draw their conclusion from it. I don't think we would 16 the police in that way? 16 ever exaggerate, necessarily. 17 A. Not necessarily, I don't think. 17 Q. You refer, Mr Faber, to a tier of bureaucracy between 18 LORD JUSTICE LEVESON: That might be part of the problem. 18 the journalists and police officers, and this is the 19 A. Not necessarily, but very often when we make the 19 interposition of the press office. 20 enquiries, when we know that that has happened, then 20 A. Yes. 21 that information is available. 21 Q. Are we to draw from that this point: that when your 22 MR JAY: You refer on the first page of your statement, 22 crime reporter, for example, wants to speak to a police 23 towards the bottom -- this is our page 58565, where you 23 officer, that is prevented, or does just take a while 24 24 longer to get that organised? 25 "This manifests itself with the police view that the 25 A. It would tend to take a while longer to get that Page 25 Page 27 1 organised, and I think here it's very often a time 1 public have an exaggerated perception of crime which is 2 2 fuelled by media coverage." pressure as opposed to any other pressure. I don't 3 3 necessarily think it is an unwillingness to arrange for I just wondered what the evidence base was for 4 4 us to speak to a particular police officer. I don't ascribing that as the police view. 5 A. Certainly we know that one of the police views is that 5 think that's the case. It's very often a time pressure 6 6 there is a need for public reassurance, that the public and an extra element that's introduced between the 7 7 journalist and the police officer. shouldn't be unnecessarily alarmed, and I think 8 sometimes that can take the form of some details 8 Q. And you are in competition now, if that's the right way 9 9 of putting it, with all forms of electronic media, being -- not withheld but not necessarily actively put 10 10 including social media -out there, so that people are less -- there is 11 11 a feeling, if you like, that if small-scale crime is put 12 12 together and -- the press will put an exaggerated and Q. -- which increases the time pressure, doesn't it? 13 13 A. It does. dramatic headline upon it, and sometimes communities 14 14 will get an exaggerated fear of crime in a particular Q. Paragraph 3, please, of your statement. LORD JUSTICE LEVESON: You have an online edition as well? 15 15 area. A. We do. 16 LORD JUSTICE LEVESON: There is no doubt, is there --16 17 LORD JUSTICE LEVESON: Which is free to anyone? 17 I think it's a consequence of a number of surveys --18 that the fear of crime is greater than the risk of 18 A. Which is free to anybody. We also have an iPad app. 19 19 LORD JUSTICE LEVESON: Yes, I wasn't asking you an advert, actually being the victim of a crime, in fact because 20 20 the quantity of crime is decreasing. Mr Faber. The point I was making was going to be rather 21 21 A. I would agree. However, if there were six burglaries in different, that this is no longer: "We need to know for 22 22 a particular street or six break-ins of garden sheds, tomorrow morning's paper"; this is, if not 24/7, not far 23 23 then I think it's appropriate that the public should removed from that. 24 know that, that that has taken place, so that they can 24 A. It's not even tomorrow morning's paper. We publish on 25 25 the day, so we can ring up at 7 o'clock in the morning take appropriate action if necessary, rather than

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- Day 53 PM Leveson Inquiry 1 and say we need something for the paper by 9 or 1 LORD JUSTICE LEVESON: Have you been surprised by the 2 2 10 o'clock that morning. evidence? I asked that question before. 3 3 LORD JUSTICE LEVESON: Yes. A. Yes, I think I have and I think my colleagues in the 4 MR JAY: You explain, Mr Faber, the nature of your contacts 4 office have been surprised as well. 5 with senior officers. Over the last 18 months, you've 5 MR JAY: The Inquiry's also received a fair amount of 6 met the Chief Constable at your office to discuss future 6 evidence about the dissemination, the transfer of 7 7 planning. You've met the Wolverhampton police informal information from police officers to 8 8 journalists, often, I suppose, unauthorised or the superintendent to discuss the riots last summer. This 9 is to provide background information, context --9 boundaries may be unclear. 10 10 A. Yes, indeed. First of all, is that the sort of information which 11 11 Q. -- which stories, in due course, might be written with would be of interest to your newspaper, even were you to 12 12 greater --13 A. Yes, indeed. Yes. 13 A. Information that was -- would be considered 14 Q. -- people have used the terms colour and texture? 14 inappropriate to release? 15 A. None of those were meetings to be reported upon. They 15 Q. I'm not necessarily putting it that high, but 16 were all for that background information. 16 information which the disseminator would realise there 17 17 was at least an issue as to whether it should be Q. So off the record in the sense of non-reportable as well communicated to a journalist? 18 as non-attributable? 18 19 19 A. We would certainly be interested, I'm sure. Whether we A. Yes. 20 Q. So these are informal discussions and it's implicit in 20 published anything would be another matter. 21 21 what you say that they're not in any restaurant or wine Q. Can we just take that in stages, Mr Faber? Without 22 giving away any trade secrets, is it the sort of
- 22 bar or pub; they're in an office? 23 A. They're in my office.
- 24 Q. What do you think about the ethical considerations if 25 one were to transfer these meetings to a more social Page 29
- Page 31 where we've received information that I've looked at and

information which you do happen to receive from time to

A. Not that I can remember. I can't think of an occasion

2 A. I don't see anything wrong in a drink or a coffee or 3 a sandwich at lunchtime. I think if it starts to get

environment? Do you think that's appropriate or not?

- 4 much more elaborate than that, then I would probably
- 5 start to feel uncomfortable.
- 6 Q. What is it which is making you hypothetically 7 uncomfortable?
- 8 A. I think you start to blur the professional relationship. 9 There is the opportunity professionally to have a good
- 10 relationship, but equally there is the danger of it
- going too far. Quite where that line comes I'm not 11 12 altogether sure, but there is certainly a consideration
- 13 to be made there.
- 14 Q. The chief constable you refer to is sitting in this 15 Inquiry room, and you would no doubt say it's implicit
- 16 in your statement that you have a good relationship with
- 17 him?

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- 18 A. (Nods head) Yes.
- 19 Q. You don't feel that relationship would be enhanced by
- 20 taking it to the sort of social environment I've
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- 22 A. I don't think it would be enhanced or -- no, I don't see 23
 - how it -- what difference it would make. You're able to
- 24 have a perfectly professional relationship without
- 25 elaborate entertainment or socialising.

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- 1
- 2 thought: "Crikey, we should certainly not be in
- 3 possession of this information."

time from police officers?

4 Q. Oh right.

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- A. No, I can't.
- 6 Q. And if your crime reporter had been in receipt of such
- 7 information, he or she would have discussed the matter
- 8 with you --
- 9 A. Absolutely, yes.
- 10 Q. -- prior to any issue arising as to publication?
- 11 A. They would.
- Q. The second question is really a hypothetical one: that 12
- 13 if you were ever in receipt of such information, what do
- 14 you think would be the ethical and practical
- 15 considerations which would arise in your mind before you
- 16 decided whether or not to publish?
- 17 A. Well, we would first of all have to put it to the public
 - interest test. That would be -- that it wasn't simply
- 19 tittle-tattle, that there was a public interest --
- 20 potentially a public interest matter for us. And
- 21 I think at that point, if there was information that had
- 22 been given to us by a police officer, we would have to
- 23 verify that through another way or through a more senior
- 24 source before we published anything.
- 25 Q. So you --

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- 1 A. I think there's an important point here, insofar as most
- 2 regional editors, including myself -- you are a hands-on
- 3 manager. So the provenance of each story or each story
- 4 that is brought to you is tested fully. Anything that
- 5 is contentious or potentially contentious, or where
- 6 a public interest issue is likely to come about is
- 7 tested to the nth degree before we publish.
- 8 Q. I understand. So the public interest issues which might
- 9 arise hypothetically in relation to information which
- 10 you receive from police officers, they probably do arise
- 11 in practice if they relate to a celebrity or other areas
- 12 of possible public concern, but there's a clear private
- 13 interest in keeping the information unpublished?
- 14 A. Yes.

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- 15 Q. Is there -- I won't ask that question. Can I ask you, 16 please, about paragraph 5 of your statement, where you 17 tell us about what your crime reporter has and what he 18 or she does. You say in the second paragraph:
- 19 "Our crime reporter would have a number of telephone 20 numbers for police officers and press officers. He 21 estimates that he could have up to 70 numbers of police 22 officers and press officers. Not all are currently
- 24 So it would follow from that that your crime 25 reporter is able to speak to some police officers,

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serving officers."

bypassing the press office? 1 that often, I have to say. It doesn't happen that

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- 3 volunteered to him by those individuals.
- 4 Q. Yes. When you say, "Not all are currently serving
- 5 officers", does it follow that some information is
- 6 provided to you from people who are not serving officers

A. Yes, indeed. I would say all those numbers have been

- 7 but formerly were?
- 8 A. No, I don't think that's the case. I think it's more 9 the case that those are old phone numbers that are --
- 10 Q. I understand. Can I ask you about paragraph 7. The 11 question was:
 - "What are the police seeking from you?"
- 13 You say:

"The police have been anxious to highlight crimes and use the significant relationship and power of [your] newspaper in order to get information from the public that could help with investigations.

"Secondly, they're looking for publicity and coverage, for example, of good police practice and initiatives. They're also keen to provide information about successful investigations that have led to arrest and convictions in the courts."

Are there ever situations which arise in which you would publish negative stories about the police?

25 A. Oh yes, there would be. Yes, there would be.

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- 1 Q. Could you help us a bit about those? What are the
- 2 general subject matters?
- 3 A. A great concern to our readers, for example, are the
- 4 savings that are having to be made in the police, so the
- 5 reductions in the number of police stations, the
- 6 reductions in numbers of officers. That would be --
- 7 those would be important stories for us. So, if you
- 8 like, there is a balance there between: yes, there is
- 9 the positive story of the successful investigation and
- 10 the successful court case or the successful crime
- 11 initiative, but equally there are critical stories as
- 12 well.
- 13 Q. Yes.
- 14 A. I think part of having that relationship and trust means
- 15 that that's accepted, if you like, that that is -- that
- 16 no one is looking for preferential treatment,
- 17 particularly.
- 18 Q. You're saying that you don't think the police have any
- 19 difficulty with that, that they understand it's part of
- 20 your job to report in that way; is that right?
- 21 A. Yes, I wouldn't -- yes, absolutely.
- 22 Q. Has some of the information and material from the
 - negative stories been provided directly by police
- 24 officers who may be disgruntled by what's going on?
- 25 A. We probably get -- occasionally we get letters. Not Page 35
- 2 often. And very often, they are stories that are sort
- 3 of ill-informed, if you like, are not really there when
- 4 they're looked into.
- 5 Q. I see. Your crime reporter, of course, is not a member
- 6 of the Crime Reporters Association.
- 7 A. That's right.
- 8 Q. But that in itself doesn't create a difficulty in your
 - relations with the police because none of your immediate
- 10 competitors are members.
- 11 A. No, that's right.
- 12 Q. And you indicate that the sort of hospitality which has
- 13 been offered -- and it's very limited, paragraphs 10 and
- 14 11 of your statement, 58569. There have been occasional
- 15 trips to local football games --
- 16 A. Yes.
- 17 Q. -- and the occasional drink but nothing more than that?
- 18 A. That's it.
- 19 LORD JUSTICE LEVESON: So you could probably match the
- 20 evidence of your Cardiff colleague, 71 pence per week
- 21 per journalist. I don't ask you.
- 22 A. It wouldn't be much more. It wouldn't be much more.
- 23 Q. Paragraph 15. You're sometimes given information about
- 24 upcoming arrests or raids. You explain the usefulness
- 25 of that. Are you ever invited along on such arrests or

1 raids?

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- 2 A. Our staff are. Yes, they are. Not me personally, but
- 3 our staff certainly are. We've been a number of
- 4 occasions when we've been invited on drug raids,
- 5 cannabis houses, particularly in the aftermath of the
 - riots last summer. On a couple of occasions, we were
- 7 invited along to raids to recover stolen goods.
- 8 Q. Can I ask you to comment on the public interest issues
- 9 here. Do you ever show the faces of the suspects or the
- 10 arrestees?
- 11 A. No, normally those are blanked out. Those would be
- 12 blanked out.
- 13 Q. That's an editorial policy which you apply --
- 14 A. Yes, it is. It is, yes. After their conviction, we
- would use them, obviously, with their faces.
- 16 Q. The other broader point: what do you think is the public
- interest of you being invited along occasionally on
- these raids?
- 19 A. I think it's important that our readers understand and
- see that justice is being done, I suppose it is, as its
- 21 most basic. I think it's good for them to understand
- 22 that people are being brought to justice and that --
- 23 I think that we provide the balance. Yes, we do do the
- 24 negative story when people are complaining and
- 25 protesting about their local police station being shut
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 - or the hours being curtailed, but nonetheless we do
- 2 highlight the good work as well, and I think it's
- 3 important for a paper that serves a particular community
- 4 that we present a balance, because we are very much
- 5 going back to the same people again and again for
- 6 information, for stories, and if we don't strike that
- balance, if we're not seen to be fair, then people don't
- 8 talk to us again.
- 9 Q. Thank you. In paragraph 14, you make it clear that you
- 10 do receive off-the-record updates on incidents and
- investigations and you raise the very difficult issue of
- 12 missing people.
- 13 A. Yes.

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- 14 Q. Is there anything in addition which you'd like to say
- about that? Why an off-the-record briefing might be of
- assistance there?
- 17 A. Missing people can be a difficult area. There can be
- a great deal of difference between a young person who
- $19 \qquad \hbox{goes missing walking home from school, who has never} \\$
- $20 \qquad \text{done anything like that before, and it is completely out} \\$
- of character, compared to a missing young person who has disappeared for a couple of days but has probably done
- disappeared for a couple of days but has probably done
- 23 it on five, six, seven previous occasions. Obviously
- 24 the police will issue the photograph and a few details
- 25 with both of those stories. However, the background

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- 1 information allows us to make a judgment on quite
- 2 what -- show quite how high a profile we would use that
 - story and picture.
- 4 Q. You're just giving that by way of an example?
- 5 **A. Yes.**
- 6 Q. But it demonstrates the value of off-the-record
- 7 briefings --
- 8 A. The other area where probably we get, if you like,
- 9 off-the-record briefings would tend to be prior to court
- 10 cases to give information ready for publication when
- a court case comes to an end, on the understanding that
- 12 it isn't for publication at that time but is at the time
- of the -- after the trial, and obviously if the person
 - of the -- after the trial, and obviously if the person
- 14 involved is found not guilty, that information is not
- 15 used.
- 16 O. Yes. At paragraph 18, the paragraph which is, on the
- internal numbering of your statement, page 9, our
- page 58572, you make a significant point. It's one
- which we heard from the previous witness about the
- 20 importance of mutual trust. Could I ask you, please, to
- elaborate on that point, develop it in your own words,
- 22 please, Mr Faber?
- 23 A. I think this is a significant difference between
- ourselves and the national press. Insofar as any
- 25 regional local paper operates within its own
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- 1 communities, we depend on our contacts within that
- 2 community. If we don't have their trust and their
- 3 understanding and their respect, and they don't have
- 4 ours, we don't have those contacts. We can't go back to
- 5 those people again.
- 6 Our staff -- myself and all my staff live within the
- 7 community that we serve therefore you very quickly get
- 8 to hear if people think that you have behaved
- 9 inappropriately over an issue or a particular story.
- 10 You very quickly pick up that vibe because you're living
- 11 within it.
- 12 So for us, balance, integrity, trust, accuracy as
- 13 far as possible are absolutely critical to us. Without
- 14 those, we significantly lose our power.
- 15 Q. You make it clear that the consequence of that and of
- those values -- you say there's a fairly clear line that
- is understood by the police and the journalists at the
- 18 Express & Star which cannot be crossed without some
- 19 reaction from the reader:
- 20 "This line is different to that which would be
- 21 acceptable in a national newspaper because of our deep
- 22 community contacts."
- 23 A. Yes.
- 24 Q. So you're clearly suggesting there that you adopt, if
- I may say so, a more conservative approach?

- 1 A. Yes, "conservative" with a small "C".
- 2 O. Yes.
- 3 A. That's absolutely right.
- 4 Q. That's an important point. We've heard it before and no
- 5 doubt we'll hear it again, but it's important that it is
- 6 heard.
- 7 Paragraph 21, you go back to the issue of police
- 8 press officers, which you describe as a necessary evil.
- 9 I don't think you're suggesting there that they
- 10 shouldn't exist; is that fair?
- 11 A. No.
- 12 Q. I ask you, please, about the HMIC report. You address
- 13 the question of whether contacts between police officers
- and the media should be recorded, by which I mean the
- 15 fact of their occurrence being noted.
- 16 A. Yes.
- 17 Q. You, in line with most, if not all, of your colleagues,
- are against that.
- 19 A. Yes.
- 20 Q. May I ask you why?
- 21 A. I think it's introducing a codification, if you like,
- 22 into what is a less formalised dialogue. Recording
- sounds fairly innocuous, making a note in your diary.
- However, once it starts to be recorded in that way, that
- 25 each one has to be recorded, and at some point
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- 1 anything. It's uncontrollable. I see the force of the
- 2 argument that there should be much more openness, and
- 3 that's one of the things that you've said, and it's why
- 4 you cast press officers as having a negative impact as
- 5 well. You want to get the story, and you don't see why
- 6 the story shouldn't be given to you by the person who is
- 7 most able to tell it, not mediated through a press
- 8 officer.
- 9 A. Correct.
- 10 LORD JUSTICE LEVESON: I understand the point. So one might
- argue that there should be a far more relaxed attitude
- to allowing police officers to speak to the press, but
- on the other hand, you wouldn't want a complete
- 14 free-for-all because if there's a free-for-all, there's
- no control, so that then you run the risk that it gets
- somewhat out of hand and all sorts of material that is
- 17 legitimately confidential and should be confidential
- leaks into the public domain without any mechanism of
- 19 control at all.
- 20 A. But --
- 21 LORD JUSTICE LEVESON: What I'm saying is that this may not
- 22 be -- it may be that there has to be something that
- balances a greater access, a more open exchange of
- information, to prevent it being a free-for-all. You
- 25 can disagree with me, but do you understand the point
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- 1 presumably would have to be submitted in some sort of
- 2 way, I think there is a danger that both sides, the
- 3 journalist and the police officer, slightly begin to
- 4 look over their shoulder and say, "Well, should I be
- saying this? Oh crikey, I've had two contacts here with
- 6 the press; is this right?" And suddenly there begins to
- 7 be -- an element of doubt comes into it all. An element
- 8 of slight suspicion starts to come into the system.
- 9 LORD JUSTICE LEVESON: I understand that, but isn't it right
- that a police officer should be thinking that if he's
- seeing a journalist three times a week, he might have
- got the calibration of the relationship slightly wrong?
- 13 A. That could happen on occasions. When there is
- a substantial investigation or a substantial court case,
- 15 that may well happen --
- 16 LORD JUSTICE LEVESON: I agree, but take us away from that.
- 17 This is merely routine.
- 18 A. No, I still feel that that is an element of concern,
- 19 because certain officers could have a number of
- 20 contacts, completely innocently, with a journalist, and
- 21 I just -- I do feel that somehow, once that element of 22 recording comes into it, compulsory recording comes it
- recording comes into it, compulsory recording comes into it, then there is a slightly different dimension to it.
- 24 LORD JUSTICE LEVESON: The risk is that if you don't have
- some mechanism, it becomes utterly -- it could be
 - Page 42

- 1 that I'm trying to make?
- 2 A. I do. But at the moment we don't have that system of
- 3 recording and we don't particularly have a problem. We
- 4 don't have a free-for-all. We have professional people
- 5 on both sides.
- 6 LORD JUSTICE LEVESON: But you've already said that you're
- 7 concerned that you don't always get through to the right
- 8 source. You started this by saying, "Well, I recognise
- 9 the need for press officers, but I'm losing information
- out", and I'm saying I understand that. If it's a press
- 11 office, there's no problem --
- 12 A. Absolutely.
- 13 LORD JUSTICE LEVESON: -- because the press office will
- 14 know.
- 15 A. Absolutely.
- 16 LORD JUSTICE LEVESON: So what I'm saying is if you want to
- 17 remove the conduit of the press office, has there not
- got to be a balance?
- 19 A. But would recording those conversations necessarily make
- 20 police officers any more open, any more accessible?
- 21 LORD JUSTICE LEVESON: Well, it may be that
- 22 a Chief Constable might say, "I want officers to be open
- and accessible. I want them to be prepared to engage in
- 24 dialogue with the press, at an appropriate level and
- only on subjects about which it's appropriate to talk.

1 LORD JUSTICE LEVESON: — is that it just does wake the police officer, then it's a free-fo-all. I can cope 4 something there, then it is a free-fo-all. I can cope 5 with that very simply by saying. Go through the press office, and they filtering the extent of contact." 6 A. But I don't think we have — I don't think in the West Midalands there is a problem with the have — I don't think in the West Midalands there is a problem with the have in formation that is server, that we shouldn't have. Faqually, 10 A. I understand your point fully, 11 but I wurry that that coding, that codification, that 11 ruling on contact, of every single contact, which can be 11 LORD JUSTICE LEVESON: So you — 12 LORD JUSTICE LEVESON: Everybody has to apply common sense. 13 A. Yes. 10 LORD JUSTICE LEVESON: Everybody has to apply common sense. 14 LORD JUSTICE LEVESON: But is a professional of the press office? 15 A. Yes. 16 LORD JUSTICE LEVESON: The value of having a particular doesn't mean to say that were necessarily completely unhappy with the relationship. 16 LORD JUSTICE LEVESON: The merely postulating the press office? 17 LORD JUSTICE LEVESON: Promote of the same should have now without the other. 18 LORD JUSTICE LEVESON: Promote of the same should have now without the other. 19 LORD JUSTICE LEVESON: Promote of the same should have now without the other. 19 LORD JUSTICE LEVESON: Promote of the same should have now without the other. 19 LORD JUSTICE LEVESON: Promote of the same should have now without the other. 19 LORD JUSTICE LEVESON: Promote of the same should have now without the other. 19 LORD JUSTICE LEVESON: Promote of the same should have now without the other. 19 LORD JUSTICE LEVESON: So you prefer to have to go through the press office of the same should have now without the other. 19 LORD JUSTICE LEVESON: So you prefer to have to go through the press office of the same should have now without the other. 19 LORD JUSTICE LEVESON: So	1				
Second that is series, then it's a free-foe-all. I can cope 4	1	I want that, but I have to have some sight of what's	1	LORD JUSTICE LEVESON: is that it just does make the	
something there, then it's a free-for-all. I can cope with that very simply by saying. You through the press office, and they'll identify the extent of contact." Then I run into your other vice. A. I worry about that coding. I do worry about it. but I worry that that coding, that codification, that truining on contact, of every single contact, which can be at different levels - it LORD JUSTICE LEVESON: Everybody has to apply common sense. I LORD JUSTICE LEVESON: Everybody has to apply common sense. I LORD JUSTICE LEVESON: If you hump into a policeman in the start, you say - A. Yes, we have certain professional frustrations that we taking you on face value that this is a professional LORD JUSTICE LEVESON: "Hello, Constable. How are you?" You don't have to make a note of that. I'm accusally taking you on face value that this is a professional and alm preseding on the press office? I read alm gwith a professional. Of course. But you might taking you on face value that this is a professional This worn't necessarily be my decision. I'm not software. Page 45 This won't necessarily be my decision. I'm not software. A. It is very difficult, because it isn't simply - you don't simply have a journalist rings up a particular office. I can come in all sorts of different ways, different levels, different importances, and if every not. I would prefer - in A. No, no, no, absolutely not. Absolutely - absolutely not. I would prefer be access to the police without necessarily the police office having to feels the hy have to record that contact. LORD JUSTICE LEVESON: So, you prefer to have to go through A. No, no, no, absolutely not. Absolutely - absolutely not. I would prefer - not remain the provide prefers and prefers to have to record the press office? A. No, no, no, absolutely not. Absolute	2	going on. I have to have some sort of understanding of	2	police officer think: "Is this right? Is this	
swith that very simply by saying. Ton through the press of office, and they Il identify the extent of contact." Then I rum into your other vice. A. I worry about that coding. I do worry about it. LORD JUSTICE LEVESON: 50 you — 10 A. I understand your point. I understand your point fully, 11 but I worry that that coding, that codification, that 12 ruling on contact, of every single contact, which can be 13 at different levels — 14 LORD JUSTICE LEVESON: Everybody has to apply common sense. 15 A. Yes. 16 LORD JUSTICE LEVESON: Everybody has to apply common sense. 17 LORD JUSTICE LEVESON: Everybody has to apply common sense. 18 A. Yes. 19 LORD JUSTICE LEVESON: - "Hello, Constable. How are yoo?" 10 LORD JUSTICE LEVESON: - "Hello, Constable. How are yoo?" 10 LORD JUSTICE LEVESON: - "Hello, Constable. How are yoo?" 11 Shaw to choose: "I'd rather go through a press office or 12 dealing with a professional, of course. But you might 23 have to choose: "I'd rather go through a press office or 24 lord pustificat for a new possibility for you to consider to test your proposition 25 other" 26 Page 45 This won't necessarily he my decision. I'm not 27 saying what the answer is. 28 A. Yes. 19 LORD JUSTICE LEVESON: I'm merely postulating the 29 possibility for you to consider to test your proposition 20 office. It can come in all sorts of different ways, 11 different levels, different importances, and if every 21 single contact somehow is codified, I think it makes it 22 single contact somehow is codified, I think it makes it 23 possibility for you in citied in the major and the propersion of the commerciality, particularly of 24 single proposal to the police officers and the chapter of the police officers. 25 A. No, no, no, absolutely not. Absolutely absolutely 26 and I'm pressing you a little bit because this is. 27 A. No, no, no, absolutely not. Absolutely absolutely 28 and I'm pressing you a little bit because this is. 29 LORD JUSTICE LEVESON: Nothing? 20 LORD JUSTICE LEVESON: N	3	the four corners of this policy, and unless there's	3	sensible? Does this fit with the policy of openness	
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Then Irun into your other vice. A. Ivorry about that coding. I do worry about it. 1. LORD DISTICE LEVESON: So you — 1. LORD DISTICE LEVESON: So you — 1. LORD DISTICE LEVESON: Everybody has to apply common sense. 1. LORD DISTICE LEVESON: Everybody has to apply common sense. 1. LORD DISTICE LEVESON: Everybody has to apply common sense. 1. LORD DISTICE LEVESON: Everybody has to apply common sense. 1. LORD DISTICE LEVESON: Everybody has to apply common sense. 1. LORD DISTICE LEVESON: Everybody has to apply common sense. 1. LORD DISTICE LEVESON: Everybody has to apply common sense. 1. LORD DISTICE LEVESON: Everybody has to apply common sense. 1. LORD DISTICE LEVESON: Everybody has to apply common sense. 1. LORD DISTICE LEVESON: Everybody has to apply common sense. 2. LORD DISTICE LEVESON: "I you bump into a policeman in the lot 1. LORD DISTICE LEVESON: "Hello, Constable. How are you" you say — 2. LORD DISTICE LEVESON: "Hello, Constable. How are you" you dealth have to make a note of that. I'm actually taking you on face value that this is a professional 2 in the your professional of course. But you might to dealth you should have not go through a press office or 2 in your dealth with the sense of the your professional 2 in known to apply the press office. When the thinking you on face value that this is a professional 2 in known to apply the press office. When the thinking you on face value that this is a professional 2 in the your professional press office or 2 in your dealth your your your you you might to you you might the your your you you you you you you you might to you you you you you you you you you yo	5	with that very simply by saying, 'Go through the press	5	a risk that this is just going a bit too far?"	
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20 You don't have to make a note of that. I'm actually 21 taking you on face value that this is a professional 22 dealing with a professional. Of course. But you might 23 have to choose: "I'd rather go through a press office or 24 I'd rather not go through a press office and accept some 25 other" Page 45 This won't necessarily be my decision. I'm not 26 saying what the answer is. 3 A. Yes. 4 LORD JUSTICE LEVESON: I'm erely postulating the 27 possibility for you to consider to test your proposition 4 hat you should have one without the other. 4 A. It is very difficult, because it isn't simply - you 4 don't simply have a journalist rings up a particular 4 officer. It can come in all sorts of different ways, 4 to Police officer, a particular detective or a uniformed 4 the JUSTICE LEVESON: So you prefer to have to go through 4 the press office? A. No, no, no, absolutely not. Absolutely - absolutely 5 not. I would prefer - 8 LORD JUSTICE LEVESON: Nothing? A there be access to the police without necessarily the 9 police officer having to feel she they have to record 20 police officer having to feel she they have to record 21 that contact. LORD JUSTICE LEVESON: The value of having to record it 22 and I'm pressing you a little bit because this is, 23 A. Absolutely. 24 LORD JUSTICE LEVESON: The one other question, and this 25 is going to come somewhat out of the left field, I'm 26 afraid. You will be aware that prior to Christmas, 27 afraid. You will be aware that prior to Christmas, 28 afraid. You will be aware that prior to Christmas, 39 afraid. You will be aware that prior to Christmas, 40 afraid. You will be aware that prior to Christmas, 41 afraid. You will be aware that prior to Christmas, 42 afraid. You will be aware that prior to Christmas, 43 afraid. You will be aware that prior to Christmas, 44 afraid. You will be aware that prior to Christmas, 45 afraid. You will be aware that prior to Christmas, 46 afraid. You will be aware that prior to Christmas, 47 afraid. You will be aware that prior to	18	A. Yes.	18	LORD JUSTICE LEVESON: I'm very pleased to hear it.	
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1 experienced editor over many, many years of a large 1 I have dealt with over the years, I have never but had 2 2 number of different regional newspapers. Now, if you professional treatment. 3 3 want to think about it, that's fine. If you prefer not What would -- the difference between national and 4 4 to answer it, that's fine. regional is immense, and I think my colleagues and 5 5 A. No, I think I'm quite happy to answer that. I have been most surprised. They are not what we deal 6 The past few years have been extremely painful for 6 with on a day-to-day basis in Wolverhampton at all. 7 7 LORD JUSTICE LEVESON: You've not had privacy issues? regional newspapers in terms of declining revenues, in 8 8 A. I don't think we have, no. terms of the switch from the printed word to online. As 9 9 LORD JUSTICE LEVESON: I just thought I'd remind everybody far as the Express & Star goes, we are in the lucky 10 10 that there was an earlier part to this Inquiry. Thank position to still have something like 100 journalists. 11 you very much indeed, Mr Faber. We'll have a break. 11 So we still cover the court, we still go to all the 12 12 council meetings in the boroughs that we serve. There (3.14 pm)13 are several boroughs that we serve. We attend the 13 (A short break) 14 14 (3.22 pm)health authority meetings, we go to Crown Court, we go 15 to the magistrate's court. Not every newspaper is in 15 MR JAY: The next two witnesses are Mr Sims and Ms Seeley, 16 that lucky position. 16 please. 17 17 However, I think what has happened now is that in MS SALLY CLARE SEELEY (sworn) 18 many areas -- journalistically we're talking about --18 MR CHRISTOPHER PETER SIMS (affirmed) 19 19 Questions by MR JAY people are having to work harder, quicker, cleverer, and 20 there is increasing pressure. There's no doubt about 20 MR JAY: Thank you. Please sit down. I'm going to invite 21 21 each of you, Mr Sims first, to provide your full names it. There is increasing pressure, and the problem that 22 all newspapers face is having to resource websites, 22 and to affirm your witness statements. Your full name 23 which we're having to do journalistically, and at the 23 please, Mr Sims? 24 24 MR SIMS: Christopher Peter Sims, Chief Constable of West same time attempt to make money. And that is proving 25 25 Midlands police. the difficult area. Everybody at the moment is Page 49 Page 51 Q. Thank you. You've provided the Inquiry with a witness 1 wrestling with how you appoint credible online services, 2 2 statement dated 17 January 2012. There's a much smaller online, on your phone, on your iPad, and attempt to make 3 3 money. That is the crucial -- that is the crux of what statement which relates to Staffordshire, but we're not 4 the economics of regional newspapers are now about: 4 going to address that in any detail. Are the contents 5 maintaining the newspaper and at the same time 5 of that statement true? 6 MR SIMS: Yes. attempting to turn the digital operation into 6 7 a profitable operation. 7 LORD JUSTICE LEVESON: Mr Sims, I'm sure you appreciate, and 8 LORD JUSTICE LEVESON: Let me ask a compendious question, 8 so that everybody else is reminded, the assessor 9 because I think I know what your answer is going to be, 9 appointed to assist me in relation to police matters 10 10 but again, answer it or not as you wish. The issues was, of course, a former Chief Constable of your force. 11 that I've had to face over the last few months you've 11 MR SIMS: Yes. 12 dealt with in relation to the police, but would it be 12 MR JAY: Then you, Ms Seeley, can you provide us with your 13 right that the sorts of concerns that have been 13 full name and then I'll invite you to affirm your 14 14 expressed by a large number of people to me are not 15 15 MS SEELEY: It's Sally Clare Seeley. reflected in the concerns that you have to face in 16 Q. Your statement is dated 28 February. I'm not sure 16 Wolverhampton? A. In terms of the difference between national and 17 you've signed it yet. It doesn't matter. Is this your 17 18 regional? 18 true statement? 19 LORD JUSTICE LEVESON: Yes. 19 MS SEELEY: It is. 20 A. Absolutely right. I can safely say we have never hacked 20 MR JAY: Mr Sims, first of all, you are currently the 21 21 Chief Constable of the West Midlands police. You anybody's phone, we have never paid a public official, 22 22 started off though in the Met in 1980. You've worked police officer or anybody else any money for anything. 23 23 We have never been asked for money for anything. I can your way up the ranks. You were Chief Constable of 24 safely say that every dealing with any police officer of 24 Staffordshire between September 2007 and June 2009? 25 25 MR SIMS: Yes. West Midlands police or any other police force that Page 50 Page 52

- Q. You've been in post then for two and three-quarter 1
- 2 years; is that right?
- 3 MR SIMS: Yes.
- 4 Q. Then you, Ms Seeley, you are a chief inspector within
- 5 the West Midlands police. You joined in 1991 and you
- 6 are currently the head of corporate communications.
- 7 You've held that post since April of last year; is that
- 8 right?
- 9 MS SEELEY: That's correct.
- 10 Q. Mr Sims, can I ask you some general questions about your
- 11 force. The size of your force, first of all, and the
- 12 geographical area it covers?
- 13 MS SEELEY: Okay. Well, it covers the old county of West
- 14 Midlands. So the black county, Birmingham, Solihull,
- 15 down to Coventry, I think a population of around
- 16 2.8 million people. We have around 13,000 staff, made
- 17 up of around 8,000 police officers, police staff, police
- 18 CSOs and specials.
- 19 Q. Thank you. Ms Seeley, I'm sure you'd like to deal with
- 20 this question. The staff within your department, how
- 21 many are there, please?

1 2

- 22 MS SEELEY: There are 30 in my department.
- 23 Q. Thank you. You are not, as it were, someone who has
- 24 worked in the press before. You're a police officer and
- 25 doubtless you will go off to do more formal policing in
 - Page 53
 - due course?
- 3 Q. What do you think are the advantages and the
- 4 disadvantages of the fact that you're a police officer
- 5 first and foremost and not a press officer?
- 6 MS SEELEY: I think there's a level of objectivity, and as
- 7 I come into the department, I will remain there for just
- 8 a relatively short period of time, approximately two
- 9 years. So the relationships that are formed, I believe,
- 10 remain professional and objective. So that adds
- 11 a benefit to having a police officer in there, and
- 12 obviously, being a police officer with 20 years'
- 13 service, I add a real context and understanding of
- 14 policing to the work that we do within the department,
- 15 and that supports my team.
- 16 Q. Mr Sims, in paragraph 2 of your statement, our
- 17 page 55065, describe the nature of your relationship
- 18 with the media. You describe it as traditional and
- 19 transactional. What do you mean by "transactional"?
- 20 MR SIMS: Only that it's mostly driven by news, so the
- 21 volume of contact is mostly a function of what's going
- 22 on. What's going on can be about crime, but equally it
- 23 can be about changes within policing as well, but it's
- 24 very much driven by events.
- 25 Q. Thank you. Then in paragraph three, Mr Sims, you Page 54

- 1 explain the nature of your relationships with editors.
- 2 They take place occasionally, but not very often, and
- 3 always in a formal office environment; is that right?
- 4 MR SIMS: Yes, it is.
- 5 Q. Later on in your statement, paragraph 7, we don't have
 - the question that was posed to you, we just see the
- 7 answer, "Never". The question was:
- 8 "To what extent have you accepted hospitality from
- 9 the media whilst Chief Constable?"
- And the answer is "Never" --10
- 11 MR SIMS: Never.
- 12 Q. -- to that question. I mean, first of all, has any
- 13 hospitality been offered to you by the media?
- 14 MR SIMS: No.
- 15 Q. You can't, I suppose, answer the question why not
- 16 because we'd need to know from the person who was
- 17 offering, but it suggests that there's an understanding
- 18 at the very least, between you and relevant editors that
- 19 this isn't the sort of thing that happens in the West
- 20 Midlands. Why do you think that is?
- 21 MR SIMS: I think your previous witness went to the heart of
- 22 this, that it's a professional relationship, it's based
- 23 upon events, it's based upon long-term understanding of
- 24 what's going on and it functions very smoothly without
- 25 the need for there being any artificial creation of
 - Page 55
- 1 relationships.
- MS SEELEY: (Nods head) 2 Q. Do you think this is a function of the obvious fact that
 - 3 there are fewer editors with whom you would have
 - 4 dealings, and moreover those are editors with whom you
 - 5 have to have dealings because they're the heads of
 - 6 a limited number of regional papers?
 - 7 MR SIMS: I think that there is a sort of mutual dependence
 - 8 that is strong. I think that's a really positive thing
 - 9 because I think the editors that I speak to have a real
 - 10 stake in the way the West Midlands develops, and I share
 - 11
 - 12 Q. Do you have a view as to the ethics of hospitality, the
 - 13 offering of it and the acceptance of it, between media
 - 14 and police?
 - 15 MR SIMS: I don't think it's specifically a media issue.
 - 16 I think it goes to the heart of the police role, which
 - 17 is to be impartial and to be seen to be impartial.
 - 18 Q. Implicit in that answer is that your view is that it
 - 19 shouldn't happen. Is that right or not?
 - 20 MR SIMS: There may be occasions -- it's a very broad
 - 21 definition, hospitality. There may be occasions when it
 - 22 could be appropriate, but no, I don't think it should be
 - 23 part of the way we work.
 - LORD JUSTICE LEVESON: Could I just ask, Mr Sims, you've 24
 - 25 never worked in the Met?

1	MR SIMS: No, I was 15 years in the Met.	1	communication. So that's all the communications outside
2	LORD JUSTICE LEVESON: Oh, I'm sorry. Have you been	2	of the call-handling function for the force. So we will
3	surprised by what you have heard about the relationship	3	deal with operational communications, which is the media
4	between the most senior officers in the Met and	4	side of things, but also we deliver to the local areas,
5	reporters or do you think that's just a natural	5	so the territorial communications, supporting our local
6	consequence of the way the Met works?	6	neighbourhood teams, also supporting corporate
7	MR SIMS: I think there is a very different context in the	7	departments in communicating their work and managing
8	Met to the context in which we operate outside, and	8	their demands, and then clearly the way the organisation
9	again, the previous witness sort of hinted at this from	9	is reshaping, we have a real need we've always had
10	a journalistic point of view. I think the sort of	10	a need, but a real need in this changing era to
11	relationships are different between national media and	11	strengthen our internal communications, which we're
12	police.	12	responsible for delivering against as well.
13	LORD JUSTICE LEVESON: That might be so in fact, but really	13	Q. Thank you. This then links into paragraph 12 of
14	my question was: should they be? Is there a reason? Is	14	Mr Sims' statement, but it may be, Ms Seeley, you are
15	there an explanation for that?	15	best placed to deal with this, that all engagement with
16	MR SIMS: I'm probably not the best witness to answer that,	16	the media is recorded and monitored by the press office;
17	sir. I've certainly been surprised when some of these	17	is that correct?
18	issues have come forward. I genuinely don't think they	18	MS SEELEY: That's correct.
19	happen beyond that particular era and location.	19	Q. And you say:
20	LORD JUSTICE LEVESON: Yes. I would accept that you	20	"Records are kept of media contact and requests, and
21	wouldn't necessarily be the best witness, except by	21	wherever possible, interviews are recorded, along with
22	saying that you did 15 years in the Met, you make	22	actions."
23	yourself rather more qualified.	23	Is this limited, then, to the fact of there having
24	MR SIMS: Well, as a very junior I worked up to the level	24	been a contact, rather than the substance of what the
25	of chief inspector, so	25	contact was about, or is a gist kept of what the contact
	Page 57	25	Page 59
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1	LORD JUSTICE LEVESON: But the reason I ask is because I'm	1	was about?
1 2	LORD JUSTICE LEVESON: But the reason I ask is because I'm struggling to see why there should be a difference of	1 2	was about? MS SEELEY: There is a general gist in relation to the
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1	paragraph is paragraph 7, at the bottom of our	1	that they can make appropriate comment to the media.
2	page 07874. Am I in the right place?	2	It's there as a confidence-building support. In the
3	MS SEELEY: Yes.	3	context we're talking about, of course it also is
4	Q. I'm not quite sure what this means, though, Ms Seeley:	4	creating a record of what's going on.
5	"All staff should have Press Bureau open on their	5	LORD JUSTICE LEVESON: And do you have experience of
6	computers to enable them to answer basic queries from	6	officers who actually should have told you but didn't
7	the media where the response is evident from the log."	7	tell you?
8	So is this right: the police officer on the intranet	8	MR SIMS: There will be, yeah.
9	system will be able to work out what the lines are	9	LORD JUSTICE LEVESON: Is that a problem for them or for
10	MS SEELEY: No, no, sorry. This is specifically relating to	10	you?
11	a system that is available to my staff, and I know it's	11	MR SIMS: You know, it can cause little bumps, but we deal
12	previously been introduced into the Inquiry. It's the	12	with them.
13	Solcara Press Bureau system, so my staff, when they	13	MR JAY: So the recording of the activity is both at the
14	receive queries, they will look at the Solcara Press	14	press office level and at the individual officer level,
15	Bureau system with that contact. So this relates to my	15	who is expected to notify you who will keep the record;
16	staff sitting with their systems open so they're ready	16	is that right?
17	to record that contact as quickly as possible.	17	MS SEELEY: That's right, yes.
18	Q. Yes, my apologies.	18	Q. Is part and parcel of the thinking here that it's
19	MR SIMS: Sorry, it's probably worth just saying as well	19	a restraint on police officers giving out inappropriate
20	that one reason for recording that is that most of this	20	information to the press, or does that sort of point
21	in major crime cases will be disclosable. So what this	21	simply not enter your radar?
22	is doing is it's creating a disclosure product that can	22	MS SEELEY: Staff are guided to talk within their role and
23	feed into criminal cases.	23	remit and their areas of business and understanding.
24	LORD JUSTICE LEVESON: Why would it be disclosable?	24	This is about supporting the force in understanding the
25	MR SIMS: Because we would have to disclose exactly what	25	information that has been shared and supporting staff in
	Page 61		Page 63
1	went out to the media and when.	1	sharing that information, because the issue with
1 2	LORD JUSTICE LEVESON: If it undermines the case of the	$\begin{vmatrix} 1 \\ 2 \end{vmatrix}$	officers being approached directly is that there are
	LORD JUSTICE LEVESON: If it undermines the case of the prosecution or assists the case of the defence?		officers being approached directly is that there are thousands of officers within the organisation. Are they
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1 amount of contact significantly depends upon their role 1 area of knowledge, then feel free to talk. Is that the 2 2 and function." general message? 3 I think we learn more about this in tab 9, which is 3 MR SIMS: Yes, and particularly neighbourhood officers will 4 4 be talking to different groups all the time, and the media training manual. 5 MR SIMS: Yes. 5 probably really since this guidance and training package 6 Q. Which starts at our page 07927. 6 was written, the onset of the digital age means that 7 7 MR SIMS: Yes. a number of my neighbourhood officers frequently have 8 Q. On my understanding, this is standard material which 8 thousands of Twitter followers that they are talking to 9 9 continuously about local events. obviously is owned by the press and public relations 10 10 department, but it aids training of police officers in Q. Yes. 11 their contacts with the media. Have I correctly 11 MR SIMS: But this is, I suppose, a sort of -- it's not 12 understood it? 12 a contradiction. It's a sort of controlled empowerment. 13 MR SIMS: Yes. 13 We want people to be open, we want people to talk, but 14 Q. Some basic principles are set out. For example, 07931, 14 we want to encourage people to talk about things that 15 page 5 on the internal numbering, this is the level of 15 they understand and know about and to do it in a climate 16 information which should be provided and the type of 16 where they're getting the full support of Sally's team. 17 information, with the emphasis on obvious points such as 17 Q. Are you able to say about how long this policy has been 18 clarity and precision. Then it says in capitals: 18 in place? I can't find a date on it. 19 "Remember, it's not the role of the police to act as 19 MR SIMS: I think it pre-dates my arrival, so several years. 20 censors." 20 Q. Then the last bullet point: 21 21 MR SIMS: Yes. "Constables and sergeants are often naturals at 22 Q. Then on the next page, our page 07932, "Who should talk 22 speaking to the media and as a general rule, they should 23 to the media?": 23 not be afraid to answer questions. But they should 24 24 "The main purpose of the press and public relations limit themselves to the facts and not speculate, give 25 department is to relieve officers from the pressure of 25 opinions or talk about policy-related issues." Page 65 Page 67 1 speaking to the media. Why should they spend valuable 1 That's more common sense advice? 2 time talking to journalists about handbag snatches?" 2 MR SIMS: Yes. 3 3 Q. Then there's some general advice on the next page on Clearly, there's a resource issue here and an 4 expectation amongst the community you're serving, that 4 getting fair coverage, and then further general advice 5 5 that community would not wish officers to be spending as to how best to conduct an interview, which again I'm 6 a disproportionate amount of time speaking to 6 sure is entirely sensible. 7 7 journalists, but on the other hand would understand that Mr Sims, you were going on to talk about the advent 8 a reasonable amount of time should be spent; is that 8 and increasing importance of social media and Twitter. 9 9 right? How is that working within your force and how is it 10 10 MR SIMS: Yes. impacting at all on what journalists are doing or 11 Q. Then the next bullet point: 11 wanting to do? 12 "But don't forget -- talking to the media gives you 12 MR SIMS: Well, I think it's working very well for us. 13 a chance to get your message across and build up 13 I mentioned in my statement a couple of examples (a) of 14 14 a relationship with them. So there are occasions when local officers tweeting to local followers, principally, 15 15 you should talk to journalists." and being able to provide quick information. We heard, 16 So the principle of openness and transparency. Then 16 for example, the shed break example that was being 17 the next point: 17 talked about. We can now, in effect, put that sort of 18 "The question you should as yourself is why 18 information into the public domain almost instantly. 19 shouldn't you speak to the media rather than why should 19 Classically, this is a development that has both 20 you. As a general rule, only inspectors and above 20 opportunity and risk, and we accept both, so that within 21 should talk about policy-related matters." 21 the press office team we monitor those officers that are 22 Then I paraphrase. The press and public relations 22 using social media, to try, again, to support what 23 23 department is better placed to deal with those matters, they're doing. We want to encourage it to happen and it 24 unless you're fairly senior, that is, but if it does 24 is growing exponentially at the moment in terms of its

relate to an operational issue and it falls within your

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usage.

1 1 is the policy which is yet to be imposed, but is under Again, I think I mentioned in the statement another, 2 2 consideration, under consultation; is that correct? I think, slightly different example, where one of my 3 inspectors who leads on my behalf on mental health 3 MR SIMS: Yes, and I think we find ourselves out of step by, 4 4 issues has thousands of followers from that sort of I think, a well-meaning anti-bureaucratic attempt to put 5 professional community who interact with each other 5 financial values where financial values are probably not 6 through social media and increase the sharing of 6 a good determinant of recording practice. So we do want 7 7 knowledge, so just two or three examples where it can be to move away from it. Simultaneously, we're moving 8 8 towards putting all of this into the public domain a very, very positive thing indeed. 9 9 In the wake of the riots, we won an award for the directly, which I think again is helpful. And behind 10 10 degree to which we were using social media, firstly to all of this, frankly, sits not a lot. This is --11 LORD JUSTICE LEVESON: Because it just doesn't happen? 11 try to counter false rumours that were spreading, but 12 also to give the public as much information as quickly 12 MR SIMS: Well, it happens in little pieces. This is, you 13 as we could. 13 know, people retiring and being given £50 by the 14 14 community. This is sort of unusual stuff, really. So Q. Might it be said -- I'm not saying this is 15 a disadvantage -- that one by-product of this is it 15 on that basis, I suspect we have underplayed its 16 places greater pressure on the press office, because if 16 importance and we are working to make sure it gets 17 17 the -- (a) that it's in line with national best matters are being disseminated by social media, then 18 journalists are saying, "We're not getting a slice of 18 practice, and it gets the sort of --19 19 LORD JUSTICE LEVESON: Yes, that raises a slightly different this", and therefore they are demanding an even more 20 urgent response from the press office to cover that 20 question. I think next week I'm seeing somebody from 21 21 ACPO, but is it sensible that different forces should ground and maybe provide greater information. Is that 22 what's happening, do you think? 22 have different policies on this or is it sensible that 23 23 MS SEELEY: Well, journalists are under pressure because of there should be a national policy? 24 24 MR SIMS: I think the -- it's one of those areas that the dynamics of social media, as has previously been 25 discussed, but journalists follow us on social media, so 25 traditionally 43 forces have come up with different Page 69 Page 71 they're picking up the information that we're sharing 1 forms of words. I don't think the public would 1 2 directly from source, so either from the force social 2 understand why that was the case, and it seems entirely 3 3 media accounts or from the officers. So there is right that we do all converge our policies, and I think 4 a benefit there where they are having that real-time 4 that's a recommendation from the HMIC report and very 5 sharing of information that was called for previously. 5 happy to do that. 6 Q. Thank you. Mr Sims, you deal with the issue of gifts 6 LORD JUSTICE LEVESON: Yes. It's a question of calibrating 7 7 and hospitality in relation at least to your policies at it correctly and putting it across in language that's 8 paragraph 20 of your statement and following, 8 simple, straightforward --9 9 MR SIMS: Absolutely. page 55070. My understanding is that the policy which 10 10 LORD JUSTICE LEVESON: -- and not overly complex. is currently in place is force directive 02/2010, which 11 MR SIMS: Yes, I agree. 11 is under tab 11. 12 MR SIMS: Yes. Yes, I'm there, yes. 12 MR JAY: It's arguable -- I just put it as lightly as 13 13 Q. It starts at page 07958. I think the relevant part that -- that paragraph 2.6 of your draft, page 55091, is 14 14 easier to understand than the Metropolitan Police's new really is 3.1: 15 15 policy, but I only say that tentatively. I've said it's "Appropriate gifts and hospitality up to the value 16 of £75 may be accepted and given without a recording of 16 arguable. If you look at the advice here, it's quite 17 clear, really, what's acceptable and what isn't, and 17 details." 18 But then if we go to the next band, £75 to £250, it 18 indeed the general standards which should apply in 19 has to be authorised by a commander or departmental 19 making the individual officer decide what may be 20 20 head, and then above £250, the director of resources. acceptable and what isn't. 21 MR SIMS: Mm-hm. 21 MR SIMS: And I think you've hit upon a really important 22 22 Q. I think it's fair to say that the draft 2012 policy is point, that we shouldn't equate integrity with recording 23 23 more stringent. processes. Recording processes, you know, have actually 24 MR SIMS: Yeah. 24 a very limited impact, I think, on personal behaviour, 25 25 Q. It's under tab 2 and it starts at page 55089. So this so our emphasis has always been to work upon values. We Page 70 Page 72

1 do a lot of work with officers about values, and I think 1 goes beyond that. 2 people understand instinctively what is acceptable and 2 Q. Some of the questioning of Metropolitan Police officers 3 what isn't. 3 and their journalistic counterparts has been along the 4 Q. So when you give examples of items that are unlikely to 4 lines of trying to capture whether there's informal be acceptable, you're not laying down rigid rules? You 5 dissemination of information from the police to the press, some of which might be unauthorised. Is that, in 6 probably are in relation to cash. 6 7 MR SIMS: Mm. 7 your view, a problem in your area? 8 Q. Alcohol -- well, the odd offer of a pint of beer, that 8 MR SIMS: No. 9 would be okay, presumably, but not more than that. 9 Q. You said that with some confidence. I'm sure you're 10 Lavish food or entertainment -- well, it's a question of 10 right, but what is the evidence base for that? 11 fact and degree. Again, you say with you this is all 11 MR SIMS: I suppose it's the nature of the information that 12 largely hypothetical. 12 we're dealing with, the nature of the product that we 13 MR SIMS: (Nods head) 13 monitor in terms of press, TV, radio. There's no 14 Q. Then you give examples. Private boxes at sporting 14 evidence of that sort of information coming into the 15 events. So the occasional tickets to watch a game of 15 public domain. 16 football which isn't in a private box would be 16 Q. Would you agree with that, Ms Seeley? 17 acceptable; is that, generally speaking, right? 17 MS SEELEY: I would, yes. 18 MR SIMS: Well, I think --18 Q. I just wonder, though, why, in the last sentence of 19 LORD JUSTICE LEVESON: Depends how Wolverhampton Wanderers 19 paragraph 25, the policy is being re-examined. You 20 are performing, presumably. 20 mention the HMIC report, but --21 MR SIMS: Don't, please, sir. That's not fair. 21 MR SIMS: Well, I think -- and I sit here today, don't I? 22 I think context is everything here, and much more 22 In some respects, I'm sort of quite surprised to be 23 important than the nature of the gift, if you like, is 23 sitting here today talking about these issues, but they 24 where it has arrived from and, I suppose, implicitly 24 clearly have gathered a lot of public interest, and we 25 what expectations come with it. That's why -- I think, 25 need to make sure that not only the facts are right, but Page 73 Page 75 1 the perception is right as well. 1 in a sense, the old policy was too much about numbers, 2 when actually the important thing is about what is the 2 LORD JUSTICE LEVESON: Surprised to be here to be talking 3 3 about it because this just isn't an issue for the West context here. 4 MR JAY: And also what the public might think. 4 Midlands or because it really shouldn't be an issue or 5 MR SIMS: Absolutely, yes, indeed. 5 isn't an issue for the police? 6 Q. At the end of 2.6, you say: 6 MR SIMS: No, I would put it like this: in all the contact 7 "Certain events and products should be avoided, 7 I have with communities in the West Midlands, 8 especially where there's no tangible policing or 8 opinion-formers in the West Midlands, this just has 9 9 community link or benefit and where embarrassment or never arisen as an issue. 10 10 LORD JUSTICE LEVESON: But don't you think that in itself is reputational damage to the force could be caused." 11 a very interesting and important fact? 11 So again, a reasonable touchstone for acceptability. MR SIMS: Well, if I'm here to prove a negative, I suppose, 12 MR SIMS: Mm. 12 13 13 Q. I move on to paragraph 25 of your statement, where you 14 LORD JUSTICE LEVESON: Well, you're here -- rather than 14 say you cannot find any evidence of informal contact 15 describe it as proving a negative, I would rather say: 15 with the media. That's probably consistent with the 16 16 evidence we've heard from Mr Faber, but, of course, to provide context for the culture, practice and ethics 17 17 proving a negative is difficult to establish. By of the relationship outside the context that I am 18 "informal contact", you're referring there to what, 18 provided by the Metropolitan Police. So I'm sorry if 19 19 West Midlands council taxpayers are losing out on you though? 20 for the day. 20 MR SIMS: I suppose I could have used the word "social 21 contact", perhaps. Going back to the opening page of 21 MR SIMS: Not at all. 22 the statement, I think the contact that exists is a sort 22 MR JAY: You do make the point, though, Mr Sims, that there 23 of transactional contact that is aimed from both sides 23 have been leaks from time to time, paragraph 31 of your 24 at either delivering information, producing a story, but 24 statement. This relates in particular to 25 25 I don't -- I've no knowledge or evidence of contact that disgruntlement, if that's the right word, flowing from Page 74 Page 76

- Day 53 PM Leveson Inquiry 1 budget reductions and some members of staff who may be 1 2 2 at the wrong end of these. 3 3 MR SIMS: Yes. 4 4 Q. Their job being made more difficult or perhaps even 5 non-existent. That has given rise to some leaks of 5 6 information? 6 7 MR SIMS: It has, and we are losing over 2,500 posts over 7 8 the next few years and having to go through some really 8 9 difficult decisions and I suppose I'm not surprised that 9 MR SIMS: Yes. 10 10 some people would feel that they want to take some of 11 those issues to the media. 11 judgments? 12 O. How do you know about the leaks in those cases? Is it 12 13 because you have been able to track a particular story 13 14 which has resulted to antecedent disclosure? 14 15 MR SIMS: I think the case I'm particularly thinking of, the 15 16 person in question appeared as a silhouette on local 16 17 17 television.
- 18 LORD JUSTICE LEVESON: Well, that's pretty good evidence.
- 19 MR SIMS: Yes.
- 20 MR JAY: Paragraph 33, Mr Sims. There have been 15
- 21 investigations.
- 22 MR SIMS: Yes.
- 23 Q. I should make clear what the precise question was. Bear
- 24 with me one moment. These are investigations into
- 25 actual suspected leaks.

- MR SIMS: Yes. 1
- 2 Q. Ten failed to produce conclusive evidence. Two
- 3 investigations led to minor disciplinary action.
- 4 A further three investigations are, at present, ongoing.
- 5 So the two investigations we're looking at -- it may be
- 6 unnecessary to go into the details of those and I am
- 7 sure you wouldn't wish to do so, but do they relate to
- 8 the type of issues you're referring to in paragraph 31?
- 9 MR SIMS: Not entirely. I think -- this is sort of a fairly
- 10 broad basket of examples that we've put under the
- 11 heading of "leak". Principally, these are actually
- 12 dissatisfaction from involved members of the public at
- 13 the way information has entered the public domain. So,
- 14 for example, there is a complaint that officers have
- 15 disclosed details following the death of a relative of
- 16 a complainant, and if I can, this does get very much
- 17 back to the previous witness. One of the hardest areas,
- 18 I think, in the relationship between the police and the
- 19 media, is around disclosure of personal information.
- 20 Quite understandably the media will push us to be
- 21 disclosing more. We sit somewhere in the middle, where
- 22 we're also protecting privacy of individuals. And
- 23 actually, a number of these cases are where, from the
- 24 individuals' point of view, we've not created that
- 25 balance in the right way.

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- Q. I understand. In paragraph 38, which relates
- specifically to the Bribery Act -- you say towards the
 - end of that paragraph, 55073:
- "All officers have received significant training
- around culture and values and all supervisors receive
 - technical training on anti-corruption measures."
- The training around culture and values, presumably,
- is this the generic training --
- Q. -- which informs all police officer decisions and value
- MR SIMS: Yes, I suppose particularly around
- decision-making, where, along with a number of other
- forces, we've been doing a lot of work to try and help
- officers find ways of making what, in our jargon, we
- call values-based decision-making, which in effect is
 - making good judgments and being able to support why
- 18 those judgments have been made.
- 19 Q. And privacy issues are part of that process, are they?
- 20 MR SIMS: Yes, in general terms. I mean, if you like, the
- 21 rights of the individual feature as a balancing issue in
- 22 most decisions.
- 23 Q. Okay. Can I ask you, Mr Sims, now, a specific point
- 24 about paragraph 43. The question was about media crime,
- 25 which was a question which has been asked generally of
 - Page 79
- 1 police officers. You refer to one investigation
- 2 in February 2011 in relation to the insertion and then
- 3 discovery of a covert recording device within a mosque.
- 4 I think the upshot was, though, that that in itself
- 5 didn't amount to a criminal offence.
- 6 MR SIMS: No.
- 7 Q. And that was the end of the investigation.
- 8 MR SIMS: I understand that the people within the mosque
- 9 that found the device made a referral to Ofcom. Ofcom
- 10 were comfortable that public interest was being served
- 11 and there was no further action.
- LORD JUSTICE LEVESON: This was about alleged inappropriate 12
- 13 treatment of students; is that the --
- 14 MR SIMS: It was that programme, yes. It was partly filmed
- 15 in Birmingham, partly in Yorkshire, and the device was
- 16 in a classroom attached to a mosque.
- MR JAY: Can I ask you about subparagraph (d), harassment by 17
- 18 journalists.
- 19 MR SIMS: Perhaps I'll ...
- 20 Q. Yes. Can you give us a bit of the background to that,
- 21 please? We don't need to know the individual cases, of
- 22 course, but the general points which arise.
- 23 MS SEELEY: I think this relates more specifically to when
- 24 we do have national media involvement in cases and where
- 25 victims have been in touch with us because there have

been intrastive methods to ry and obtain deaths about the cue: such such excess, such as door knocking within the local area and how matters are reported. MR SMIS: Bin in fairness, our experience has always heen that if we challenge that behaviour, the behaviour seems to stop. MS SEELEY: Yes. O. And you challenge that behaviour by doing what? MS SEELEY: Yes. MS Condition the messpaper or IT V station, whatever it is. MS SPEF FV: Directly. And obviously three'll he staff or efficient, but press office staff deployed within that area and we will identify where the issue is and deal with that at source. MS SPEF FV: Directly. And obviously three'll he staff or efficient, but press office staff deployed within that area and we will identify where the issue is and deal with that at source. MS SPEF FV: My experience, although limited – but I have de discussed this with my head on lows, who has seven or eight years' experience — ifs predominantly the mathematical through with the color of the control will be released. MS SPEF FV: My experience, although limited – but I have de discussed this with my head on lowes, who has even or eight years' experience — if spredominantly the mathematical through with the color of the control will be released. MS SPEF FV: My experience, although limited — but I have de discussed this with my head of news, who has even or eight years' experience — if spredominantly the mathematical through with the color of the control will be released as a serience — if spredominantly the mathematical through with the color of the control will be released as a serience — if spredominantly the mathematical through with the color of the control was the press of the control will be released to the mediated through and rely on the trost and confidence of the communities of residue that with my head of news, who has even or eight years' experience — if spredominantly the mathematical purpose the press that information MS SEELEY; I the attain that course down to the relationships and that journal				
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21 (Pages 81 to 84		1 450 02		

1 statement -- you're dealing with the value of 2 off-the-record conversations and you give three 3 particular types of case at our page 10101, on the 4 internal numbering page 20, where off-the-record 5 conversations may be valuable. We've already heard the example of missing persons. Then domestic incidents, 6 7 where one can understand the utility of the 8 off-the-record briefing. Then bomb hoaxes and security 9 scares. What are the issues which arise in the last 10 category? 11 MS SEELEY: With bomb hoaxes and security scares, quite 12 often the national media are interested in those and 13 would like to respond to those. We will get calls from 14 the national media saying they have a team but, for 15 example, they'll be based in London, so is it 16 appropriate to deploy that team? And we like to add 17 some context around that, where we have information 18 where we believe that it's a false call or that the --

there isn't a suspicious issue or package there, and

but we can't share that with the public until it's

it's going to go, and so we can share that in an

off-the-record briefing with the media so they can

decide whether to deploy or not. However, in the

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that the roads or the area will be opened imminently,

finalised and we're confident that that is the way that

- 1 interests of public safety, we're not in a position to
- 2 share that information with them at that time.
- 3 MR SIMS: I think more generally there is a shared interest
- 4 in denying the hoaxer the sort of oxygen of publicity
- 5 that they're seeking. That, again, comes back to the
- 6 fact that our local media is working in the interests of
- 7 the wider community, as I think we are.
- 8 MS SEELEY: Yes.

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- Q. I've been asked to raise this issue with you, Mr Sims:
 do you have a policy on media ride-alongs, by which
 I mean, having the media attend raids and arrests?
- MR SIMS: Yes. It's not something we do all the time, but
 we do do it from time to time, and actually the example
 that Mr Faber used following the riots is a really good
 example, where, I suppose, from a public interest point
- of view, we wanted to reassure the public that people weren't able to loot shops in the West Midlands with
- impunity, that there was a deterrent that was there, but also to use the opportunity that the media coverage
- created to push forward on the unidentified photographs
- 21 that we had at that stage.
- 22 So it is controlled. It's something that the press 23 office organises. There is a sort of contract, if you 24 like, in terms of what's disclosed, but I think used in
- a sparing fashion it can be very positive.

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- 1 Q. What's your view about the privacy Article 8 human
- 2 rights issues which arise? How are those rights, in
- 3 other words, protected, if at all?
- 4 MR SIMS: That is part of the contract, and as you heard
- 5 previously, that is making sure that photographs are
- 6 pixelated and that we don't allow details of people that
- 7 haven't been charged with an offence to enter the public
- 8 domain.
- 9 Q. So provided that the journalists don't enter private
- appropriate and provided that the suspects' face is
- pixelated and details aren't given up which might
- indicate who he or she is, then all privacy issues are,
- as it were, catered for?
- 14 MR SIMS: I think they're balanced, aren't they, against the
- public interest of doing it.
- 16 Q. Mr Sims, finally -- but we're not going to deal with it
- today because it arrived only late yesterday
- afternoon -- you have provided us a witness statement
- dealing with the PNC security issues. That statement
 - I'm confident we'll be able to take as read, but in due
- 21 course, not today.

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- 22 MR SIMS: All right.
- 23 Q. It will need to be considered by others. You've also
- 24 provided us -- but we probably don't need to publish
- 25 it -- the more recent guidance on the use of social Page 87
 - media, including Twitter.
- 2 MR SIMS: Yes.
- 3 Q. Can I ask this: is there any difficulty about publishing
- 4 any of those guidances?
- 5 MR SIMS: No.
- 6 LORD JUSTICE LEVESON: It might be useful to deploy the
- 7 material in relation to Twitter.
- 8 MR JAY: Yes. We will make that available then.
- 9 MR SIMS: Yes.
- 10 Q. Again, it was only provided recently --
- 11 MR SIMS: And it's a policy that we've literally been
- working on in the last few weeks.
- 13 MR JAY: We'll arrange for that to be put on the system.
- 14 LORD JUSTICE LEVESON: Thank you.
- 15 MR JAY: Thank you very much. Those are the questions
- 16 I had
- 17 LORD JUSTICE LEVESON: I want to go back to the very
- beginning of your evidence, if you don't mind. I think
- 19 you said there were 30 people employed in your team.
- 20 How many of them are police officers and how many are
- 21 civilians?
- 22 MS SEELEY: I'm the only police officer within the
- department. So they're all trained police staff
- 24 members.
- 25 LORD JUSTICE LEVESON: How many of them have a background in ${\bf Page}~88$

22 (Pages 85 to 88)

1	journalism?	1	is that we have some professional people who give
2	MS SEELEY: Five have a background in journalism sorry,	2	knowledge, skill, continuity, that sit behind
3	five are trained within journalism, and four have	3	LORD JUSTICE LEVESON: She mentioned her head of news.
4	a background within journalism, two of those within the	4	MS SEELEY: Yes.
5	print media and two of those within radio, all on	5	MR SIMS: Yes, some very able people. I think the huge
6	a local basis.	6	benefit of having the police officer there is to connect
7	LORD JUSTICE LEVESON: Right. Has there been a tradition in	7	that function to the values of the rest of the force and
8	the West Midlands that the head of the communications	8	to make sure that it never sits as a sort of an adjunct
9	team should be a serving police officer or is that	9	to the force; it is part of its core operation. It is
10	recent?	10	actually a very operational department. It's pretty
11	MS SEELEY: No, that's been the tradition within West	11	much a 24/7 continuous operation, works closely with
12	Midlands police.	12	major investigations and so on. So I think it helps
13	LORD JUSTICE LEVESON: And I well understand your	13	build that connectivity.
14	explanation that there is a value in that, because,	14	LORD JUSTICE LEVESON: And for West Midlands and I spare
15	first of all, you know the business, the police	15	the chief inspector's blushes it's appropriately
16	business, and secondly, your period in office, as it	16	staffed at chief inspector rather than higher-ranking
17	were, is temporary, so there isn't time for any	17	level?
18	suggestion to develop of inappropriate favourites or	18	MR SIMS: Yes, the Chief Inspector reports directly into the
19	friendships or relationships because you'll pass on and	19	Deputy Chief Constable.
20	somebody else will start from scratch.	20	LORD JUSTICE LEVESON: Oh, I see.
21	MS SEELEY: (Nods head)	21	MR SIMS: So that provides the focus in terms of
22	LORD JUSTICE LEVESON: Mr Sims, I suppose it's a managerial	22	strategically what's happening and then the team are
23	question. Do you see anything in the operation that	23	able to sort of execute that requirement.
24	West Midlands has to undertake that is different, save	24	LORD JUSTICE LEVESON: Yes, that's an important detail. So
25	for size, than the operation which the Metropolitan	25	there isn't a superintendent and a chief
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1	Police has to undertake.	1	superintendent
2	MR SIMS: In terms of media?	2	MR SIMS: In between.
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